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(54) Title: GLYCOSIDASE ENZYMES

(57) Abstract

Thermostable glycosidase enzymes derived from various Thermococcus, Staphylothermus and Pyrococcus organisms is disclosed. The enzymes are produced from native or recombinant host cells and can be utilized in the food processing industry, pharmaceutical industry and in the textile industry, detergent industry and in the baking industry.

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#### GLYCOSIDASE ENZYMES

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

# 1. Field of the Inventions

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This invention relates to newly identified polynucleotides, polypeptides encoded by such polynucleotides, the use of such polynucleotides and polypeptides, as well as the production and isolation of such polynucleotides and polypeptides. More particularly, the polynucleotides and polypeptides of the present invention has been putatively identified as glucosidases,  $\alpha$ -galactosidases,  $\beta$ -galactosidases,  $\beta$ -mannosidases,  $\beta$ -mannanases, endoglucanases, and pullalanases.

## 2. Description of Related Art

The glycosidic bond of  $\beta$ -galactosides can be cleaved by different classes of enzymes: (i) phospho-β-galactosidases (EC3.2.1.85) are specific for a phosphorylated substrate generated via phosphoenolpyruvate phosphotransferase system (PTS)-dependent uptake; (ii) typical β-galactosidases (EC 3.2.1.23), represented by the Escherichia coli LacZ enzyme, which are relatively specific for  $\beta$ -galactosides; and (iii)  $\beta$ -glucosidases (EC 3.2.1.21) such as the enzymes of Agrobacterium faecalis, Clostridium thermocellum, Pyrococcus furiosus or Sulfolobus solfataricus (Day, A.G. and Withers, S.G., (1986) Purification and characterization of a  $\beta$ -glucosidase from Alcaligenes faecalis. Can. J. Biochem. Cell. Biol. 64, 914-922; Kengen, S.W.M., et al. (1993) Eur. J. Biochem., 213, 305-312; Ait, N., Cruezet, N. and Cattaneo, J. (1982) Properties of  $\beta$ -glucosidase purified from Clostridium thermocellum. J. Gen. Microbiol. 128, 569-577; Grogan, D.W. (1991) Evidence that β-galactosidase of Sulfolobus solfataricus is only one of several activities of a thermostable β-D-glycodiase. Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 57, 1644-1649). Members of the latter group, although highly specific with respect to the  $\beta$ -anomeric configuration of the glycosidic linkage, often display a rather relaxed substrate specificity and hydrolyze  $\beta$ glucosides as well as  $\beta$ -fucosides and  $\beta$ -galactosides.

Generally,  $\alpha$ -galactosidases are enzymes that catalyze the hydrolysis of galactose groups on a polysaccharide backbone or hydrolyze the cleavage of di- or oligosaccharides comprising galactose.

Generally, \(\beta\)-mannanases are enzymes that catalyze the hydrolysis of mannose groups internally on a polysaccharide backbone or hydrolyze the cleavage of di- or oligosaccaharides comprising mannose groups. \(\beta\)-mannosidases hydrolyze non-reducing, terminal mannose residues on a mannose-containing polysaccharide and the cleavage of di- or oligosaccaharides comprising mannose groups.

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Guar gum is a branched galactomannan polysaccharide composed of  $\beta$ -1,4 linked mannose backbone with  $\alpha$ -1,6 linked galactose side chains. The enzymes required for the degradation of guar are  $\beta$ -mannanase,  $\beta$ -mannosidase and  $\alpha$ -galactosidase.  $\beta$ -mannanase hydrolyses the mannose backbone internally and  $\beta$ -mannosidase hydrolyses non-reducing, terminal mannose residues.  $\alpha$ -galactosidase hydrolyses  $\alpha$ -linked galactose groups.

Galactomannan polysaccharides and the enzymes that degrade them have a variety of applications. Guar is commonly used as a thickening agent in food and is utilized in hydraulic fracturing in oil and gas recovery. Consequently, galactomannanases are industrially relevant for the degradation and modification of guar. Furthermore, a need exists for thermostable galactomannases that are active in extreme conditions associated with drilling and well stimulation.

There are other applications for these enzymes in various industries, such as in the beet sugar industry. 20-30% of the domestic U.S. sucrose consumption is sucrose from sugar beets. Raw beet sugar can contain a small amount of raffinose when the sugar beets are stored before processing and rotting begins to set in. Raffinose inhibits the crystallization of sucrose and also constitutes a hidden quantity of sucrose. Thus, there is merit to eliminating raffinose from raw beet sugar.  $\alpha$ -Galactosidase has also been used as a digestive aid to break down raffinose, stachyose, and verbascose in such foods as beans and other gassy foods.

 $\beta$ -galactosidases which are active and stable at high temperatures appear to be superior enzymes for the production of lactose-free dietary milk products (Chaplin, M.F.

and Bucke, C. (1990) In: Enzyme Technology, pp. 159-160, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, UK). Also, several studies have demonstrated the applicability of β-galactosidases to the enzymatic synthesis of oligosaccharides via transglycosylation reactions (Nilsson, K.G.I. (1988) Enzymatic synthesis of oligosaccharides. Trends Biotechnol. 6, 156-264; Cote, G.L. and Tao, B.Y. (1990) Oligosaccharide synthesis by enzymatic transglycosylation. Glycoconjugate J. 7, 145-162). Despite the commercial potential, only a few β-galactosidases of thermophiles have been characterized so far. Two genes reported are β-galactoside-cleaving enzymes of the hyperthermophilic bacterium *Thermotoga maritima*, one of the most thermophilic organotrophic eubacteria described to date (Huber, R., Langworthy, T.A., König, H., Thomm, M., Woese, C.R., Sleytr, U.B. and Stetter, K.O. (1986) *T. martima* sp. nov. represents a new genus of unique extremely thermophilic eubacteria growing up to 90°C, Arch. Microbiol. 144, 324-333) one of the most thermophilic organotrophic eubacteria described to date. The gene products have been identified as a β-galactosidase and a β-glucosidase.

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Pullulanase is well known as a debranching enzyme of pullulan and starch. The enzyme hydrolyzes  $\alpha$ -1,6-glucosidic linkages on these polymers. Starch degradation for the production or sweeteners (glucose or maltose) is a very important industrial application of this enzyme. The degradation of starch is developed in two stages. The first stage involves the liquefaction of the substrate with  $\alpha$ -amylase, and the second stage, or saccharification stage, is performed by  $\beta$ -amylase with pullalanase added as a debranching enzyme, to obtain better yields.

Endoglucanases can be used in a variety of industrial applications. For instance, the endoglucanases of the present invention can hydrolyze the internal ß-1,4-glycosidic bonds in cellulose, which may be used for the conversion of plant biomass into fuels and chemicals. Endoglucanases also have applications in detergent formulations, the textile industry, in animal feed, in waste treatment, and in the fruit juice and brewing industry for the clarification and extraction of juices.

## **Brief Description of the Drawings**

The following drawings are illustrative of embodiments of the invention and are not meant to limit the scope of the invention as encompassed by the claims.

Figures 1a-b are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of M11TL of the present invention. Sequencing was performed using a 378 automated DNA sequencer for all sequences of the present invention (Applied Biosystems, Inc.).

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Figure 2 is an illustration of the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of OC1/4V-33B/G.

Figure 3 is an illustration of the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of F1-12G.

Figures 4a-b are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of 9N2-31B/G.

Figures 5a-b are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of MSB8-6G.

Figure 6 is the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of AEDII12RA-18B/G.

Figures 7a-b are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of GC74-22G.

Figures 8a-b are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of VC1-7G1.

Figures 9a-c are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of 37GP1.

Figures 10a-c are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of 6GC2.

Figures 11a-d are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of 6GP2.

Figures 12a-c are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of 63GB1.

Figures 13a-b are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of OC1/4V.

Figures 14a-e are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of 6GP3.

Figures 15a-d are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of *Thermotoga maritima* MSB8-6GP2.

Figures 16a-c are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of *Thermotoga maritima* MSB8-6GB4.

Figures 17a-d are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of *Banki gouldi* 37GP4.

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Figures 18a-b are the full-length DNA and corresponding deduced amino acid sequence of *Pyrococcus furiosus* VC1-7EG1.

# SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, there are provided isolated nucleic acids (polynucleotides) which encode mature enzymes having the deduced amino acid sequences of Figures 1-18 (SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64).

In another embodiment, the invention provides a method for producing a polypeptide including culturing host cells containing the polynucleotide of Figures 1-18 and expressing from the host cell a polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide and isolating the polypeptide.

In another embodiment, the invention provides an enzyme selected from the group consisting of an enzyme having an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 or 61-64 and an enzyme which has at least 30 consecutive amino acid residue as an enzyme having an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 or 61-64.

In yet another embodiment, the invention provides a method for generating glucose from soluble cell oligosaccharides which includes contacting a sample containing oligosaccharides with an effective amount of an enzyme selected from the group of

enzymes having the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NOS: 15-28, 61-63 and 64 such that glucose is produced

The publications discussed herein are provided solely for their disclosure prior to the filing date of the present application. Nothing herein is to be construed as an admission that the invention is not entitled to antedate such disclosure by virtue of prior invention.

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#### **Definitions**

"Monosaccharide", as used herein, refers to a single polyhydroxy aldehyde or ketone unit.

"Oligosaccharide", as used herein, consist of short chains of monosaccharide units joined together by covalent bonds. Of these, the most abundant are the disaccharides, which have two monosaccharide units.

"Polysaccharide", as used herein, consists of long chains having many monosaccharide units.

The term "gene" means the segment of DNA involved in producing a polypeptide chain; it includes regions preceding and following the coding region (leader and trailer) as well as intervening sequences (introns) between individual coding segments (exons).

A coding sequence is "operably linked to" another coding sequence when RNA polymerase will transcribe the two coding sequences into a single mRNA, which is then translated into a single polypeptide having amino acids derived from both coding sequences. The coding sequences need not be contiguous to one another so long as the expressed sequences ultimately process to produce the desired protein.

"Recombinant" enzymes refer to enzymes produced by recombinant DNA techniques; *i.e.*, produced from cells transformed by an exogenous DNA construct encoding the desired enzyme. "Synthetic" enzymes are those prepared by chemical synthesis.

A DNA "coding sequence of" or a "nucleotide sequence encoding" a particular enzyme, is a DNA sequence which is transcribed and translated into an enzyme when placed under the control of appropriate regulatory sequences.

## **Detailed Description of the Invention**

The polynucleotides and polypeptides of the present invention have been identified as glucosidases,  $\alpha$ -galactosidases,  $\beta$ -galactosidases,  $\beta$ -mannosidases,  $\beta$ -mannanases, endoglucanases, and pullalanases as a result of their enzymatic activity.

In accordance with one aspect of the present invention, there are provided novel enzymes, as well as active fragments, analogs and derivatives thereof.

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In accordance with another aspect of the present invention, there are provided isolated nucleic acid molecules encoding the enzymes of the present invention including mRNAs, cDNAs, genomic DNAs as well as active analogs and fragments of such enzymes.

In accordance with yet a further aspect of the present invention, there is provided a process for producing such polypeptides by recombinant techniques comprising culturing recombinant prokaryotic and/or eukaryotic host cells, containing a nucleic acid sequence of the present invention, under conditions promoting expression of said enzymes and subsequent recovery of said enzymes.

In accordance with yet a further aspect of the present invention, there is provided a process for utilizing such enzymes, or polynucleotides encoding such enzymes for hydrolyzing lactose to galactose and glucose for use in the food processing industry, the pharmaceutical industry, for example, to treat intolerance to lactose, as a diagnostic reporter molecule, in corn wet milling, in the fruit juice industry, in baking, in the textile industry and in the detergent industry.

In accordance with yet a further aspect of the present invention, there is provided a process for utilizing such enzymes for hydrolyzing guar gum (a galactomannan polysaccharide) to remove non-reducing terminal mannose residues. Further polysaccharides such as galactomannan and the enzymes according to the invention that degrade them have a variety of applications. Guar gum is commonly used as a thickening agent in food and also is utilized in hydraulic fracturing in oil and gas recovery. Consequently, mannanases are industrially relevant for the degradation and modification of guar gums. Furthermore, a need exists for thermostable mannases that are active in extreme conditions associated with drilling and well stimulation.

In accordance with yet a further aspect of the present invention, there are also provided nucleic acid probes comprising nucleic acid molecules of sufficient length to specifically hybridize to a nucleic acid sequence of the present invention.

In accordance with yet a further aspect of the present invention, there is provided a process for utilizing such enzymes, or polynucleotides encoding such enzymes, for *in vitro* purposes related to scientific research, for example, to generate probes for identifying similar sequences which might encode similar enzymes from other organisms by using certain regions, *i.e.*, conserved sequence regions, of the nucleotide sequence.

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These and other aspects of the present invention should be apparent to those skilled in the art from the teachings herein.

The polynucleotides of this invention were originally recovered from genomic gene libraries derived from the following organisms:

M11TL is a new species of *Desulfurococcus* isolated from Diamond Pool in Yellowstone National Park. The organism grows optimally at 85-88°C, pH 7.0 in a low salt medium containing yeast extract, peptone, and gelatin as substrates with a N<sub>2</sub>/CO<sub>2</sub> gas phase.

OC1/4V is from the genus *Thermotoga*. The organism was isolated from Yellowstone National Park. It grows optimally at  $75^{\circ}$ C in a low salt medium with cellulose as a substrate and  $N_2$  in gas phase.

Pyrococcus furiosus VC1 and (7EG1) is from the genus Pyrococcus. VC1 was isolated from Vulcano, İtaly. It grows optimally at 100°C in a high salt medium (marine) containing elemental sulfur, yeast extract, peptone and starch as substrates and N<sub>2</sub> in gas phase.

Staphylothermus marinus F1 is a from the genus Staphylothermus. F1 was isolated from Vulcano, Italy. It grows optimally at  $85^{\circ}$ C, pH 6.5 in high salt medium (marine) containing elemental sulfur and yeast extract as substrates and  $N_2$  in gas phase.

Thermococcus 9N-2 is from the genus Thermococcus 9N-2 was isolated from diffuse vent fluid in the East Pacific Rise. It is a strict anaerobe that grows optimally at 87°C.

Thermotoga maritima MSB8 and MSB8 (Clone # 6GP2 and 6GB4) is from the genus Thermotogo, and was isolated from Vulcano, Italy. MSB8 grows optimally at 85°C, pH 6.5 in a high salt medium (marine) containing starch and yeast extract as substrates and N<sub>2</sub> in gas phase.

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Thermococcus alcaliphilus AEDII12RA is from the genus Thermococcus. AEDII12RA grows optimally at 85°C, pH 9.5 in a high salt medium (marine) containing polysulfides and yeast extract as substrates and  $N_2$  in gas phase.

Thermococcus chitonophagus GC74 is from the genus Thermococcus. GC74 grows optimally at 85°C, pH 6.0 in a high salt medium (marine) containing chitin, meat extract, elemental sulfur and yeast extract as substrates and N<sub>2</sub> in gas phase. AEPII 1a grows optimally at 85°C at pH 6.5 in marine medium under anaerobic conditions. It has many substrates. Bankia gouldi is from the genus Bankia.

Accordingly, the polynucleotides and enzymes encoded thereby are identified by the organism from which they were isolated, and are sometimes hereinafter referred to as "M11TL" (Figure 1 and SEQ ID NOS:1 and 15), "OC1/4V-33B/G" (Figure 2 and SEQ ID NOS:2 and 16), "F1-12G" (Figure 3 and SEQ ID NOS:3 and 17), "9N2-31B/G" (Figure 4 and SEQ ID NOS:4 and 18), "MSB8" (Figure 5 and SEQ ID NOS:5 and 19), "AEDII12RA-18B/G" (Figure 6 and SEQ ID NOS:6 and 20), "GC74-22G" (Figure 7 and SEQ ID NOS:7 and 21), "VC1-7G1" (Figure 8 and SEQ ID NOS:8 and 22), "37GP1" (Figure 9 and SEQ ID NOS: 9 and 23), "6GC2" (Figure 10 and SEQ ID NOS: 10 and 24), "6GP2" (Figure 11 and SEQ ID NOS:11 and 25), "AEPII 1a" (Figure 12 and SEQ ID NOS:12 and 26), "OC1/4V" (Figure 13 and SEQ ID NOS:13 and 27), and "6GP3" (Figure 14 and SEQ ID NOS:28), "MSB8-6GP2" (Figure 15 and SEQ ID NOS:57 and 61), "MSB8-6GB4" (Figure 16 and SEQ ID NOS:58 and 62), "VC1-7EG1" (Figure 17 and SEQ ID NOS:59 and 63), and 37GP4 (Figure 18 and SEQ ID NOS:60 and 64).

The polynucleotides and polypeptides of the present invention show identity at the nucleotide and protein level to known genes and proteins encoded thereby as shown in Table 1.

<u>Table 1</u>

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			Nucleic
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	Gene/Protein with	Protein	Acid
Clone	Closest Homology	Identity	Identity
M11TL-29G	Sulfolobus sulfataricus	51%	55%
	DSM 1616/P1, β-		
	galactosidase		
OC1/4V-33B/G	Caldocellum	52%	57%
	saccharolyticum, β-		
·	glucosidase		
Staphylothermus	Bacillus polymyxa, β-	36%	48%
marinus F1-12G	galactosidase		
Thermococcus 9N2-	Sulfolobus sulfataricus	51%	50%
31B/G	ATCC 49255/MT4, β-		
	galactosidase		
Thermotoga maritima	Clostridium thermocellum	45%	53%
MSB8-6G	bglB		
Thermococcus	Bacillus polymyxa, β-	34%	48%
AEDII12RA-18B/G	galactosidase		
Thermococcus	Sulfolobus sulfataricus	46%	54%
chitonophagus GC74-	ATCC 49255/MT4, β-		
22G	galactosidase		

Pyrococcus furiosus VC1-7G1	Sulfolobus sulfataricus/MT-4 β- galactosidase	46.4%	52.5%
Thermotoga maritima α-galactosidase (6GC2)	Pediococcus pentosaceaus α-galactosidase	49%	29%
Thermotoga maritima  B-mannanase (6GP2)	Aspergillus aculeatus mannanase	56%	37%
AEPII 1a ß- mannosidase (63GB1)	Sulfolobus solfactaricus ß-galactosidase	78%	56%
OC1/4V endoglucanase (33GP1)	Clostridium thermocellum endo-1,4-ß-endoglucanase	65%	43%
Thermotoga maritima pullalanase (6GP3)	Caldocellum saccharolyticum α- destrom 6 glucanohydralase	72	53
Bankia gouldi mix Endoglucanase (37GP1)	None available		

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The polynucleotides and enzymes of the present invention show homology to each other as shown in Table 2.

Table 2

Clone	Gene/Protein with Closest Homology	Protein Identity	Nucleic Acid Identity
Staphylothermus marinus F1-12G	Thermococcus AEDII12RA-18B/G, β- galactosidase, glucosidase	55%	57%
Thermococcus 9N2- 31B/G	Thermococcus chitonophagus GC74-22G-glucosidase`	74%	66%
Pyrococcus furiosus VC1-7G1	Pyrococcus furiosus VC1- 7B/G β-galactosidase	46.4%	54%

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All the clones identified in Tables 1 and 2 encode polypeptides which have  $\alpha$ -glycosidase or  $\beta$ -glycosidase activity.

This invention, in addition to the isolated nucleic acid molecules encoding the enzymes of the present invention, also provide substantially similar sequences. Isolated nucleic acid sequences are substantially similar if: (i) they are capable of hybridizing under conditions hereinafter described, to the polynucleotides of SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60; (ii) or they encode DNA sequences which are degenerate to the polynucleotides of SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60. Degenerate DNA sequences encode the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NOS:15-28 and 61-64, but have variations in the nucleotide coding sequences. As used herein, substantially similar refers to the sequences having similar identity to the sequences of the instant invention. The nucleotide sequences that are substantially the same can be identified by hybridization or by sequence comparison. Enzyme sequences that are substantially the same can be identified by one or more of the following: proteolytic digestion, gel electrophoresis and/or microsequencing.

One means for isolating the nucleic acid molecules encoding the enzymes of the present invention is to probe a gene library with a natural or artificially designed probe using art recognized procedures (see, for example: Current Protocols in Molecular Biology,

Ausubel F.M. et al. (EDS.) Green Publishing Company Assoc. and John Wiley Interscience, New York, 1989, 1992). It is appreciated to one skilled in the art that the polynucleotides of SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60 or fragments thereof (comprising at least 12 contiguous nucleotides), are particularly useful probes. Other particular useful probes for this purpose are hybridizable fragments to the sequences of SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60 (i.e., comprising at least 12 contiguous nucleotides).

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With respect to nucleic acid sequences which hybridize to specific nucleic acid sequences disclosed herein, hybridization may be carried out under conditions of reduced stringency, medium stringency or even stringent conditions. As an example of oligonucleotide hybridization, a polymer membrane containing immobilized denatured nucleic acids is first prehybridized for 30 minutes at 45°C in a solution consisting of 0.9 M NaCl. 50 mM NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, pH 7.0, 5.0 mM Na<sub>2</sub>EDTA, 0.5% SDS, 10X Denhardt's, and 0.5 mg/ml polyriboadenylic acid. Approximately 2 X 10<sup>7</sup> cpm (specific activity 4-9 X 10 cpm/ug) of <sup>32</sup>P end-labeled oligonucleotide probe are then added to the solution. After 12-16 hours of incubation, the membrane is washed for 30 minutes at room temperature in 1X SET (150 mM NaCl, 20 mM Tris hydrochloride, pH 7.8, 1 mM Na<sub>2</sub>EDTA) containing 0.5% SDS, followed by a 30 minute wash in fresh 1X SET at Tm 10°C for the oligonucleotide probe. The membrane is then exposed to auto-radiographic film for detection of hybridization signals.

Stringent conditions means hybridization will occur only if there is at least 90% identity, preferably at least 95% identity and most preferably at least 97% identity between the sequences. Further, it is understood that a section of a 100 bps sequence that is 95 bps in length has 95% identity with the 1090 bps sequence from which it is obtained. See J. Sambrook et al., Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual, 2d Ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory (1989) which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety. Also, it is understood that a fragment of a 100 bps sequence that is 95 bps in length has 95% identity with the 100 bps sequence from which it is obtained.

As used herein, a first DNA (RNA) sequence is at least 70% and preferably at least 80% identical to another DNA (RNA) sequence if there is at least 70% and preferably at

least a 80% or 90% identity, respectively, between the bases of the first sequence and the bases of the another sequence, when properly aligned with each other, for example when aligned by BLASTN.

"Identity" as the term is used herein, refers to a polynucleotide sequence which comprises a percentage of the same bases as a reference polynucleotide (SEQ ID NOS:1-14 and 57-60). For example, a polynucleotide which is at least 90% identical to a reference polynucleotide, has polynucleotide bases which are identical in 90% of the bases which make up the reference polynucleotide and may have different bases in 10% of the bases which comprise that polynucleotide sequence.

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The present invention relates polynucleotides which differ from the reference polynucleotide such that the changes are silent changes, for example the change do not alter the amino acid sequence encoded by the polynucleotide. The present invention also relates to nucleotide changes which result in amino acid substitutions, additions, deletions, fusions and truncations in the polypeptide encoded by the reference polynucleotide. In a preferred aspect of the invention these polypeptides retain the same biological action as the polypeptide encoded by the reference polynucleotide.

It is also appreciated that such probes can be and are preferably labeled with an analytically detectable reagent to facilitate identification of the probe. Useful reagents include but are not limited to radioactivity, fluorescent dyes or enzymes capable of catalyzing the formation of a detectable product. The probes are thus useful to isolate complementary copies of DNA from other sources or to screen such sources for related sequences.

The polynucleotides of this invention were recovered from genomic gene libraries from the organisms listed in Table 1. For example, gene libraries can be generated in the Lambda ZAP II cloning vector (Stratagene Cloning Systems). Mass excisions can be performed on these libraries to generate libraries in the pBluescript phagemid. Libraries are thus generated and excisions performed according to the protocols/methods hereinafter described.

The excision libraries are introduced into the *E. coli* strain BW14893 F'kan1A. Expression clones are then identified using a high temperature filter assay. Expression clones encoding several glucanases and several other glycosidases are identified and repurified. The polynucleotides, and enzymes encoded thereby, of the present invention, yield the activities as described above.

The coding sequences for the enzymes of the present invention were identified by screening the genomic DNAs prepared for the clones having glucosidase or galactosidase activity.

An example of such an assay is a high temperature filter assay wherein expression clones were identified by use of high temperature filter assays using buffer Z (see recipe below) containing 1 mg/ml of the substrate 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-β-D-glucopyranoside (XGLU) (Diagnostic Chemicals Limited or Sigma) after introducing an excision library into the *E. coli* strain BW14893 F'kan1A. Expression clones encoding XGLUases were identified and repurified from M11TL, OC1/4V, Pyrococcus furiosus VC1, Staphylothemus marinus F1, Thermococcus 9N-2, Thermotoga maritima MSB8, Thermococcus alcaliphilus AEDII12RA, and Thermococcus chitonophagus GC74.

Z-buffer: (referenced in Miller, J.H. (1992) A Short Course in Bacterial Genetics, p. 445.)

per liter:

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Na <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub> -7H <sub>2</sub> O	16.1g
NaH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> -7H <sub>2</sub> O	5.5g
KCl	0.75g
MgSO <sub>4</sub> -7H <sub>2</sub> O	0.246g
β-mercaptoethanol	2.7ml

# Adjust pH to 7.0

# High Temperature Filter Assay

(1) The f factor f'kan (from E. coli strain CSH118)(1) was introduced into the pho-pnh-lac-strain BW14893(2). BW13893(2). The filamentous phage library was plated on the resulting strain, BW14893 F'kan. (Miller, J.H. (1992) A Short Course in

Bacterial Genetics; Lee, K.S., Metcalf, et al., (1992) Evidence for two phosphonate degradative pathways in Enterobacter Aerogenes, J. Bacteriol., 174:2501-2510.

(2) After growth on 100 mm LB plates containing 100 μg/ml ampicillin, 80 μg/ml nethicillin and 1mM IPTG, colony lifts were performed using Millipore HATF membrane filters.

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- (3) The colonies transferred to the filters were lysed with chloroform vapor in 150 mm glass petri dishes.
- (4) The filters were transferred to 100 mm glass petri dishes containing a piece of Whatman 3MM filter paper saturated with buffer.
  - (a) when testing for galactosidase activity (XGALase), 3MM paper was saturated with Z buffer containing 1 mg/ml XGAL (ChemBridge Corporation). After transferring filter bearing lysed colonies to the glass petri dish, placed dish in oven at 80-85°C.
  - (b) when testing for glucosidase (XGLUase), 3MM paper was saturated with Z buffer containing 1 mg/ml XGLU. After transferring filter bearing lysed colonies to the glass petri dish, placed dish in oven at 80-85°C.
- (5) 'Positives' were observed as blue spots on the filter membranes. Used the following filter rescue technique to retrieve plasmid from lysed positive colony. Used pasteur pipette (or glass capillary tube) to core blue spots on the filter membrane. Placed the small filter disk in an Eppendorf tube containing 20 μl water. Incubated the Eppendorf tube at 75°C for 5 minutes followed by vortexing to elute plasmid DNA off filter. This DNA was transformed into electrocompetent *E. coli* cells DH10B for Thermatoga maritima MSB8-6G, Staphylothermus marinus F1-12G, Thermococcus AEDII12RA-18B/G, Thermococcus chitonophagus GC74-22G, M11Tl and OC1/4V. Electrocompetent BW14893 F'kan1A *E. coli* were used for Thermococcus 9N2-31B/G, and *Pyrococcus furiosus* VC1-7G1. Repeated filter-lift assay on transformation plates to identify 'positives'. Return transformation plates to 37°C incubator after filter lift to regenerate colonies. Inoculate 3 ml LB liquid containing 100 μg/ml ampicillin with repurified positives and incubate at 37°C

overnight. Isolate plasmid DNA from these cultures and sequence plasmid insert. In some instances where the plates used for the initial colony lifts contained non-confluent colonies, a specific colony corresponding to a blue spot on the filter could be identified on a regenerated plate and repurified directly, instead of using the filter rescue technique.

Another example of such an assay is a variation of the high temperature filter assay wherein colony-laden filters are heat-killed at different temperatures (for example, 105°C for 20 minutes) to monitor thermostability. The 3MM paper is saturated with different buffers (i.e., 100 mM NaCl, 5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 100 mM Tris-Cl (pH 9.5)) to determine enzyme activity under different buffer conditions.

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A  $\beta$ -glucosidase assay may also be employed, wherein Glcp $\beta$ Np is used as an artificial substrate (aryl- $\beta$ -glucosidase). The increase in absorbance at 405 nm as a result of p-nitrophenol (pNp) liberation was followed on a Hitachi U-1100 spectrophotometer, equipped with a thermostatted cuvette holder. The assays may be performed at 80°C or 90°C in closed 1-ml quartz cuvette. A standard reaction mixture contains 150 mM trisodium substrate, pH 5.0 (at 80°C), and 0.95 mM pNp derivative pNp = 0.561 mM<sup>-1</sup> cm<sup>-1</sup>). The reaction mixture is allowed to reach the desired temperature, after which the reaction is started by injecting an appropriate amount of enzyme (1.06 ml final volume).

1 U  $\beta$ -glucosidase activity is defined as that amount required to catalyze the formation of 1.0  $\mu$ mol pNp/min. D-cellobiose may also be used as a substrate.

An ONPG assay for  $\beta$ -galactosidase activity is described by Miller, J.H. (1992) A Short Course in Bacterial Genetics and Mill, J.H. (1992) Experiments in Molecular Genetics, the contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

A quantitative fluorometric assay for β-galactosidase specific activity is described by : Youngman P., (1987) Plasmid Vectors for Recovering and Exploiting Tn917 Transpositions in Bacillus and other Gram-Positive Bacteria. In Plasmids: A Practical approach (ed. K. Hardy) pp 79-103. IRL Press, Oxford. A description of the procedure can be found in Miller (1992) p. 75-77, the contents of which are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety.

The polynucleotides of the present invention may be in the form of DNA which DNA includes cDNA, genomic DNA, and synthetic DNA. The DNA may be double-stranded or single-stranded, and if single stranded may be the coding strand or non-coding (anti-sense) strand. The coding sequences which encodes the mature enzymes may be identical to the coding sequences shown in Figures 1-8 (SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60) or may be a different coding sequence which coding sequence, as a result of the redundancy or degeneracy of the genetic code, encodes the same mature enzymes as the DNA of Figures 1-18 (SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60).

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The polynucleotide which encodes for the mature enzyme of Figures 1-18 (SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64) may include, but is not limited to: only the coding sequence for the mature enzyme; the coding sequence for the mature enzyme and additional coding sequence such as a leader sequence or a proprotein sequence; the coding sequence for the mature enzyme (and optionally additional coding sequence) and non-coding sequence, such as introns or non-coding sequence 5' and/or 3' of the coding sequence for the mature enzyme.

Thus, the term "polynucleotide encoding an enzyme (protein)" encompasses a polynucleotide which includes only coding sequence for the enzyme as well as a polynucleotide which includes additional coding and/or non-coding sequence.

The present invention further relates to variants of the hereinabove described polynucleotides which encode for fragments, analogs and derivatives of the enzymes having the deduced amino acid sequences of Figures 1-18 (SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64). The variant of the polynucleotide may be a naturally occurring allelic variant of the polynucleotide or a non-naturally occurring variant of the polynucleotide.

Thus, the present invention includes polynucleotides encoding the same mature enzymes as shown in Figures 1-18 (SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64) as well as variants of such polynucleotides which variants encode for a fragment, derivative or analog of the enzymes of Figures 1-18 (SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64). Such nucleotide variants include deletion variants, substitution variants and addition or insertion variants.

As hereinabove indicated, the polynucleotides may have a coding sequence which is a naturally occurring allelic variant of the coding sequences shown in Figures 1-18 (SEQ

ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60). As known in the art, an allelic variant is an alternate form of a polynucleotide sequence which may have a substitution, deletion or addition of one or more nucleotides, which does not substantially alter the function of the encoded enzyme.

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Fragments of the full length gene of the present invention may be used as a hybridization probe for a cDNA or a genomic library to isolate the full length DNA and to isolate other DNAs which have a high sequence similarity to the gene or similar biological activity. Probes of this type preferably have at least 10, preferably at least 15, and even more preferably at least 30 bases and may contain, for example, at least 50 or more bases. The probe may also be used to identify a DNA clone corresponding to a full length transcript and a genomic clone or clones that contain the complete gene including regulatory and promotor regions, exons, and introns. An example of a screen comprises isolating the coding region of the gene by using the known DNA sequence to synthesize an oligonucleotide probe. Labeled oligonucleotides having a sequence complementary to that of the gene of the present invention are used to screen a library of genomic DNA to determine which members of the library the probe hybridizes to.

The present invention further relates to polynucleotides which hybridize to the hereinabove-described sequences if there is at least 70%, preferably at least 90%, and more preferably at least 95% identity between the sequences. The present invention particularly relates to polynucleotides which hybridize under stringent conditions to the hereinabove-described polynucleotides. As herein used, the term "stringent conditions" means hybridization will occur only if there is at least 95% and preferably at least 97% identity between the sequences. The polynucleotides which hybridize to the hereinabove described polynucleotides in a preferred embodiment encode enzymes which either retain substantially the same biological function or activity as the mature enzyme encoded by the DNA of Figures 1-18 (SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60).

Alternatively, the polynucleotide may have at least 15 bases, preferably at least 30 bases, and more preferably at least 50 bases which hybridize to any part of a polynucleotide of the present invention and which has an identity thereto, as hereinabove described, and which may or may not retain activity. For example, such polynucleotides may be employed

as probes for the polynucleotides of SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60, for example, for recovery of the polynucleotide or as a diagnostic probe or as a PCR primer.

Thus, the present invention is directed to polynucleotides having at least a 70% identity, preferably at least 90% identity and more preferably at least a 95% identity to a polynucleotide which encodes the enzymes of SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64 as well as fragments thereof, which fragments have at least 15 bases, preferably at least 30 bases and most preferably at least 50 bases, which fragments are at least 90% identical, preferably at least 95% identical and most preferably at least 97% identical under stringent conditions to any portion of a polynucleotide of the present invention.

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The present invention further relates to enzymes which have the deduced amino acid sequences of Figures 1-18 (SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64) as well as fragments, analogs and derivatives of such enzyme.

The terms "fragment," "derivative" and "analog" when referring to the enzymes of Figures 1-18 (SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64) means enzymes which retain essentially the same biological function or activity as such enzymes. Thus, an analog includes a proprotein which can be activated by cleavage of the proprotein portion to produce an active mature enzyme.

The enzymes of the present invention may be a recombinant enzyme, a natural enzyme or a synthetic enzyme, preferably a recombinant enzyme.

The fragment, derivative or analog of the enzymes of Figures 1-18 (SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64) may be (i) one in which one or more of the amino acid residues are substituted with a conserved or non-conserved amino acid residue (preferably a conserved amino acid residue) and such substituted amino acid residue may or may not be one encoded by the genetic code, or (ii) one in which one or more of the amino acid residues includes a substituent group, or (iii) one in which the mature enzyme is fused with another compound, such as a compound to increase the half-life of the enzyme (for example, polyethylene glycol), or (iv) one in which the additional amino acids are fused to the mature enzyme, such as a leader or secretory sequence or a sequence which is employed for purification of the mature enzyme or a proprotein sequence. Such fragments, derivatives

and analogs are deemed to be within the scope of those skilled in the art from the teachings herein.

The enzymes and polynucleotides of the present invention are preferably provided in an isolated form, and preferably are purified to homogeneity.

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The term "isolated" means that the material is removed from its original environment (e.g., the natural environment if it is naturally occurring). For example, a naturally-occurring polynucleotide or enzyme present in a living animal is not isolated, but the same polynucleotide or enzyme, separated from some or all of the coexisting materials in the natural system, is isolated. Such polynucleotides could be part of a vector and/or such polynucleotides or enzymes could be part of a composition, and still be isolated in that such vector or composition is not part of its natural environment.

The enzymes of the present invention include the enzymes of SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64 (in particular the mature enzyme) as well as enzymes which have at least 70% similarity (preferably at least 70% identity) to the enzymes of SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64 and more preferably at least 90% similarity (more preferably at least 90% identity) to the enzymes of SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64 and still more preferably at least 95% similarity (still more preferably at least 95% identity) to the enzymes of SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 and 61-64 and also include portions of such enzymes with such portion of the enzyme generally containing at least 30 amino acids and more preferably at least 50 amino acids.

As known in the art "similarity" between two enzymes is determined by comparing the amino acid sequence and its conserved amino acid substitutes of one enzyme to the sequence of a second enzyme.

A variant, i.e. a "fragment", "analog" or "derivative" polypeptide, and reference polypeptide may differ in amino acid sequence by one or more substitutions, additions, deletions, fusions and truncations, which may be present in any combination.

Among preferred variants are those that vary from a reference by conservative amino acid substitutions. Such substitutions are those that substitute a given amino acid in a polypeptide by another amino acid of like characteristics. Typically seen as conservative substitutions are the replacements, one for another, among the aliphatic amino acids Ala,

Val, Leu and Ile; interchange of the hydroxyl residues Ser and Thr, exchange of the acidic residues Asp and Glu, substitution between the amide residues Asn and Gln, exchange of the basic residues Lvs and Arg and replacements among the aromatic residues Phe, Tyr.

Most highly preferred are variants which retain the same biological function and activity as the reference polypeptide from which it varies.

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Fragments or portions of the enzymes of the present invention may be employed for producing the corresponding full-length enzyme by peptide synthesis: therefore, the fragments may be employed as intermediates for producing the full-length enzymes. Fragments or portions of the polynucleotides of the present invention may be used to synthesize full-length polynucleotides of the present invention.

The present invention also relates to vectors which include polynucleotides of the present invention, host cells which are genetically engineered with vectors of the invention and the production of enzymes of the invention by recombinant techniques.

Host cells are genetically engineered (transduced or transformed or transfected) with the vectors of this invention which may be, for example, a cloning vector or an expression vector. The vector may be, for example, in the form of a plasmid, a viral particle, a phage, etc. The engineered host cells can be cultured in conventional nutrient media modified as appropriate for activating promoters, selecting transformants or amplifying the genes of the present invention. The culture conditions, such as temperature, pH and the like, are those previously used with the host cell selected for expression, and will be apparent to the ordinarily skilled artisan.

The polynucleotides of the present invention may be employed for producing enzymes by recombinant techniques. Thus, for example, the polynucleotide may be included in any one of a variety of expression vectors for expressing an enzyme. Such vectors include chromosomal, nonchromosomal and synthetic DNA sequences, e.g., derivatives of SV40; bacterial plasmids; phage DNA; baculovirus; yeast plasmids; vectors derived from combinations of plasmids and phage DNA, viral DNA such as vaccinia, adenovirus, fowl pox virus, and pseudorabies. However, any other vector may be used as long as it is replicable and viable in the host.

The appropriate DNA sequence may be inserted into the vector by a variety of procedures. In general, the DNA sequence is inserted into an appropriate restriction endonuclease site(s) by procedures known in the art. Such procedures and others are deemed to be within the scope of those skilled in the art.

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The DNA sequence in the expression vector is operatively linked to an appropriate expression control sequence(s) (promoter) to direct mRNA synthesis. As representative examples of such promoters, there may be mentioned: LTR or SV40 promoter, the  $\underline{E.\ coli.}$  lac or  $\underline{trp}$ , the phage lambda  $P_L$  promoter and other promoters known to control expression of genes in prokaryotic or eukaryotic cells or their viruses. The expression vector also contains a ribosome binding site for translation initiation and a transcription terminator. The vector may also include appropriate sequences for amplifying expression.

In addition, the expression vectors preferably contain one or more selectable marker genes to provide a phenotypic trait for selection of transformed host cells such as dihydrofolate reductase or neomycin resistance for eukaryotic cell culture, or such as tetracycline or ampicillin resistance in <u>E. coli</u>.

The vector containing the appropriate DNA sequence as hereinabove described, as well as an appropriate promoter or control sequence, may be employed to transform an appropriate host to permit the host to express the protein.

As representative examples of appropriate hosts, there may be mentioned: bacterial cells, such as <u>E. coli</u>, <u>Streptomyces</u>, <u>Bacillus subtilis</u>; fungal cells, such as yeast; insect cells such as <u>Drosophila S2</u> and <u>Spodoptera Sf9</u>; animal cells such as CHO, COS or Bowes melanoma; adenoviruses; plant cells, etc. The selection of an appropriate host is deemed to be within the scope of those skilled in the art from the teachings herein.

More particularly, the present invention also includes recombinant constructs comprising one or more of the sequences as broadly described above. The constructs comprise a vector, such as a plasmid or viral vector, into which a sequence of the invention has been inserted, in a forward or reverse orientation. In a preferred aspect of this embodiment, the construct further comprises regulatory sequences, including, for example, a promoter, operably linked to the sequence. Large numbers of suitable vectors and

promoters are known to those of skill in the art. and are commercially available. The following vectors are provided by way of example; Bacterial: pQE70, pQE60, pQE-9 (Qiagen), pD10, psiX174, pBluescript II KS, pNH8A, pNH16a, pNH18A, pNH46A (Stratagene); ptrc99a, pKK223-3, pKK233-3, pDR540, pRIT5 (Pharmacia); Eukaryotic: pSV2CAT, pOG44, pXT1, pSG (Stratagene) pSVK3, pBPV, pMSG, pSVL (Pharmacia). However, any other plasmid or vector may be used as long as they are replicable and viable in the host.

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Promoter regions can be selected from any desired gene using CAT (chloramphenical transferase) vectors or other vectors with selectable markers. Two appropriate vectors are pKK232-8 and pCM7. Particular named bacterial promoters include lacI, lacZ, T3, T7, gpt, lambda P<sub>R</sub>, P<sub>L</sub> and trp. Eukaryotic promoters include CMV immediate early, HSV thymidine kinase, early and late SV40, LTRs from retrovirus, and mouse metallothionein-I. Selection of the appropriate vector and promoter is well within the level of ordinary skill in the art.

In a further embodiment, the present invention relates to host cells containing the above-described constructs. The host cell can be a higher eukaryotic cell, such as a mammalian cell, or a lower eukaryotic cell, such as a yeast cell, or the host cell can be a prokaryotic cell, such as a bacterial cell. Introduction of the construct into the host cell can be effected by calcium phosphate transfection, DEAE-Dextran mediated transfection, or electroporation (Davis, L., Dibner, M., Battey, I., Basic Methods in Molecular Biology, (1986)).

The constructs in host cells can be used in a conventional manner to produce the gene product encoded by the recombinant sequence. Alternatively, the enzymes of the invention can be synthetically produced by conventional peptide synthesizers.

Mature proteins can be expressed in mammalian cells, yeast, bacteria, or other cells under the control of appropriate promoters. Cell-free translation systems can also be employed to produce such proteins using RNAs derived from the DNA constructs of the present invention. Appropriate cloning and expression vectors for use with prokaryotic and eukaryotic hosts are described by Sambrook, et al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory

Manual. Second Edition, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., (1989), the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

Transcription of the DNA encoding the enzymes of the present invention by higher eukaryotes is increased by inserting an enhancer sequence into the vector. Enhancers are cis-acting elements of DNA, usually about from 10 to 300 bp that act on a promoter to increase its transcription. Examples include the SV40 enhancer on the late side of the replication origin bp 100 to 270, a cytomegalovirus early promoter enhancer, the polyoma enhancer on the late side of the replication origin, and adenovirus enhancers.

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Generally, recombinant expression vectors will include origins of replication and selectable markers permitting transformation of the host cell, e.g., the ampicillin resistance gene of <u>E. coli</u> and <u>S. cerevisiae</u> TRP1 gene, and a promoter derived from a highly-expressed gene to direct transcription of a downstream structural sequence. Such promoters can be derived from operons encoding glycolytic enzymes such as 3-phosphoglycerate kinase (PGK), α-factor, acid phosphatase, or heat shock proteins, among others. The heterologous structural sequence is assembled in appropriate phase with translation initiation and termination sequences, and preferably, a leader sequence capable of directing secretion of translated enzyme. Optionally, the heterologous sequence can encode a fusion enzyme including an N-terminal identification peptide imparting desired characteristics, e.g., stabilization or simplified purification of expressed recombinant product.

Useful expression vectors for bacterial use are constructed by inserting a structural DNA sequence encoding a desired protein together with suitable translation initiation and termination signals in operable reading phase with a functional promoter. The vector will comprise one or more phenotypic selectable markers and an origin of replication to ensure maintenance of the vector and to, if desirable, provide amplification within the host. Suitable prokaryotic hosts for transformation include <u>E. coli</u>, <u>Bacillus subtilis</u>, <u>Salmonella typhimurium</u> and various species within the genera Pseudomonas, Streptomyces, and Staphylococcus, although others may also be employed as a matter of choice.

As a representative but nonlimiting example, useful expression vectors for bacterial use can comprise a selectable marker and bacterial origin of replication derived from

commercially available plasmids comprising genetic elements of the well known cloning vector pBR322 (ATCC 37017). Such commercial vectors include, for example, pKK223-3 (Pharmacia Fine Chemicals, Uppsala, Sweden) and GEM1 (Promega Biotec, Madison, WI, USA). These pBR322 "backbone" sections are combined with an appropriate promoter and the structural sequence to be expressed.

Following transformation of a suitable host strain and growth of the host strain to an appropriate cell density, the selected promoter is induced by appropriate means (e.g., temperature shift or chemical induction) and cells are cultured for an additional period.

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Cells are typically harvested by centrifugation, disrupted by physical or chemical means, and the resulting crude extract retained for further purification.

Microbial cells employed in expression of proteins can be disrupted by any convenient method, including freeze-thaw cycling, sonication, mechanical disruption, or use of cell lysing agents, such methods are well known to those skilled in the art.

Various mammalian cell culture systems can also be employed to express recombinant protein. Examples of mammalian expression systems include the COS-7 lines of monkey kidney fibroblasts, described by Gluzman, Cell, 23:175 (1981), and other cell lines capable of expressing a compatible vector, for example, the C127, 3T3, CHO, HeLa and BHK cell lines. Mammalian expression vectors will comprise an origin of replication, a suitable promoter and enhancer, and also any necessary ribosome binding sites, polyadenylation site, splice donor and acceptor sites, transcriptional termination sequences, and 5' flanking nontranscribed sequences. DNA sequences derived from the SV40 splice, and polyadenylation sites may be used to provide the required nontranscribed genetic elements.

The enzyme can be recovered and purified from recombinant cell cultures by methods including ammonium sulfate or ethanol precipitation, acid extraction, anion or cation exchange chromatography, phosphocellulose chromatography, hydrophobic interaction chromatography, affinity chromatography, hydroxylapatite chromatography and lectin chromatography. Protein refolding steps can be used, as necessary, in completing

configuration of the mature protein. Finally, high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) can be employed for final purification steps.

The enzymes of the present invention may be a naturally purified product, or a product of chemical synthetic procedures, or produced by recombinant techniques from a prokaryotic or eukaryotic host (for example, by bacterial, yeast, higher plant, insect and mammalian cells in culture). Depending upon the host employed in a recombinant production procedure, the enzymes of the present invention may be glycosylated or may be non-glycosylated. Enzymes of the invention may or may not also include an initial methionine amino acid residue.

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 $\beta$ -galactosidase hydrolyzes lactose to galactose and glucose. Accordingly, the OC1/4V, 9N2-31B/G, AEDII12RA-18B/G and F1-12G enzymes may be employed in the food processing industry for the production of low lactose content milk and for the production of galactose or glucose from lactose contained in whey obtained in a large amount as a by-product in the production of cheese. Generally, it is desired that enzymes used in food processing, such as the aforementioned  $\beta$ -galactosidases, be stable at elevated temperatures to help prevent microbial contamination.

These enzymes may also be employed in the pharmaceutical industry. The enzymes are used to treat intolerance to lactose. In this case, a thermostable enzyme is desired, as well. Thermostable  $\beta$ -galactosidases also have uses in diagnostic applications, where they are employed as reporter molecules.

Glucosidases act on soluble cellooligosaccharides from the non-reducing end to give glucose as the sole product. Glucanases (endo- and exo-) act in the depolymerization of cellulose, generating more non-reducing ends (endo-glucanases, for instance, act on internal linkages yielding cellobiose, glucose and cellooligosaccharides as products).  $\beta$ -glucosidases are used in applications where glucose is the desired product. Accordingly, M11TL, F1-12G, GC74-22G, MSB8-6G , OC1/4V, VC1-7G1, 9N2-31B/G and AEDII12RA18B/G may be employed in a wide variety of industrial applications, including in corn wet milling for the separation of starch and gluten, in the fruit industry for clarification and equipment maintenance, in baking for viscosity reduction, in the textile

industry for the processing of blue jeans, and in the detergent industry as an additive. For these and other applications, thermostable enzymes are desirable.

Antibodies generated against the enzymes corresponding to a sequence of the present invention can be obtained by direct injection of the enzymes into an animal or by administering the enzymes to an animal, preferably a nonhuman. The antibody so obtained will then bind the enzymes itself. In this manner, even a sequence encoding only a fragment of the enzymes can be used to generate antibodies binding the whole native enzymes. Such antibodies can then be used to isolate the enzyme from cells expressing that enzyme.

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For preparation of monoclonal antibodies, any technique which provides antibodies produced by continuous cell line cultures can be used. Examples include the hybridoma technique (Kohler and Milstein, 1975, Nature, 256:495-497), the trioma technique, the human B-cell hybridoma technique (Kozbor et al., 1983, Immunology Today 4:72), and the EBV-hybridoma technique to produce human monoclonal antibodies (Cole, et al., 1985, in Monoclonal Antibodies and Cancer Therapy, Alan R. Liss, Inc., pp. 77-96).

Techniques described for the production of single chain antibodies (U.S. Patent 4,946,778) can be adapted to produce single chain antibodies to immunogenic enzyme products of this invention. Also, transgenic mice may be used to express humanized antibodies to immunogenic enzyme products of this invention.

Antibodies generated against the enzyme of the present invention may be used in screening for similar enzymes from other organisms and samples. Such screening techniques are known in the art, for example, one such screening assay is described in "Methods for Measuring Cellulase Activities", *Methods in enzymology*, Vol 160, pp. 87-116, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

The present invention will be further described with reference to the following examples; however, it is to be understood that the present invention is not limited to such examples. All parts or amounts, unless otherwise specified, are by weight.

In order to facilitate understanding of the following examples certain frequently occurring methods and/or terms will be described.

"Plasmids" are designated by a lower case p preceded and/or followed by capital letters and/or numbers. The starting plasmids herein are either commercially available, publicly available on an unrestricted basis, or can be constructed from available plasmids in accord with published procedures. In addition, equivalent plasmids to those described are known in the art and will be apparent to the ordinarily skilled artisan.

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"Digestion" of DNA refers to catalytic cleavage of the DNA with a restriction enzyme that acts only at certain sequences in the DNA. The various restriction enzymes used herein are commercially available and their reaction conditions, cofactors and other requirements were used as would be known to the ordinarily skilled artisan. For analytical purposes, typically 1 µg of plasmid or DNA fragment is used with about 2 units of enzyme in about 20 µl of buffer solution. For the purpose of isolating DNA fragments for plasmid construction, typically 5 to 50 µg of DNA are digested with 20 to 250 units of enzyme in a larger volume. Appropriate buffers and substrate amounts for particular restriction enzymes are specified by the manufacturer. Incubation times of about 1 hour at 37°C are ordinarily used, but may vary in accordance with the supplier's instructions. After digestion the reaction is electrophoresed directly on a polyacrylamide gel to isolate the desired fragment.

Size separation of the cleaved fragments is performed using 8 percent polyacrylamide gel described by Goeddel, D. et al., Nucleic Acids Res., 8:4057 (1980).

"Oligonucleotides" refers to either a single stranded polydeoxynucleotide or two complementary polydeoxynucleotide strands which may be chemically synthesized. Such synthetic oligonucleotides have no 5' phosphate and thus will not ligate to another oligonucleotide without adding a phosphate with an ATP in the presence of a kinase. A synthetic oligonucleotide will ligate to a fragment that has not been dephosphorylated.

"Ligation" refers to the process of forming phosphodiester bonds between two double stranded nucleic acid fragments (Maniatis, T., et al., Id., p. 146). Unless otherwise provided, ligation may be accomplished using known buffers and conditions with 10 units of T4 DNA ligase ("ligase") per  $0.5~\mu g$  of approximately equimolar amounts of the DNA fragments to be ligated.

Unless otherwise stated, transformation was performed as described in the method of Graham, F. and Van der Eb, A., Virology, 52:456-457 (1973).

#### Example 1

# Bacterial Expression and Purification of Glycosidase Enzymes

DNA encoding the enzymes of the present invention, SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60 were initially amplified from a pBluescript vector containing the DNA by the PCR technique using the primers noted herein. The amplified sequences were then inserted into the respective PQE vector listed beneath the primer sequences, and the enzyme was expressed according to the protocols set forth herein. The 5' and 3' primer sequences for the respective genes are as follows:

#### Thermococcus AEDII12RA -18B/G

5' CCGAGAATTCATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGGTGAATGCTATGATTGTC 3' (SEQ ID NO:29)

3' CGGAAGATCTTCATAGCTCCGGAAGCCCATA 5' (SEQ ID NO:30)

Vector: pQE12; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' EcoRI and 3' Blg II.

#### OC1/4V-33B/G

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5' CCGAGAATTCATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGATAAGAAGGTCCGATTTTCC 3' (SEQ ID NO:31)

3' CGGAAGATCTTTAAGATTTTAGAAATTCCTT 5' (SEQ ID NO:32)

Vector: pQE12; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' EcoRI and 3' Bgl II.

#### Thermococcus 9N2 - 31B/G

5' CCGAGAATTCATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGCTACCAGAAGGCTTTCTC 3' (SEQ ID NO:33)

3' CGGAGGTACCTCACCCAAGTCCGAACTTCTC 5' (SEQ ID NO:34)

Vector: pQE30; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' EcoRI and 3' KpnI.

#### Staphylothermus marinus F1 - 12G

5' CCGAGAATTCATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGATAAGGTTTCCTGATTAT 3' (SEQ ID NO:35)

3' CGGAAGATCTTTATTCGAGGTTCTTTAATCC 5' (SEQ ID NO:36)

Vector: pQE12; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' EcoRI and 3' Bgl II.

#### Thermococcus chitonophagus GC74 - 22G

5' CCGAGAATTCATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGCTTCCAGGAGAACTTTCTC 3' (SEQ ID NO:37)

3' CGGAGGATCCCTACCCCTCCTCTAAGATCTC 5' (SEQ ID NO:38)

Vector: pQE12; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' EcoRI and 3' BamHI.

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5' AATAATCTAGAGCATGCAATTCCCCAAAGACTTCATGATAG 3' (SEQ ID NO:39)

3' AATAAAAGCTTACTGGATCAGTGTAAGATGCT 5' (SEQ ID NO:40)

Vector: pQE70; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' SphI and 3' Hind III.

#### Thermotoga maritima MSB8-6G

5' CCGACAATTGATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGGAAAGGATCGATGAAATT 3' (SEQ ID NO:41)

3' CGGAGGTACCTCATGGTTTGAATCTCTTCTC 5' (SEQ ID NO:42)

Vector: pQE12; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' EcoRI and 3' KpnI.

# Pyrococcus furiosus VC1 - 7G1

5' CCGACAATTGATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGTTCCCTGAAAAGTTCCTT 3' (SEQ ID NO:43)

3' CGGAGGTACCTCATCCCCTCAGCAATTCCTC 5' (SEQ ID NO:44)

Vector: pQE12; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' EcoRI and 3' Kpn I.

Bankia gouldi endoglucanase (37GP1)

5' AATAAGGATCCGTTTAGCGACGCTCGC 3' (SEQ ID NO:45)

3' AATAAAAGCTTCCGGGTTGTACAGCGGTAATAGGC 5' (SEQ ID NO:46)

Vector: pQE52; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' Bam HI and 3' Hind III.

Thermotoga maritima α-galactosidase (6GC2)

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5' TTTATTGAATTCATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGATCTGTGTGGAAATATTCGGAAAG 3' (SEQ ID NO:47)

3' TCTATAAAGCTTTCATTCTCTCACCCTCTTCGTAGAAG 5' (SEQ ID NO:48)

Vector: pQET; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' EcoRI and 3' Hind III.

Thermotoga maritima \( \beta\)-mannanase (6GP2)

5' TTTATTCAATTGATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGGGGATTGGTGGCGACGAC 3' (SEQ ID NO:49)

3' TTTATTAAGCTTATCTTTTCATATTCACATACCTCC 5' (SEQ ID NO:50)

Vector: pQEt; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' Hind III and 3' EcoRI.

AEPII 1a B-mannanase (63GB1)

5' TTTATTGAATTCATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGCTACCAGAAGAGTTCCTATGGGGC 3' (SEQ ID NO:51)

3'TTTATTAAGCTTCTCATCAACGGCTATGGTCTTCATTTC 5' (SEQ ID NO:52)

Vector: pQEt; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' Hind III and 3' EcoRI.

OC1/4V endoglucanase (33GP1)

5' AAAAAACAATTGAATTCATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGGTAGAAAGACACTTCAGATATGTTCTT
3' (SEQ ID NO:53)

3' TTTTTCGGATCCAATTCTTCATTTACTCTTTGCCTG 5' (SEQ ID NO:54)

Vector: pQEt; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' BamHI and 3' EcoRI.

Thermotoga maritima pullalanase (6GP3)

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5' TTTTGGAATTCATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAACTATGGAACTGATCATAGAAGGTTAC 3' (SEO ID NO:55)

3' ATAAGAAGCTTTTCACTCTCTGTACAGAACGTACGC 5' (SEQ ID NO:56)

Vector: pQEt; and contains the following restriction enzyme sites 5' EcoRI and 3' Hind III.

The restriction enzyme sites indicated correspond to the restriction enzyme sites on the bacterial expression vector indicated for the respective gene (Qiagen, Inc. Chatsworth, CA). The pQE vector encodes antibiotic resistance (Amp<sup>r</sup>), a bacterial origin of replication (ori), an IPTG-regulatable promoter operator (P/O), a ribosome binding site (RBS), a 6-His tag and restriction enzyme sites.

The pQE vector was digested with the restriction enzymes indicated. The amplified sequences were ligated into the respective pQE vector and inserted in frame with the sequence encoding for the RBS. The ligation mixture was then used to transform the E. coli strain M15/pREP4 (Qiagen, Inc.) by electroporation. M15/pREP4 contains multiple copies of the plasmid pREP4, which expresses the lacI repressor and also confers kanamycin resistance (Kan'). Transformants were identified by their ability to grow on LB plates and ampicillin/kanamycin resistant colonies were selected. Plasmid DNA was isolated and confirmed by restriction analysis. Clones containing the desired constructs were grown overnight (O/N) in liquid culture in LB media supplemented with both Amp (100 ug/ml) and Kan (25 ug/ml). The O/N culture was used to inoculate a large culture at a ratio of 1:100 to 1:250. The cells were grown to an optical density 600 (O.D. 600) of between 0.4 and 0.6. IPTG ("Isopropyl-B-D-thiogalacto pyranoside") was then added to a final concentration of 1 mM. IPTG induces by inactivating the lacI repressor, clearing the P/O leading to increased gene expression. Cells were grown an extra 3 to 4 hours. Cells were then harvested by centrifugation.

The primer sequences set out above may also be employed to isolate the target gene from the deposited material by hybridization techniques described above.

#### Example 2

## Isolation of A Selected Clone From the Deposited genomic clones

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A clone is isolated directly by screening the deposited material using the oligonucleotide primers set forth in Example 1 for the particular gene desired to be isolated. The specific oligonucleotides are synthesized using an Applied Biosystems DNA synthesizer. The oligonucleotides are labeled with <sup>32</sup>P--ATP using T4 polynucleotide kinase and purified according to a standard protocol (Maniatis et al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Press, Cold Spring, NY, 1982). The deposited clones in the pBluescript vectors may be employed to transform bacterial hosts which are then plated on 1.5% agar plates to the density of 20,000-50,000 pfu/150 mm plate. These plates are screened using Nylon membranes according to the standard screening protocol (Stratagene, 1993). Specifically, the Nylon membrane with denatured and fixed DNA is prehybridized in 6 x SSC, 20 mM NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, 0.4%SDS, 5 x Denhardt's 500 μg/ml denatured, sonicated salmon sperm DNA; and 6 x SSC, 0.1% SDS. After one hour of prehybridization, the membrane is hybridized with hybridization buffer 6xSSC, 20 mM NaH, PO4, 0.4%SDS, 500 ug/ml denatured, sonicated salmon sperm DNA with 1x106 cpm/ml 32P-probe overnight at 42°C. The membrane is washed at 45-50°C with washing buffer 6 x SSC, 0.1% SDS for 20-30 minutes dried and exposed to Kodak X-ray film overnight. Positive clones are isolated and purified by secondary and tertiary screening. The purified clone is sequenced to verify its identity to the primer sequence.

Once the clone is isolated, the two oligonucleotide primers corresponding to the gene of interest are used to amplify the gene from the deposited material. A polymerase chain reaction is carried out in 25  $\mu$ l of reaction mixture with 0.5 ug of the DNA of the gene of interest. The reaction mixture is 1.5-5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 0.01% (w/v) gelatin, 20  $\mu$ M each of dATP, dCTP, dGTP, dTTP, 25 pmol of each primer and 0.25 Unit of Taq

polymerase. Thirty five cycles of PCR (denaturation at 94°C for 1 min; annealing at 55°C for 1 min; elongation at 72°C for 1 min) are performed with the Perkin-Elmer Cetus automated thermal cycler. The amplified product is analyzed by agarose gel electrophoresis and the DNA band with expected molecular weight is excised and purified. The PCR product is verified to be the gene of interest by subcloning and sequencing the DNA product. The ends of the newly purified genes are nucleotide sequenced to identify full length sequences. Complete sequencing of full length genes is then performed by Exonuclease III digestion or primer walking.

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#### Example 3

#### Screening for Galactosidase Activity

Screening procedures for  $\alpha$ -galactosidase protein activity may be assayed for as follows:

Substrate plates were provided by a standard plating procedure. Dilute XL1-Blue MRF E coli host of (Stratagene Cloning Systems, La Jolla, CA) to O.D. $_{600}$  = 1.0 with NZY media. In 15 ml tubes, inoculate 200  $\mu$ l diluted host cells with phage. Mix gently and incubate tubes at 37 °C for 15 min. Add approximately 3.5 ml LB top agarose (0.7%) containing 1mM IPTG to each tube and pour onto all NYZ plate surface. Allow to cool and incubate at 37 °C overnight. The assay plates are obtained as substrate p-Nitrophenyl  $\alpha$ -galactosidase (Sigma) (200 mg/100 ml) (100 mM NaCl, 100 mM Potassium-Phosphate) 1% (w/v) agarose. The plaques are overlayed with nitrocellulose and incubated at 4 °C for 30 minutes whereupon the nitrocellulose is removed and overlayed onto the substrate plates. The substrate plates are then incubated at 70 °C for 20 minutes.

#### Example 4

## Screening of Clones for Mannanase Activity

A solid phase screening assay was utilized as a primary screening method to test clones for ß-mannanase activity.

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A culture solution of the Y1090-*E. coli* host strain (Stratagene Cloning Systems, La Jolla, CA) was diluted to O.D.<sub>600</sub>=1.0 with NZY media. The amplified library from *Thermotoga maritima* lambda gtl1 library was diluted in SM (phage dilution buffer):  $5 \times 10^7$  pfu/µl diluted 1:1000 then 1:100 to  $5 \times 10^2$  pfu/µl. Then 8 µl of phage dilution ( $5 \times 10^2$  pfu/µl) was plated in 200 µl host cells. They were then incubated in 15 ml tubes at 37 °C for 15 minutes.

Approximately 4 ml of molten, LB top agarose (0.7%) at approximately 52 °C was added to each tube and the mixture was poured onto the surface of LB agar plates. The agar plates were then incubated at 37 °C for five hours. The plates were replicated and induced with 10 mM IPTG-soaked Duralon-UV<sup>TM</sup> nylon membranes (Stratagene Cloning Systems, La Jolla, CA) overnight. The nylon membranes and plates were marked with a needle to keep their orientation and the nylon membranes were then removed and stored at 4 °C.

An Azo-galactomannan overlay was applied to the LB plates containing the lambda plaques. The overlay contains 1% agarose, 50 mM potassium-phosphate buffer pH 7, 0.4% Azocarob-galactomannan. (Megazyme, Australia). The plates were incubated at 72 °C. The Azocarob-galactomannan treated plates were observed after 4 hours then returned to incubation overnight. Putative positives were identified by clearing zones on the Azocarob-galactomannan plates. Two positive clones were observed.

The nylon membranes referred to above, which correspond to the positive clones were retrieved, oriented over the plate and the portions matching the locations of the clearing zones for positive clones were cut out. Phage was eluted from the membrane cut-out portions by soaking the individual portions in 500  $\mu$ l SM (phage dilution buffer) and 25  $\mu$ l CHCl<sub>3</sub>.

#### Example 5

### Screening of Clones for Mannosidase Activity

A solid phase screening assay was utilized as a primary screening method to test clones for  $\beta$ -mannosidase activity.

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A culture solution of the Y1090-*E. coli* host strain (Stratagene Cloning Systems, La Jolla, CA) was diluted to O.D. $_{600}$ =1.0 with NZY media. The amplified library from AEPII 1a lambda gtl1 library was diluted in SM (phage dilution buffer):  $5 \times 10^7$  pfu/µl diluted 1:1000 then 1:100 to  $5 \times 10^2$  pfu/µl. Then 8 µl of phage dilution ( $5 \times 10^2$  pfu/µl) was plated in 200 µl host cells. They were then incubated in 15 ml tubes at 37 °C for 15 minutes.

Approximately 4 ml of molten, LB top agarose (0.7%) at approximately 52 °C was added to each tube and the mixture was poured onto the surface of LB agar plates. The agar plates were then incubated at 37 °C for five hours. The plates were replicated and induced with 10 mM IPTG-soaked Duralon-UV<sup>TM</sup> nylon membranes (Stratagene Cloning Systems, La Jolla, CA) overnight. The nylon membranes and plates were marked with a needle to keep their orientation and the nylon membranes were then removed and stored at 4 °C.

A p-nitrophenyl-ß-D-manno-pyranoside overlay was applied to the LB plates containing the lambda plaques. The overlay contains 1% agarose, 50 mM potassium-phosphate buffer pH 7, 0.4% p-nitrophenyl-ß-D-manno-pyranoside. (Megazyme, Australia). The plates were incubated at 72 °C. The p-nitrophenyl-ß-D-manno-pyranoside treated plates were observed after 4 hours then returned to incubation overnight. Putative positives were identified by clearing zones on the p-nitrophenyl-ß-D-manno-pyranoside plates. Two positive clones were observed.

The nylon membranes referred to above, which correspond to the positive clones were retrieved, oriented over the plate and the portions matching the locations of the clearing zones for positive clones were cut out. Phage was eluted from the membrane cut-out portions by soaking the individual portions in 500  $\mu$ l SM (phage dilution buffer) and 25  $\mu$ l CHCl<sub>3</sub>.

#### Example 6

#### Screening for Pullulanase Activity

Screening procedures for pullulanase protein activity may be assayed for as follows:

Substrate plates were provided by a standard plating procedure. Host cells are diluted to  $O.D._{600} = 1.0$  with NZY or appropriate media. In 15 ml tubes, inoculate 200  $\mu$ l diluted host cells with phage. Mix gently and incubate tubes at 37 °C for 15 min. Add approximately 3.5 ml LB top agarose (0.7%) is added to each tube and the mixture is plated, allowed to cool, and incubated at 37 °C for about 28 hours. Overlays of 4.5 mls of the following substrate are poured:

#### 100 ml total volume

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0.5g	Red Pullulan Red (Megazyme, Australia)
1.0g	Agarose
5ml	Buffer (Tris-HCL pH 7.2 @ 75 °C)
2ml	5M NaCl
5ml	CaCl <sub>2</sub> (100mM)
85ml	dH-O

Plates are cooled at room temperature, and thenm incubated at 75°C for 2 hours. Positives are observed as showing substrate degradation.

#### Example 7

#### Screening for Endoglucanase Activity

Screening procedures for endoglucanase protein activity may be assayed for as follows:

1. The gene library is plated onto 6 LB/GelRite/0.1% CMC/NZY agar plates (~4,800 plaque forming units/plate) in E.coli host with LB agarose as top agarose. The plates are incubated at 37°C overnight.

- 2. Plates are chilled at 4°C for one hour.
- 3. The plates are overlayed with Duralon membranes (Stratagene) at room temperature for one hour and the membranes are oriented and lifted off the plates and stored at 4°C.
- 4. The top agarose layer is removed and plates are incubated at 37°C for ~3 hours.
  - 5. The plate surface is rinsed with NaCl.

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- 6. The plate is stained with 0.1% Congo Red for 15 minutes.
- 7. The plate is destained with 1M NaCl.
- 8. The putative positives identified on plate are isolated from the Duralon membrane (positives are identified by clearing zones around clones). The phage is eluted from the membrane by incubating in  $500\mu l\ SM + 25\mu l\ CHCl_3$  to elute.
- 9. Insert DNA is subcloned into any appropriate cloning vector and subclones are reassayed for CMCase activity using the following protocol:
- i) Spin 1ml overnight miniprep of clone at maximum speed for 3 minutes.
- ii) Decant the supernatant and use it to fill "wells" that have been made in an LB/GelRite/0.1% CMC plate.
  - iii) Incubate at 37°C for 2 hours.
  - iv) Stain with 0.1% Congo Red for 15 minutes.
  - v) Destain with 1M NaCl for 15 minutes.
  - vi) Identify positives by clearing zone around clone.

Numerous modifications and variations of the present invention are possible in light of the above teachings and, therefore, within the scope of the appended claims, the invention may be practiced otherwise than as particularly described.

#### WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. An isolated polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60;
  - (b) SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60, wherein T can also be U;
  - (c) polynucleotide sequences complementary to SEQ ID NOS: 1-14 and 57-60:
  - (d) polynucleotide sequences which encode an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NOS:15-28, and 61-64; and
  - (e) fragments of (a), (b), (c) or (d) that are at least 15 consecutive bases in length and that will selectively hybridize to DNA which encodes a polypeptide of SEQ ID NOS:15-28, and 61-64.
- 2. A vector comprising a polynucleotide of claim 1.
- 3. A host cell containing the vector of claim 2.
- 4. The method of claim 3, wherein the host cell is a eukaryotic cell.
- 5. The method of claim 3, wherein the host cell is a prokaryotic cell.
- 6. A method for producing a polypeptide comprising:
  - (a) culturing the host cells of claim 3;
  - (b) expressing from the host cell of claim 3 a polypeptide encoded by said polynucleotide; and
  - (c) isolating the polypeptide.

- 7. An enzyme selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) an enzyme comprising an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NOS: 15-28 or 61-64; and
  - (b) an enzyme which comprises at least 30 consecutive amino acid residue as an enzyme of (a).
- 8. An enzyme of which at least a portion is coded for by a polynucleotide of claim 1, and which is selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) an enzyme comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least 70% identical to an amino acid sequence selected from the group of amino acid sequences set forth in SEQ ID NOS:15-28 or 61-64; and
  - (b) an enzyme which comprises at least 30 amino acid residues to the enzyme of (a).
- 9. A method for generating glucose from soluble cell oligosaccharides comprising contacting a sample containing oligosaccharides with an effective amount of an enyzme selected from the group consisting of an enzyme having the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NOS: 15-28, 61-63 and 64 such that glucose is produced.
- 10. The method of cliam 9, wherein the sample is selected from the group consisting of dairy products, fruit juices, detergents, textiles, guar gum, animal feed, plant biomass and waste products.
- 11. The method of claim 9, wherein the oligosaccharide is selected from the group consisting of maltose, cellobiose, lactose, sucrose, raffinose, stachyose, verbascose, cellulose, starch, amylose, glycogen, disacharrides, polysacharrides and pullulan.

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### MIITL GLYCOSIDASE - 29G COMPLETE GENE SEQUENCE - 9/95

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I Met Lyn the Pro Lyn And Pho Met He Gly Tyr Set Set Pro	TIPL CAA TIPL GAA GET - 60
6) CAST ATT CAN THE CAN THE	Plus Gin Plus Glo Ata (20)
6) CRIT ATT OUT CRIT TOU CAG CAT OUT AAT AUT GAT TYRE TOU GTA TOG 21 Gly lie Pro Gly Ser Glu Asp Pro Ash Ser Asp Trp Trp Val Trp	GTG CAT GAT DOG GAG 120
121 AAC ACA CICA CICT CCA CTCA	var his Asp Pro-Glu 40
10.1 AND ACA GOA GOT GGA CTA CTC AGC GGC GAT TTT CCC GAG AAC GGC G 4.1 Ann the Ala Ala Gly Leu Val Ser Gly Ann Phe Pro Glu Ann Gly e	CCA GGT TAC TEST AAT 180
181 TTA AAC CAA AAT GAC CAC CAC CTC CTC CTC CTC	
181 TITA AAC CAA AAT GAC CAC GAC CTG GCT GAG AAG CTG GGG GTT AAC A 61 Leu Asn Gln Asn Asp His Asp Leu Ala Glu Lys Leu Gly Val Asn T	The lie Arg Val Gly 80
241 GTT GAG TGG AGT ACC ARM THE COLUMN	
81 Val Glu Trp Ser Arg Ile Phe Pro Lys Pro Thr Phe Asn Val Lys V.	TC CCT GTA GAG AGA 300
301 GAT GAG AAC CGC ACC ATT CTT GIG CTL CIC	ar Fro Agr Clu Arg 100
301 GAT GAG AAC GGC AGC ATT GTT CAC GTA GAT GTC GAT GAT AAA GCG GT 101 Asp Glu Asn Gly Ser Ile Val His Val Asp Val Asp Asp Lys Ala Va	TT GAA AGA CTT GAT 360
361 GAA TTA GCC AAC AAC CAG GCG GTL LAG GAG GAG	al Glu Arg Leu Asp 120
361 GAA TTA GCC AAC AAG GAG GCC GTA AAC CAT TAC GTA GAA ATG TAT AA 121 Glu Lou Ala Ann Lys Glu Ala Val Ann His Tyr Val Glu Met Tyr Ly	A GAC TGG GTT GAA . 420
The state of the s	'S Asp Trp Val Glu 140
421 AGA GOT AGA AAA CTT ATA CTC AAT TTA TAC CAT TGG CCC CTG CCT CT	C TGG CTT CAC AAC 480
	u Trp Leu His Asn 160
481 CCA ATC ATG GTG AGA AGA ATU GGC CCG GAC AGA GCG CCC TCA GGC TGC	G CTT AAC CAC CAC SAC
161 Pro Ile Het Val Arg Arg Het Gly Pro Asp Arg Ala Pro Ser Gly Tr	G CTT AAC GAG GAG 540 p Leu Asn Glu Glu 180
541 TCC GTG GTG GAG TTT GCC AAA TAG GCG GGA TAG ATT	
181 Ser Val Val Glu Pho Ala Lys Tyr Ala Ala Tyr Ile Ala Trp Lys Her	GGC GAG CTA CCT 600 Gly Glu Leu Pro 200
601 GTT ATG TGG AGC ACC ATG ANG GAN GGG ANG	200
601 GTT ATG TGG AGC ACC ATG AAC GAA CCC AAC GTC GTT TAT GAG CAA GGA 201 Val Het Trp Ser Thr Het Asn Glu Pro Asn Val Val Tyr Glu Gln Gly	TAC ATG TTC GTT 660
661 AAA GGG GGT TTC CCA CCC GGC TAC TTG AGT TTG GAA GCT GCT GAT AAG 221 Lys Gly Gly Pho Pro Gly Tyr Lou Ser Leu Glu Ala Ala Asp Lys	GCC AGG AGA AAT 720
The same of the sa	Ala Arg Arg Asn 240
721 ATG ATC CAG GCT CAT GCA CGG GCC TAT GAC AAT ATT AAA CGC TTC AGT	AAG AAA CCT GTT 780
And his Ard Arg Ara lyr Asp Ann lie Lys Arg Phe Sor	Lys Lys Pro Val 260
781 GGA CTA ATA TAC GCT TTC CAA TGG TTC GAA CTA TTA GAG GGT CCA GCA 261 Gly Lou Ilo Tyr Ala Pho Cla TTT The Clu Tyr Ala GCG	GAA GTA TTT GAT 840
261 Gly Lou Ile Tyr Ala Phe Gln Trp Phe Glu Leu Leu Glu Gly Pro Ala	Glu Val Pho Asp 280
841 AAG TTT AAG AGC TCT AAG TTA TAC TAT TTC AGA CAG ATL	
281 Lys Pho Lys Ser Ser Lys Leu Tyr Tyr Pho Thr Asp Ile Val Sor Lys	GGT AGT TCA ATC 900 Gly Ser Ser Ile 300
901 ATC AAT GTT GAA TAC AGG AGA GAT CTT GCC AAT AGG GTA GAG	
301 Ile Asn Val Glu Tyr Arg Arg Asp Leu Alo Asn Arg Leu Asp Trp Leu	GGC GTT AAC TAC 960 Gly Val Asn Tyr 320
961 TAT AGC CGT TTA GTC TAC AAA ATC GTC GAT GAC AAA CCT ATA ATC CTG ( 321 Tyr Ser Arg Leu Val Tyr Lys Ile Val Asp Asp Lys Pro Ile Ile Leu (	CAC GGG TAT GGA 1020
1021 TTC CTT TGT ACA CCT GGG GGG ATC AGC CCG GCT GAA AAT CCT TGT AGC ( 341 Phe Leu Cys Thr Pro Gly Gly Ile Ser Pro Ala Glu Asn Pro Cys Ser A	GAT TTT GGG TGG 1080
1081 GAG GTG TAT CCT GAA GGA CTC TAC CTA CTT CTA AAA GAA CTT TAC AAC C	CGA TAC GGG GTA 1140
361 Glu Val Tyr Pro Glu Gly Leu Tyr Leu Leu Leu Lys Glu Leu Tyr Asn A	Arg Tyr Gly Val 380
1141 GAC TIC ATC GTG ACC GAG AAC GGT GTT TCA GAC AGG AGG GAT GCG TTG A	AGA CCC CCA TAC 1200
381 Asp Leu Ile Val Thr Clu Asn Gly Val Ser Asp Ser Arg Asp Ala Leu A	AGA CCG GCA TAC 1200 Arg Pro Ala Tyr 400
1201 CTG GTC TCG CAT GTT TAC AGC GTA TGG AAA GCC GGT AAC GAG GGG ATT	
401 Leu Val Ser His Val Tyr Ser Val Trp Lys Ala Ala Ann Glu Gly He F	Pro Val Luc GEG 420
1261 TAC CTC CAU TEST AGE TTG ACA GAC AAT TAC GAG TEST GET CAG GGC TTC A 421 Tyr Leo His Tep Son Lou Thr Asp Ash Tyr Gla Tep Ala Gla Gly Pho A	ACC CAG AAA 1110 - LLLD
The same of the sa	Vrg Gla Lys Ph. 440

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Figure 1b(Continued)

## OC1/4 GLYCOSIDASE - 31G/B COMPLETE GENE SEQUENCE - 9/95

ATTENTA ACA ACA
ATT ATT AGA AGG TOO GAT TITT O'TA AAA GAT TITT ATC TIC GGA ACT CET AUT CETA GCA TAC 60 Het lie Arg Arg Ser Asp Phe Pro Lys Amp Phe lie Phe Gly Thr Ala Thr Ala Ala Tyr 20
Arg Ser Asp the Pro Lys Aug Pho 11g Pho Giv ACG ICT ACG ICA TAC 60
"I CAG ATT CAA COT
Gle Tie Giu Gly Ale Ale Age Glu Age Gly Are Gly Pro Ser Tie Try Age Val Phe Ser 40
Ala Ala Asn Glu Asp Gly Arg Gly Pro Ser 110 CAT CTC TTT TCA 120
121 CAC ACC CCT CCC
HIS THE PRO GLY LYS THE LOU ARD GLY ASP THE GLY AND VAL ALE CYS ASP HIS TYE HIS 60
Lys The Leu Arn Gly Asp The Gly Asp Val Ale COAT TAT CAC 180
181 CGA TAC AAC CAL COM
61 Arg Tyr Lys Glu Asp Ilo Gin Leu Het Lys Glu Ilo Gly Lou Asp Ala Tyr Arg Phe Ser 80
ASP 110 GIn Leu Met Lys Glu 110 Gly Lou Asp Ale TOT TCT 240
241 ATC TCC TCC CCC
81 Ilo Ser Trp Pro Are All ATG CCA GAT GGG AAG AAC AAC CAA AAC CAA
110 MET Pro Asp Gly Lys Asn Ilo Asn Gln Lys GAT TTC 300
JOI TAC AAC ACA COO COO COO COO COO COO COO C
101 TYP ABO AND LOU VAL AND CALL TITE AND ANT GAT ATC ATA CCA TTC CTA LOU
101 TYP ASH AND LOU VAL ASP GLU LOU LOU LYS ASH AND ILG ILG PRO PHE VAL THE LOU TYP 120  161 CAC TOG GAC TTA CCC TAG TEXT
161 CAC TGG GAC TTA CCC TAC GCA CTT TAT GAA AAA GGT GGA TGG CTT AAC CCA GAT ATA GCG 420
HIS TEP ASP LOU PRO TYP ALS LOU TYP GIU LYS GIY GIY TEP LEU ASP PRO ASP ILO ALS 140
ATA GCG 420
421 CTC TAT TTC AGA GCA TAC GCA AGG TOTAL
421 CTC TAT TTC AGA GCA TAC GCA ACG TTT ATG TTC AAC GAA CTC GGT GAT CGT GTG AAA CAT 480 481 TGG ATT ACA CTG AGC CLA CGT TTC ACG Phe Ash Glu Leu Gly Asp Arg Val Lys His 160
The Pho Hot Phe Ash Glu Leu Gly Ash Ash CAT 480
481 TGG ATT ACA CTG AAC GAA CCR TGG TGG TGG TGG TGG TGG TGG TGG TGG TG
481 TGG ATT ACA CTG AAC GAA CCA TGG TGT TCT TCT TTC TCG GGT TAT TAC ACG GGA GAG CAT 161 Trp Ilo Thr Lou Asn Glu Pro Trp Cys Sor Ser Phe Ser Gly Tyr Tyr Thr Gly Glu His 180 541 GCC CCG GGT CAT CAA AND TO THE CYS SOR SER Phe Ser Gly Tyr Tyr Thr Gly Glu His 180
Sale of the tro tro Cys Sar Ser the Ser Gly Tyr Thr the Gly Gly Gly
541 GCC CCG GGT CAT CAA AAT TTA CAA GAA CCC 171 - 171 TYP TAT Gly Glu His 180
541 GCC CCG GGT CAT CAA AAT TTA CAA GAA GCG ATA ATC GCG GCG CAC AAC CTG TTG AGG GAA . 600 181 Ala Pro Gly His Gln Asn Leu Gln Glu Ala Ila Ila Ala Ala His Asn Leu Leu Arg Glu 200 601 CAT GGA CAT GCC GTC CAC GGG GTG ATA
601 CAT GGA CAT COC COO 000
601 CAT GGA CAT GCC GTC CAG GCG TCC AGA GAA GAA GAA GAT AAA GAT GGG GAA GTT GGC TTA ACC 660
201 His Gly His Ala Val Gln Ala Ser Arg Glu Glu Val Lys Asp Gly Glu Val Gly Leu Thr 220  661 AAC GTT GTG ATG AND ATD GLY GREEN
661 AAC CTT CTG ATT 1220
ASO VAL VAL HOE LYS ILO GLU PRO GLY ASP ALA LYS PRO GLU SOF PRO JECU GCA AGT 720
ASH Val Val Mat Lys Ila Glu Pro Gly Asp Ala Lys Pro Glu Sar Phe Leu Val Ala Sar 240
721 CTT CTT CAT 110 240
721 CTT GTT GAT AAG TTC GTT AAT GCA TGG TCC CAT GAC CCT GTT GTT TTC GGA AAA TAT CCC 780  781 GAA GAA GCA GTT GCA GTT GCA TAT GCA TGG TCC CAT GAC CCT GTT GTT TTC GGA AAA TAT CCC 780
and Ash Ala Trp Ser Hie Asp Pro Val Val De Ca AAA TAT CCC 780
781 GAA GAA GCA GCT CCA GCT 260
781 GAA GAA GCA GTT GCA CTT TAT ACG GAA AAA GGG TTG CAA GTT CTC GAT AGC GAT ATG AAT 840 261 Glu Glu Ala Val Ala Lou Tyr Thr Glu Lys Gly Lou Gln Val Lou Asp Ser Asp Het Asn 280
172 Thr Glu Lys Gly Lou Gin Val Lou Asp Ser Are AT 840
841 ATT ATT TCG ACT CCT ATA GAC TTC TIT GGT GTG AAT TAT TAC ACA AGA ACA CTT GTT GTT 900
281 Ilo Ilo Ser The Pro Ilo Asp Phe Phe Gly Val Ash Tyr Tyr The Arg The Lou Val Val 300
And Pho Pho Gly Val Asn Tyr Tyr Thr Arg Thr Lou Val Val
901 TIT GAT ATG AAC AAT CCT CTT GGA TIT TOG THE
901 TIT GAT ATG AAC AAT CCT CTT GGA TIT TCG TAT GTT CAG GGA GAC CTT CCC AAA ACG GAG 960 961 ATG GGA TGG GAA ATG TIG TIG TIT TGG TAT GTT CAG GGA GAC CTT CCC AAA ACG GAG 960
961 ATG GGA TOG CALLES
961 ATG GGA TGG GAA ATC TAC CCG CAG CGA TTA TTT GAT ATG CTG GTC TAT CTG AAG GAA AGA 1020
HOLE Gly Trp Glu Ile Tyr Pro Gln Gly Leu Phe Asp Nor Lou Wal and GAA AGA 1020
J21 HOE Gly Trp Glu 11e Tyr Pro Gln Gly Leu Pho Asp Hot Leu Vol Tyr Leu Lys Glu Arg 340
141 TOTAL CTA CCA CTT TAT ATC ACA GAG AAC CCC ATC CCC ATC
1021 TAT AAA CTA CCA CTT TAT ATC ACA GAG AAC GGG ATG GCT GGA CCT GAT AAA TTG GAA AAC 1080 1081 GGA AGA CTT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CA
1081 GGA ACA COM
1081 GGA AGA GTT CAT CAT AAT TAC CGA ATT GAA TAT TTG GAA AAG CAC TTT GAA AAA GCA CTT 1140
ALG VAI HIS ASP ASR TYP ARG IIO Glu TYP Leu Glu Jug His GAA AAA GCA CTT 1140
J61 Gly Arg Val His Asp Asn Tyr Arg Ilo Glu Tyr Leu Glu Lys His Phe Glu Lys Ala Lou J80
181 GIU ALE ILG ANT GCA GAT CTT GAT TTG AAA GGT TAC TTC ATT TTG
1141 GAA GCA ATC AAT GCA GAT GTT GAT TTG AAA GGT TAC TTC ATT TGG TCT TTG ATG GAT AAC 1200
181 Glu Ala Ilq Asn Ala Asp Val Asp Leu Lys Cly Tyr Phe Ile Trp Ser Leu Het Asp Asn 400
1201 TTC GAA TGG GCG TGC GGA TAC TCC AAA CGT TTC GGT ATA ATC TAC GTA GAT TAC AAT ACC 1260
401 Phe Glu Trp Ala Cys Gly Tyr Ser Lys Arg Phe Gly Ile Ile Tyr Val Asp Tyr Asn Thr 420  1261 CCA AAA AGG ATA TTD ALA CYS GLY TAC TAC TAC AAT ACC 1260
1261 CCA AAA AGG AFA TER AAA AAGG AFA TER AAA AGG AFA TER AAA AAA AGG AFA TER AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA A
THE LEGI LYS ASP Ser Ala Het Trp land to CTA ANA TCT TAA 1317
The Leu Lys Glu Pho Lou Lys
421 Pro Lys Arg He Len Lys Asp Ser Ala Het Trp Leu Lys Glu Phe Leu Lys Ser End 419

Figure 2

### STAPHYLOTHERMUS MARINUS GLYCOSIDASE - 12G COMPLETE GENE SEQUENCE 9/95

TTC ATA ACC	
1 TTG ATA AGG TTT CCT GAT TAT TTC TTG TTG TTG GGA ACA GCT AGA TCA TCG GAG CAG ATC	
61 GGT AAT AAC ATA TTT AAT GAT TGG TGG GAG TGG GAG ACT AAA GGC AGG ATT AAC (TTG 21 Gly Asn Asn Ile Phe Asn Asp Trp Trp Glu Trp Glu Thr Lys Gly Arg Ile Lys Val	
41 Ser Gly Lys Ala Cys Ash His Tro Gly Lot TAT ANA GAA GAC ATA GAG CTT ATG GCT C	AG 180
61 Leu Gly Tyr Asn Ala Tyr Arg Phe Ser Ile Glu Trp Ser Arg Ile Phe Pro Arg Lys A.	AT 240
241 CAT ATA CAT THE CAD THE	SP 80
241 CAT ATA GAT TAT GAG TCG CTT AAT AAG TAT AAG GAA ATA GTT AAT CTA CTT AGA AAA TA	
101 Gly 11e Glu Pro Val 11e The Leu His His Phe The Asn Pro Gln Trp Phe Het Lys I1	T 360
161 and 162 and 162 and 163 an	120
161 GGT GGA TGG ACT AGG GAA GAG AAC ATA AAA TAT TTT ATA AAA TAT GTA GAA CTT ATA GC 121 Gly Gly Trp Thr Arg Glu Glu Asn Ile Lys Tyr Phe Ile Lys Tyr Val Glu Leu Ile Ala	420
421 TCC GAG ATA AAA GAC GTG AAA ATA TCG ATC ACT ATT AAT GAA CCA ATA ATA TAT GTT TTA 141 Ser Glu Ile Lys Asp Val Lys Ile Trp Ile Thr Ile Asn Glu Bro Tla	
	160
481 CAA GGA TAT ATT TCC GGC GAA TGG CCA CCT GGA ATT AAA AAT TTA AAA ATA GCT GAT CAA 161 Gin Gly Tyr Ile Ser Gly Glu Trp Pro Pro Gly Ile Lys Asn Leu Lys Ile Ala Asp Gin 541 CTL AGE AND AND	540
	180
131 Val Thr Lys Asn Leu Leu Lys Ala His Asn Glu Ala Tyr Asn Ile Leu His Lys His Gly	600
" = " " 474 A30 110 Latt Wie from 111 a.	200
601 ATT GTA GGC ATA GCT ANA AAC ATG ATA GCA TTT ANA CCA GGA TCT AAT AGA GGA AAA GAC 201 Ile Val Gly Ile Ala Lys Ash Net Ile Ala Phe Lys Pro Gly 5-7	
TO THE GAY DEE ARE ALL COMMENTS	660
TO ANT ANT ATT THE CAME AND THE	220
221 Ile Asn Ile Tyr His Lys Val Asp Lys Ala Phe Asn Trp Gly Phe Leu Asn Gly Ile Leu	720
THE TANK AND ULY FIRM LOW AND COLUMN TO A SECOND TO SECO	240
*** NGC GGA G11 CT1 C11 1	
241 Arg Gly Glu Leu Glu Thr Leu Arg Gly Lys Tyr Arg Val Glu Pro Gly Asn Ile Asp Phe	780
781 ATA GGC ATA AND THE ASP Phe	260
781 ATA GGC ATA AAC TAT TAT TCA TCA TAT ATT GTA AAA TAT ACT TGG AAT CCT TTT AAA CTA 261 Ile Gly Ile Asn Tyr Tyr Ser Ser Tyr Ile Val Lye Tyr The Ger Act TCT AAA CTA	
TILL TED ASD PTO Pho the total	840 280
ONE ATT 111 CMC C11 cm	280
281 His Ile Lys Val Glu Pro Leu Asp Thr Gly Leu Trp Thr Thr Het Gly Tyr Cys Ile Tyr	900
The same of the fire the fire the fire the fire fire fire fire fire fire fire fir	300
AUA CCA ATA TAM OLA	
101 Pro Arg Gly 11e Tyr Glu Val Val Het Lys Thr His Glu Lys Tyr Gly Lys Glu 11e 11e	960
961 ATT ACA CAC ANG COM	320
	1000
The state of the s	1020
TIA CAL TAC TEL TIE ALL CON	340
341 His Leu Gin Tyr Leu Tyr Lys Ala Het Asn Glu Gly Ala Lys Val Lys Gly Tyr Phe Tyr	1080
The Mys Val LVS Glu Tur the man	360
TOU ACC TTC ATC CAT ALM MAN CAR	
161 Trp Ser Phe Het Asp Asn Phe Glu Trp Asp Lys Gly Phe Asn Gln Arg Phe Gly Leu Val	1140
1141 CAA CTT CAT TATE AND ADD TO	380
	1300
and the ser of the ser	1200 400
ATA CCA CCT ACC AAG ACT ATA ACT CLE	450
1201 ATA GCA CGT ACC AAG ACT ATA AGT GAT GAT TAC CTA GAA AAA TAT GGA TTA AAG AAC CTC	1260
the did Lys Tyr Cly Leu Lys Asn Leu	120
340. GAA TAA 1266	
421 Glu End 422	

Figure 3

#### Thermucoccis 9N2 Glydosidase - 11B/G Complete gene bequence 9/95

ATG CTA CCA GAA CCC TO
ATG CTA CCA GAA GOC TIT CTC TGG GGC GTG TCC CAG TCC GGC TTT CAG TTC GAG ATG GGC 60
HEE LAU PRO GIU GIY PHO LOU TEP GIY VAI SEE GIN SON GIY PHO GIN PHO GIN NEE GIY 20
61 CAC ANG CTC AGG ANG ATT GAT CUG ANG AGA GAC TOG TOG ANG TOG GTC AGG GAT CCC 120
21 Amp Lyd Lou Ard And Am Ilo Amp Fro Am The Amp Tep Lyd Tep Val Arg Amp Pro 40
121 TTC AAC ATA ANG ANG CAA CTC UTT ACC CUTE ACC ACC ACC ACC ACC ACC ACC ACC ACC AC
121 TTC AAC ATA AAG AGG CAA CTC UTC AGG USG GAG CTU CCC GAG GAG GGG ATA AAC AAC TAT 180 181 GAA CTT TAC GAG AAC CAT CAT CAG USG GAG GAG GGG ATA AAC AAC TAT 180
181 GAA CTT TAC CIO AND TO 60
181 GAA CTT TAC GAG AAG GAT CAC CGC CTC GCC AUA GAC CTC GGT CTG AAC GTT TAC AGG ATT 240
61 GIN LEN TYT GIR LYD AND HAN AND LEN ALE AND LON GIY LEN AND LON GIT THE AGG ATT 240 241 GGA ATA GAG TOT ACC ACC.
141 CGA ATA GAG TOG AGC AGG ATC TIT CCC TOG CCA ACT TCC
81 GLY 110 GLU TEP SOR AGG ATC TIT CCC TOG CCA ACG TOG TIT GTG GAG GTT GAC OFT GAG JOO JOI CGG GAC AGG TAC GCA AGG TAC GCG TEP PRO THE TEP PRO VAL GLU VAL ASP VAL GLU 100
JOI COG GAC AGE TAC GGA CTC GTG AAG GAC GTC AAA ATC GAT AAA GAC ACG CTC GAA GAG CTC J60
101 Arg Amp Sor Tyr Gly Lou Val Lym Asp Val Lym Ilo Amp Lym Asp Thr Lou Glu Glu Lou 120
361 CAC GAC ATE COC 130 COC 120 COC 12
361 GAC GAG ATA GCC AAT CAT CAG GAG ATA GCC TAC TAC GGC GGC GTT ATA GAG GAC GTC AGG 420
421 GAG CTC GGC TTC AAC GTC ATC GTC AAC CTC AAC CAC TTC ACG GTC CCC GTC TGC GTT CAC 480
481 GAT CCC ATA ATC CCG ACC GAG AAC CCT CTC ACC AAC GGT ACG ATT CCC TGG GTC GGG CAC 161 Asp PTG Ilg Ilg Ala Arg Glu Lys Ala Leu Thr Ann Gly Arg Ilg Gly TTP Val Gly Gln 180
181 GLU SOF VAI VAI CLU Pho Alo Lys Tyr Alo Alo TYR I Alo Alo Ace CTC GGG GAC CTC GGG GAC CTC GGG
Pro Tyr Ser Gly Phe Pro Pro Gly Val Bat Ast Pro Glu Ala Ala Lyo Lou Ala Ilo Leu 240
TO NOV ALA AMI GTC COR COR
721 AAC ATG ATA AAC GCC CAC GCA CTC CCC TAC ANG ATO ATA AND AND THE GAC AGG GTA AAG 780 241 Ann Mot Ilo Ann Ala His Ala Leu Ala Tyr Lys Mot Ila Lys Lys Pho Ann Arg Val Lys 260
781 GCC GAT ANG GAT TOO CGC TOO GAG GCC GAG GTC GCG ATA ATC TAC AND AND AND ATA GCC GTT: 040
JOI Pho His Ser Gly Lou Pho Phe Amp Ala Ila His Lys Gly Lys Lau Asn Ila Glu Pho Asp 120
961 GGT GAG ACC TTC GTC AAA GTT CGG CAT CTC ACG GGG AAC GAC TGG ATA GGC GTT AAC TAC 1020
AND CCC GTA ACC CAC ACC CCC
181 Arg Pro Val Ser Asp Ile Gly Trp Glu Ile Tyr Pro Clu Gly Ile Tyr Asp Ser Ile Arg 400
1201 GAG GCC AAC AAA TAG GGG GTG ATG GGG
ALL ALL CITY II ALL ALL CON The ALL
THE WALL ALL CITS COS OFF TAX THE TAX
421 App The Lau Arg Pro Tyr Tyr Lau Ala Ser Hio Val Ala Lya Ila Glu Glu Ala Tyr Glu 440

Figure 4a

461		T T	re	ACC Arg	ATC	AGG Arg	TTC Pne	GIA GCC	CTC	TAT	Lve	GTG	CAT	כזכ	ATA	ACC	MG.	Glu GAG	TTD ACA	Ala	460
1441	CCC - CC		_	•••									•			* 115	LYB	Glu	Arm	Th-	1440 480
481	Pro Ar	3 C1	u (	Glu	Ser	Val	Lys	Val	TAT	AGC Aco	CCC	ATC Ilu	CTC Val	CAG	AAC	WC	CCA	olc.	AOC	MC	1500
1207	CAA ATC	٠ ~	٠.									10			~=0	ABD ·	GIY '	Val .	5er	Ly:	500

Figure 4b(Continued)

ATG GAA AGG ATC GAT GAA ATT CTC TCT CAG TTA ACT ACA GAG GAA AAG GTG AAG CTC Met Giu Arg He Asp Giu He Leu Ser Gin Leu Thr Thr Giu Glu Lys Val 20 CTG GGG GIT GGT CTT CCA GGA CTT TTT GGG AAC CCA CAT TCC AGA GTG GCG GGT Val Gly Val Gly Leu Pro Gly Leu Phe Gly Asa Pro His Ser Arg Val CCT 120 40 GGA GAA ACA CAT CCC GTT CCA AGA CTT GGA ATT CCT GCG TTT GTC CTG GCA GAT Gly Glu Thr His Pro Val Pro Arg Leu Gly lie Pro Ala Phe Val Leu ccc 180 ۸la Asp Civ GCA GGA CTC AGA ATA AAT CCC ACA AGG GAA AAC GAT GAA AAC ACT TAC Ala Gly Leu Arg Ile Asa Pro Thr Arg Glu Asa Asp Glu Asa Thr TAC ACG ACG GCA 240 Tyr Τ'nι Ala 80 TIT CCC GTT GAA ATC ATG CTC GCT TCT ACC TGG AAC AGA GAC CTT CTG GAA GAA CTG Phe Pro Val Giu ile Mei Leu Ain Ser Thr Trp Ann Arg Asp Leu Leu GGA 300 Glu Glu Gly 100 AAA GCC ATG GGA GAA GAA GTT AGG GAA TAC GGT GTC GAT GTG CTT CTT GCA Lys Alo Mei Gly Glu Glu Val Arg Glu Tyr Gly Val Asp Val Leu Leu CCT GCG ATG 360 Met 120 AAC ATT CAC AGA AAC CCT CTT TGT GGA AGG AAT TTC GAG TAC TAC TCA 361 GAA CAT Asn lie His Arg Asn Pro Leu Cys Gly Arg Am Phe Glu Tyr Tyr Ser CCT 420 Glu 140 421 CTT TCC GGT GAA ATG GCT TCA GCC TTT GTC AAG GGA GTT CAA TCT CAA 141 Leu Ser Gly Glu Mei Ala Ser Ala Phe Val Lys Gly Val Gln Ser Gla CCC GTG GGA GCC TOC ATA AAA CAC TITT GTC GCG AAC AAC CAG GAA ACG AAC AGG ATG GTA 161 Cys lie Lyn His Phe Val Ala Asn Asn Gin Giu The Asn Arg Met Val CTG GAC ACG ATC 540 Vol Asp Thr lle 180 OTG TCC GAG CGA GCC CTC AGA GAA ATA TAT CTG AAA GGT TTT GAA ATT Val Ser Glu Arg Ala Leu Arg Glu lie Tyr Leu Lys Gly Phe Glu lie AAG 600 Αla Lys Lys 200 GCA AGA CCC TGG ACC GTG ATG AGC GCT TAC AAC AAA CTG AAT GGA AAA TAC Ala Arg Pro Trp Thr Val Met Ser Ala Tyr Ara Lys Leu Asa Gly Lys Tyr TOT TCA CAG 660 Cys 220 MC GAA TGG CTT TTG AAG AAG GTT CTC AGG GAA GAA TGG GGA TTT GGC GGT TTC Asa Glu Trp Leu Leu Lys Lys Val Leu Arg Glu Glu Trp Gly Pac Gly CTG Gly AGC GAC TGG TAC GCG GGA GAC AAC CCT GTA GAA CAG CTC AAG GCC GGA AAC Scr Asp Trp Tyr Ala Giy Asp Asa Pro Vol Giu Gin Leu Lys Ata Giy Asa ATC GAT ATG 780 260 ATG CCT GGG AAA GCG TAT CAG GTG AAC ACA GAA AGA AGA GAT GAA ATA Met Pro Gly Lys Ala Tyr Gln Val Asn Thr Glu Arg Arg Asp Glu Ile GAA GAA ATC ATG 840 Clu Glu lic Met 280 GAG GCG TTG AAG GAG GGA AAA TTG AGT GAG GAG GTT CTC GAT GAG TGT Glu Ala Leu Lys Glu Gly Lys Leu Ser Glu Glu Val Leu Asp Glu AGA AAC ATT ALE Asn lic 300 CTC AAA GIT CTT GTG AAC GCG CCT TCC TTC AAA GGG TAC AGG TAC TCA Leu Lys Vol Leu Vol Asn Alo Pro Ser Phe Lys Gly Tyr Arg Tyr Ser AAC AAG CCG GAT Lys Pro Asp CTC GAA TCT CAC GCG GAA GTC GCC TAC GAA GCA GGT GCG GAG GGT GTT 961 Leu Giu Ser His Ata Giu Val Ata Tyr Giu Ata Giy Ata Giu Giy Val CTC CIT CTT GAG 1020 Val 340 1021 AAC AAC GGT GTT CTT CCG TTC GAT GAA AAT ACC CAT GTC GCC GTC TTT Ash Ash Gly Val Leu Pro Phe Asp Glu Ash The Ho Val Ala GGC ACC CCT 1080 1081 ATC GAA ACA ATA AAG GGA GGA ACG GGA AGT GGA GAC ACC CAT CCG AGA lle Clu Thr lle 1.yx Gly Gly Thr Gly Ser Gly Asp The His Peu Arg TAC ACG ATC TCT 1140 Tyr Thr He 380 1141 ATC CTT GAA GGC ATA AAA GAA AGA AAC ATG AAG ITC GAC GAA GAA CTC 381 He Lieu Glu Gly He Lys Glu Arg Asn Mei Lys Phe Asp Glu Glu Leu GCT TCC ACT TAT 12(X) Ala Sei 400

Figure:.5a

1201 GAG GAG TAC ATA AAA AAG ATG AGA GAA ACA GAG GAA TAT AAA CCC AGA ACC GAC FCT 401 Glu Glu Tyr He Lyx Lyx Mer Arg Glu Thr Glu Glu Tyr Lyx Pro Arg TGG 1260 fbr Asp 1261 GGA ACG GTC ATA ANA CCG ANA CTC CCA GAG ANT TTC CTC TCA GAN ANA 421 Gly Thr Val He Lya Pro Lya Leu Pro Glu Assa Phe Leu Ser Glu Lya ATA AAG AAA Lys LYS 1321 CCT CCA AAG AAA AAC GAT GTT GCA GTT GTT GTG ATC AGT AGG ATC TCC 441 Pro Pro Lys Lys Asn Asp Val Ala Val Val Val lic Ser Arg lic Ser CCT GGA 1380 Gly Clu Cly 1381 GAC AGA AAG CCG GTG AAA GGT GAC TTC TAC CTC TCC GAT GAC GAG CTG Asp Arg Lys Pro Vai Lys Gly Asp Phe Tyr Leu Ser Asp Asp Glu Leu GAA CTC ATA Glu Leu He Lys 480 1441 ACC GTC TCG AAA GAA TTC CAC GAT CAG GGT AAG AAA GTT GTG GTT CTT Thr Val Ser Lys Glu Phe His Asp Gln Gly Lys Lys Val Val AAC ATC GGA 1500 Vai Leu Leu Asn He 1501 AGT CCC ATC GAA GTC GCA AGC TGG AGA GAC CTT GTG GAT GGA ATT CTT Ser Pro ile Giu Vai Ala Ser Trp Arg Asp Leu Vai Asp Giy ile CTC CTC TGG CAG Val Trp Gla 520 1561 GCG GGA CAG GAG ATG GGA AGA ATA GTG GCC GAT GTT CTT GTG GGA AAG 521 Ala Gly Gin Glu Met Gly Arg lic Val Ala Asp Val Leu Val Gly Lys ccc TCC 1620 Pro 540 1621 GGA AAA CTT CCA ACG ACC TTC CCG AAG GAT TAC TCG GAC GTT CCA TCC City Lys Leu Pro Thr Thr Phe Pro Lys Asp Tyr Ser Asp Val Pro Ser TGG ACG TTC CCA 1680 560 1681 GGA GAG CCA AAG GAC AAT CCG CAA AGA GTG GTG TAC GAG GAA GAC ATC 561 Gly Glu Pro Lys Asp Asn Pro Gin Arg Val Val Tyr Glu Glu Asp lic TAC GTG GGA Val City Tyr 1741 AGG TAC TAC GAC ACC TTC GGT GTG GAA CCT GCC TAC GAA TTC GGC TAC Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Thr Phe Gly Val Glu Pro Ala Tyr Glu Phe Gly Tyr GGC CTC TCT GIV 1801 ACA ANG TIT GAN THE ANN GAT THE ANN ATC GCT ATC GAC GGT GAG ACG The Lys Phe Glu Tyr Lys Asp Leu Lys lie Als lie Asp Gly Glu CTC AGA CTG TCG 1860 Lev Arg Val 620 1861 TAC ACG ATC ACA AAC ACT GGG GAC AGA GCT GGA AAG GAA GTC TCA CAG Tyr Thr lie Thr Asn Thr Gly Asp Arg Ala Gly Lys Glu Val Ser TAC ATC 1970 Val Tyr lle Lys 1921 GCT CCA AMA GGA AMA ATA GAC AMA CCC TTC CAG GAG CTG AMA GCG TTT Ala Pro Lys Gly Lys lic Asp Lys Pro Phe Gla Glu Leu Lys Ala CAC \*\* ACA 1980 His Lys Thr Lys 660 1981 CTT TTG AAC CCG GGT GAA TCA GAA GAA ATC TCC TTG GAA ATT CCT CTC Leu Leu Asn Pro Gly Glu Ser Glu Glu lle AGA GAT CTT GCG 2040 Ser Leu Gla Arg Leu 680 2041 AGT TTC GAT GGG AAA GAA TGG GTT GTC GAG TCA GGA GAA TAC GAG GTC 681 Ser Phe Asp Gly Lys Glu Trp Val Val Glu Ser Gly Glu Tyr AGG CTC CCT GCA 2100 Giv Arg Val 700 2101 TCT TCG AGG GAT ATA AGG TTG AGA GAT ATT TTT CTG GTT GAG GGA GAG AAG 701 Ser Ser Arg Asp lie Arg Leu Arg Asp lie Phe Leu Val Glu Gly Glu AGA TTC 2160 Lys Arg Phe 770 2161 CCA TGA 2166 721 Pro End 722

Figure 5b(Continued)

# THERMOCOCCUS AEDIII2RA GLYCOSIDASE (188/C) COMPLETE GENE SEQUENCE - 9/95

COMPLETE GENT SECURIORS (188/C)
ATC ATC CAC TEC OFF THE SERVENCES TO DISC
Met Ila His Cys Pro Val Lys Gly Ila Ila Sar Glu Ala Arg Gly Ila Thr Ila Thr Ila Cys Grant Act are all the Gar TTA ACT TTE GAR ATA GO
51 GAT TTA ACT TO A TO THE TOTAL THE
61 GAT TTA AGT TTT CAA GGC CAA ATA AAT AAT TTG GTG AAT GCT ATG ATT GTC TTT CCC GAG 120
and Sar Pha Cin Ciy Gin Ila Asn Asn Lau Val Asn Al ATC ATT GTC TIT CCG CAG 120
121 TTC TTC CTC TTC CTC TTC CTC TTC CTC TTC CTC TTC TTC TTC TTC CTC TTC CTC TTC CTC TTC CTC TTC CTC TTC TT
121 TTC TTC CTC TTT GGA ACC GCC ACA TCT TCT CAT CAG ATC GAG GGA GAT AAT AAA TCG AAC 180  181 GAC TGG TGG TAG TAG TAG TAG TAG TAG TAG TGG TG
and the Gly The Ala The See See His Cln Ile Gly Gly AT AT THE THE ISO
181 GAC TGG TGG TAT TAT GAG GAG ATA CGT AAG CTC CCC TAC AAA TCC GGT AAA CCC TGC AAT 240
61 ASP TEP TEP TYE THE CAN ATA GOT ANG CTC CCC TAC ANA TCC GOT AND CCC CCC
61 ASP TEP TEP TYE TYE GIU GIU IIE GIY LYS LEU PEO TYE LYS SEE GIY LYS ALA CCC TCC AAT 240 241 CAC TCG GAG CTT TAG 100 CH
241 CAC TGG GAG CTT TAC AGG GAA GAT ATA GAG CTA ATG GCA CAG CTC GGC TAC AAT GCC TAC BI His TEP Glu Lou Tyr Arg Glu Asp Ilo Glu Lou Hot Ala Gln Lou Glv Tor AAT GCC TAC JOO
BI HIS TEP Glu Leu Tyr Arg Glu ASP Ile Glu In AND GCA CAG CTC GGC TAC AAT GCC TAC
81 His Trp Glu Lou Tyr Arg Glu Asp Ile Glu Lou Hot Ale Gln Leu Gly Tyr Asn Ale Tyr 100
101 ATO BE CONTINUE ATA GAG TOG ACC COT CTC TTC CCG GAA GAG CCC
101 CGC TTT TCG ATA GAG TGG AGC CGT CTC TTC CCG GAA GAG GGC AAA TTC AAT GAA GAA GCC 160
161 TTC AAC COO COO COO COO COO COO COO COO CO
161 TTC AAC CGC TAC CGT GAA ATA ATT GAA ATC CTC CTT GAG AAG GGG ATT ACT CCA AAC GTT 420 121 Pho Aon Arg Tyr Arg Glu Ilo Ilo Glu Ilo Lou Lou Glu Lys Gly Ilo Thr Pro Agn Val 140 421 ACA CTG CAC CAC CAC CAC CAC CAC CAC CAC
APR CIU Ilo Ilo Glu Ilo Lou Lou Glu Lys Gly Ilo The Pro AAC GIT 420
421 ACA CTG CAC CAC TTC ACA TCA CCC CTG CTG CTG CTG CTG CTG CTG CTG CTG
421 ACA CTG CAC CAC TTC ACA TCA CCG CTG TGG TTC ATG CGG AAG GGA GGC TTT TTG AAG GAA 480  481 GAA AAG CTC AAG CAC TTC ACA TCA CCG CTG TGG TTC ATG CGG AAG GGA GGC TTT TTG AAG GAA 480  481 GAA AAG CTC AAG CAC TTC ACA TCA CCG CTG TGG TTC ATG CGG AAG GGA GGC TTT TTG AAG GAA 480
GAN AND CTC AND THE TEG CAG CAG TAC CTT CAT AND COM
481 GAA AAC CTC AAG TAC TGG GAG CAG TAC GTT GAT AAA GCC GCG GAG CTC CTC AAG GGA GTC 540 GLU ABR Lou Lys Tyr Trp Glu Gln Tyr Vol Asp Lys Ala Ala Glu Leu Lou Lys Gly Val 180
181 Lys Lou Vol Ala The Pho Ash Glu Pro Not Val Tyr Val Not You Cit ACA CCC 600
201 Tyr Trp Pro Pro Pro Pho 11a Lys Sur Pro Pho Lys Ala Bhe 199 Sec GC GCA AAC CTC CTT 660
241 Ash Ilo Pro Ilo Mot Lou Pro Ala Sor Ash Arg Glu Lys Ash Val Glu Ala Ala Gle Lys 260
261 Ala Amp Ann Lou Pho Ann Trp Ann Pho Lou Amp Ala Ila Trp Sor Gly Lyn Tyr Lyn Gly 280
841 GCT TIT GGA ACT TAC AAA ACT CCA GAA AGC GAT GCA GAC TTC ATA GGG ATA AAC TAC TAC 900 281 Alo Pho Gly Thr Tyr Lys Thr Pro Gly Sor Asp Alo Asp Pho Ilo Gly Ilo Asn Tyr Tyr 300
901 ACA GCC AGC GAG GTA AGG CAT AGC TGG AAT CCG CTA AAG TIT TTC TTC GAT GCC AAG CTT 960 301 Thr Ala Sor Glu Val Arg His Sor Trp Asn Pro Leu Lys Pho Pho Pho Asp Ala Lys Leu 320
341 Glu Ala Ila Ala Lya Val Sar His Tyr Gly Lya Pro Mor The ACG GAA AAC GGG ATA 1080
114) 114 Edu Gin Tyr Val His 360
181 Lyn Ala Lou Ann And Gly Pho And Lou Arg Gly Tyr Pho Tyr Tyr San Ala Lau Ann And Gly Pho And Lou Arg Gly Tyr Pho Tyr Tyr San Ala Lau Ann And Lau Ann And Lau And La
181 Lyd Ala Lou Ash Asp Gly Pho Asp Lou Arg Gly Tyr Pho Tyr Trp Ser Phe Het Asp Ash 400
181 Lyd Ala Lou Ash Asp Gly Pho Asp Lou Arg Gly Tyr Pho Tyr Trp Ser Phe Het Asp Ash 400
181 Lyd Ala Lou Ann And Gly Pho And Lou Ard Gly Tyr Pho Tyr Trp Ser Phe Het And And 1200 1201 TTC GAG TGG GCT GAG GCT TTT AGA CCA CGC TTT GGG CTG GTC GAG GTG GAC TAC ACG ACC 101 Phe Glu Trp Ala Glu Gly Phe Ard Pro Ard Pho Gly Lou Val Glu Val Ard Coc CCC 1260
181 Lyd Ala Lou Ash Asp Gly Pho Asp Lou Arg Gly Tyr Pho Tyr Trp Ser Phe Het Asp Ash 1200 1201 TTC GAG TCG GCT GAG CCT TTT AGA CCA CCC TTT GGG CTG GTC GAG GTG GAC TAC ACG ACC 401 1260 Pho Glu Trp Ala Glu Gly Pho Arg Pro Arg Pho Gly Lou Val Glu Val Asp Tyr Thr Thr 420 1261 TTC AAG AGG AGG CCG ACL AND ASS GTG GAC CCC 420 1261 TTC AAG AGG AGG CCG ACL AND ASS GTG GAC ACC ACC 420 1261 TTC AAG AGG AGG CCG ACL AND ASS GTG GAC ACC ACC 420 1261 TTC AAG AGG AGG CCG ACL AND ASS GTG GAC TAC ACC ACC 420 1261 TTC AAG AGG AGG CCG ACL AND ASS GTG GAC TAC ACC ACC 420 1261 TTC AAG AGG AGG CCG ACL AND ASS GTG GAC TAC ACC ACC ACC ACC ACC ACC ACC ACC A
181 Lyd Ala Lou Ash Asp Gly Pho Asp Lou Arg Gly Tyr Pho Tyr Trp Ser Phe Het Asp Ash 1200 1201 TTC GAG TCG GCT GAG CCT TTT AGA CCA CCC TTT GGG CTG GTC GAG GTG GAC TAC ACG ACC 401 1260 Pho Glu Trp Ala Glu Gly Pho Arg Pro Arg Pho Gly Lou Val Glu Val Asp Tyr Thr Thr 420 1261 TTC AAG AGG AGG CCG ACL AND ASS GTG GAC CCC 420 1261 TTC AAG AGG AGG CCG ACL AND ASS GTG GAC ACC ACC 420 1261 TTC AAG AGG AGG CCG ACL AND ASS GTG GAC ACC ACC 420 1261 TTC AAG AGG AGG CCG ACL AND ASS GTG GAC TAC ACC ACC 420 1261 TTC AAG AGG AGG CCG ACL AND ASS GTG GAC TAC ACC ACC 420 1261 TTC AAG AGG AGG CCG ACL AND ASS GTG GAC TAC ACC ACC ACC ACC ACC ACC ACC ACC A
181 Lys Ala Lou Ash Asp Gly Pha Asp Lou Arg Gly Tyr Pha Tyr Trp Ser Pha Het Asp Ash 400  1201 TTC GAG TGG GCT GAG GCT TTT AGA CCA CGC TTT GGG CTG GTC GAG GTG GAC TAC ACG ACC 401  Pha Glu Trp Ala Glu Gly Pha Arg Pro Arg Pha Gly Lou Val Glu Val Asp Tyr Thr Thr 420  1261 TTC AAG AGG AGA CCG AGA AAG ACT GCT TAC ATA TAT GGA GAA ATT GCA AGG GAA AAG AAA 1120  1271 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THE THR 440  1381 Lys Ala Lou Ash Asp Glu Gat GAT GCT TAC ATA TAT GGA GAA ATT GCA AGG GAA AAG AAA 1120  1391 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THE THR 440  1301 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THE THR 440  1312 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THE THR 440  13131 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THE THR 440  1314 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1315 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1316 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1317 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1318 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1318 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1318 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1319 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1319 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1319 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1310 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1310 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1310 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1310 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1310 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1400 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1
181 Lys Ala Lou Ash Asp Gly Pha Asp Lou Arg Gly Tyr Pha Tyr Trp Ser Pha Het Asp Ash 400  1201 TTC GAG TGG GCT GAG GCT TTT AGA CCA CGC TTT GGG CTG GTC GAG GTG GAC TAC ACG ACC 401  Pha Glu Trp Ala Glu Gly Pha Arg Pro Arg Pha Gly Lou Val Glu Val Asp Tyr Thr Thr 420  1261 TTC AAG AGG AGA CCG AGA AAG ACT GCT TAC ATA TAT GGA GAA ATT GCA AGG GAA AAG AAA 1120  1271 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THE THR 440  1381 Lys Ala Lou Ash Asp Glu Gat GAT GCT TAC ATA TAT GGA GAA ATT GCA AGG GAA AAG AAA 1120  1391 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THE THR 440  1301 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THE THR 440  1312 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THE THR 440  13131 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THE THR 440  1314 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1315 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1316 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1317 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1318 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1318 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1318 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1319 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1319 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1319 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1310 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1310 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1310 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1310 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1310 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1311 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1400 ATA AAA GAC GAA CTG GCD ALS BUT THR 440  1
181 Lyg Ala Lou Agn Agg Gly Pho Agg Lou Arg Gly Tyr Pho Tyr Trp Ser Phe Het Agg Agn 400  1201 TTC GAG TGG GCT GAG GCT TTT AGA CCA CGC TTT GGG CTG GTC GAG GTG GAC TAC ACG ACC 1260  401 Phe Glu Trp Ala Glu Gly Phe Arg Pro Arg Phe Gly Lou Val Glu Val Agg Tyr Thr Thr 420  1261 TTC AAG AGG AGA CCG AGA AAG AGT GCT TAC ATA TAT GGA GAA ATT GCA AGG GAA AAG AAA 1120  Phe Lyg Arg Arg Pro Arg Lyg Ser Ala Tyr Ilo Tyr Gly Glu Ile Ala Arg Gly Lyg Lyg Lyg Lyg Lyg Lyg Lyg Lyg Lyg Ly

Figure 6

# THERMOCOCCUS CHITONOPHAGUS GLYCOSIDASE - 22G COMPLETE SEQUENCE - 9/95

1 TTG CTT CCA GAG AAC TOTA CTG	
1 TTG CTT CCA GAG AAC TTT CTC TGG GGA GTT TCA CAG TCC GGA TTC CAG TTT GAA ATG GUG 60 Het Leu Pro Glu Asn Phe Leu Trp Gly Val Ser Gln Ser Gly Phe Gln Phe Glu Het Gly 20	,
out of the Clu Mer Clu Se	)
61 GAC AGA CTG AGG AGG CAC ATT GAT CCA AAC ACA GAT TGG TGG TAC TGG GTA AGA GAT GAA 12	^
TIP TYP TYP TYP TYP Val Arg Asp Clu	
*** IAT AAT ATC AAA AAA Oo	
The state of the Asp Car The San Car The S	)
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TO THE USE OF THE PARTY OF THE	
441 GGA ATT GAA TGG 100 101 000 000	
241 GGA ATT GAA TGG AGC AGA GTA TTT CCA TGG CCA ACG ACT TTT GTC GAC GTG CAG TAT GAA 300 81 Gly lie Glu Trp Ser Arg Val Phe Pro Trp Pro Thr Thr Phe Val Asp Val Glu Tyr Glu 100	
301 ATT GAT GAG TYT TAG 200	
100 ATT GAT GAG TCT TAC GGG TTG GTA AAG GAT GTG AAG ATT TCT AAA GAC GCA TTA GAA AAA 160 101 Ile Asp Glu Ser Tyr Gly Leu Val Lys Asp Val Lys Ile Ser Lys Asp Als Leu Glu Lys 120	
The Ser Lys App Ala Leu Clu tun	
161 CTT GAT GAA ATC GCT AAC CAA AGG GAA ATA ATA TAT TAT AGG AAC CTA ATA AAT TCC CTA 420	
194 Tyr Ary Ash Leu Ile Ash Ser Leu 140	
421 AGA AAG AGG GCT TTT AAG CTA ATA	
The let the le	
481 CAT GAT CCT ATC GAA TCT ACA GAA AND GAA	
341 GAA AGG AGT GTT 1T1 GAG TOTAL GGG	
601 ATA GTA GAC ATG TGG 100 100 100 100 170 200 AIG 197 Lys Phe Gly Asp 200	
601 ATA GTA GAC ATG TGG AGC ACA TIT AAT GAA CCT ATG GTG GTC GCC GAG TTG GGG TAT TTA 660 201 Ile Val Asp Het Trp Ser Thr Phe Asn Glu Pro Het Val Val Ala Glu Leu Gly Tyr Leu 220	
661 CCC CC3 mag con and con and con and con the control of the contro	
661 GCC CCA TAC TCA GGA TTC CCC CCG GGA GTC ATG AAT CCA GAA GCA GCA AAG TTA GTT ATG 221 Ala Pro Tyr Ser Gly Phe Pro Pro Gly Val Met Arm Tra Gla GCA GCA AAG TTA GTT ATG 720	
The All Pio Giu Ala Ala Lys Leu Val Met 240	
721 CTA CAT ATG ATA AAC GCC CAT GCT TTA GCA TAT AGG ATG ATA AAG AAA TTT GAC AGA AAA 780	
260 The Lys Lys Phe Asp Arg Lys	
781 AAA GCT GAT CCA GAA TCA AAA GAA CCA GCT GAA ATA GGA ATT ATA TAC AAT AAC ATC GGC 840	
280 The Gly 11e lie Tyr Asn Asn Ile Gly 280	
841 GTC ACA TAT CCG TTT AAT CCC AND GOOD CONTROL OF CON	
281 Val Thr Tyr Pro Phe Asn Pro Lys Asp Ser Lys Asp Leu Gln Ala Ser Asp Asn Ala Asn 300	
901 TTC TTC CAC ACT GGG CTA TTC TTA ACC ACT ACC	
961 GAC GGA GAG ACA TOT COTT MAG COTT COLUMN TO COLUMN THE COLUMN	
961 GAC GGA GAG ACA TIT GIT TAC CIT CCA TAT TIA AAG GGC AAT GAT TGG CTG GGA GTG AAT 1020 321 Asp Gly Glu Thr Phe Val Tyr Leu Pro Tyr Leu Lys Gly Asn Asp Trp Leu Gly Val Asn 340	
1021 TAT TAT ACA ACA CAA COO COO COO COO COO COO COO	
1021 TAT TAT ACA AGA GAA GTC GTT AAA TAC CAA GAT CCC ATG TTT CCA AGT ATC CCT CTC ATA 1080 341 Tyr Tyr Thr Arg Glu Val Val Lys Tyr Gln Asp Pro Het Phe Pro Ser Ile Pro Leu Ile 360	
1081 Acc are the pro Ser Ile Pro Leu Ile 360	
1081 AGC TTC AAG GGC GTT CCA GAT TAT GGA TAC GGA TGT AGA CCA GGA ACG ACG TCA AAG GAC 1140	
180 Jan 2019 The The Ser Lys Asp	
1141 CGT AAT CCT GTT AGT GAC ATT GGA TCG GAG GTA TAT CCC AAA GGC ATG TAC GAC TCT ATA 1200	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
1201 GTA GCT GCC AAT GAA TAT GGA CTT GCT GTA GTA GTA	
401 Val Ala Ala Asn Glu Tyr Gly Val Pro Val Tyr Val Thr Glu Asn Gly Ile Ala Asp Ser 420	
1261 AAA GAT GTA TTA AGG CCC TAT TAG AGG CCC	
Ata Het Glu Ala Tyr 440	

Figure 7a

1321 441		AA!	T CC	T TA	T GAG	CTC Val	Acc	Cly	TAC	TT/	CAC His	TCC Trp	GCA Ala	TTA Leu	ACC	CAT	• ^^1	TAC	: GAA	TGG Trp	1 (n
1381 461		. 177	l GG(	777	* ACA	4.70															1440
1441 481	***	CCC	ACC	***	AAG	ACT	~														1500
1501 501	AGC	AAC	ATC	ACC	AAA	CAC	170						15 51	36				,		••••	500

Figure 7b(Continued)

## PYROCOCCUS FURIOSUS GLYCOSIDASE - 701 COMPLETE GENE SEQUENCE - 10/95

1 ATG TTC COTT CAN AND	
1 AIG TIC COT GAA AAG TIC CIT IGG GGT GTG GCA CAA TCG GGT TIT CAG TIT GAA ATG ( 1 Het Phe Pro Glu Lys Phe Leu Trp Gly Val Ala Gln Ser Gly Phe Gln Phe Glu Het ( 61 GAT AAA CTC AGG AGG AAT ATM GAG AGG	
Lys Phe Leu Trp Gly Val Ala Gin Ser Gly Pho Gly	iGC ε0
61 GAT ANA CTC ACC ACC	ilv on
61 GAT AAA CTC AGG AGG AAT ATT GAC ACT AAC ACT GAT TGG TGG CAC TGG GTA AGG GAT A 21 ASP Lys Leu Arg Arg Asn Ile Asp Thr Asn Thr Asp Trp Trp His Trp Val Arg Asp L 121 ACA AAT ATA GAG AAA GGC CTC GTT AGG TAT AGG TGG TGG TGG TGG TGG TGG	
The Asia The Asia Try Try His Try Val Asia Try	AG 120
121 ACA ART ATA GAG ARA GGC CTC GTT AGT GGA GAT CTT CCC GAG GAG GGG ATT AAC AAT T 41 Thr Ash Ile Glu Lys Gly Leu Val Ser Gly Asp Leu Pro Glu Glu Gly Ile Ash A	Y3 40
IGF ASH II- GIU LYS GIV LEU VAL SET GIV ASH CTT CCC GAG GAG GGG ATT AAC ART T	٠
INI CAC COR	
61 GIU LOU TAY GIT ING GAC CAT GAG ATT GCA AGA AAG CTG GGT CTT	- 50
181 GAG CTT TAT GAG AAG GAC CAT GAG ATT GCA AGA AAG CTG GGT CTT AAT GCT TAC AGA AG 61 Glu Leu Tyr Glu Lys Asp His Glu Ile Ala Arg Lys Leu Gly Leu Asn Ala Tyr Arg II 241 GGC ATA GAG TGG AGG AGA ATA TTG TGA TAG	'A 240
241 GGC BTB GBG BGG	
241 GGC ATA GAG IGG AGC AGA ATA ITC CCA IGG CCA ACG ACA TIT ATT GAT GIT GAT TAT ACG III GIY Ile Glu Trp Ser Arg Ile Phe Pro Trp Pro Thr Thr Phe Ile Asp Val Asp Tyr Se	_
The Pro Trp Pro Thr Thr Phe Ile Asp Val Asm Thr	⊂ 300
301 TAT AAT GAA TOA TAT AAC CTT ATA GAA GAT GTA AAG ATC ACC AAG GAC ACT TTG GAG GA 101 Tyr Asn Glu Ser Tyr Asn Leu Ile Glu Asp Val Lys Ile Thr Lys Asn TTG GAG GA	r 100
101 TYE ASH GAX TOX TAT AND CIT ATA GAX GAT GTA ANG ATC ACC ANG GAC ACT TTG GAG GA 101 TYE ASH GLU SER TYE ASH LEU ILE GLU ASP VAL LYS ILE THE LYS ASP THE LEU GLU GL 101 TTA GAT GAG ATC GCC AND ANG ACC CAR GROWN	360
361 TTA GAT CAC AND AND AND AND AND THE LEW GLU GI	ארו ב
361 TTA GAT GAG ATC GCC AAC AAG AGG GAG GTG GCC TAC TAT AGG TCA GTC ATA AAC AGC CTC Leu Asp Glu Ile Ala Asn Lys Arg Glu Val Ala Tyr Tyr Arg Ser Val Ile Asn Ser Lei 421 AGG AGC AAG GGG TTT ABG CTT AND ACT AGG TCA GTC ATA AAC AGC CTC AGG AGG AGG AAG GGG TTT ABG CTT AND ACT AGG TT ATA ACC AGG TTT ABG CTT AND ACT AGG TT AGG TTT	- 120
And Ash Lys Arg Glu Val Ala Tyr Tyr Arg Ser Vol ATA AAC AGC CT	120
421 1Gt acc and con	1 140
141 And See Lys Gly The Lys Val Ile Val Ann Leu Ann Mis Phe Thr Leu Pro Tyr Trp Leu 481 CAT GAT CCC ATT GAG GCT NGG GLO Ann Leu Ann Mis Phe Thr Leu Pro Tyr Trp Leu	
40: OF The Leu Pro Tyr Tro In	480
48: CAT GAT CCC ATT GAG GCT AGG GAG AGG GCG TTA ACT AAT AAG AGG AAC GGC TGG GTT AAC 161 Kis Asp Pro Ile Glu Ala Arg Glu Arg Ala Leu Thr Ash Lys Arg Arg Clu TGG GTT AAC	160
161 Kis Asp Pro Ile Glu Ala Arg Glu Arg Ala Leu Thr Ash Lys Arg Ash Gly Trp Val Ash 541 CCA AGA ACA GTT ATA GAG TTT GGT TAN	540
541 CCA ACA ACA COM	180
541 CCA AGA ACA GTT ATA GAG TTT GCA AAG TAT GCC GCT TAC ATA GCC TAT AAG TTT GGA GAT 191 Pro Arg Thr Val lie Glu Phe Ala Lys Tyr Ala Ala Tyr Ile Ala Tyr Lys Phe Gly Asp 601 ATA GTG GAT ATG TGG AGG ACC TAT AAG TTT GGA GAT	•••
The Gill Phe Ala Lys Tyr Ala Ala Tyr Ile Ala Tyr AGG TIT GGA GAT	600
601 AIA GTG GAT AIG TGG AGG AGG TTT AND GROUP GTG AND GTG AN	200
601 ATA GTG GAT ATG TGG AGC ACG TIT AAT GAG CCT ATG GTG GTT GTT GAG CTT GGC TAC CTA 201 Ile Val Asp Met Trp Se: Thr Phe Ash Glu Pro Met Val Val Glu Leu Gly Tyr Leu 661 GCC CCC TAC TCT GGC TTC GTT GGT TAC GTG GTG GTG GTG GTG GTG GTG GTG GTG GT	
66) GCC CCC The Let Gly Tyr let	660 220
ZZI ANA PTO THE TET GGC TTC CCT CCA GGG GTT CTA BAT CCA CAG	220
661 GCC CCC TAC TCT GGC TTC CCT CCA GGG GTT CTA AAT CCA GAG GCC GCA AAG CTG GCG ATA 221 Ala Pro Tyr Sar Gly Phe Pro Pro Gly Val Leu Asn Pro Glu Ala Ala Lys Leu Ala Ile 721 CTT CAC ATG ATA AAT GCA GAG GCC	720
721 CTT CAC ATC ATC ATC ATC ATC ATC ATC ATC	240
241 Leu His Mer Ile Asn Ala His Ali TAT AGG CAG ATA AAG AAG TTT CAS AGT CIG	
241 Leu His Met Ile Asn Als His Ala Leu Ala Tyr Arg Gln Ile Lys Lys Phe Asp Thr Glu 781 AAA GCT GAT AAG GRT TOT All STORY AND THE GLU	780
761 AM GCT GAT AAG GAT TCT AAA GAG CCT GCA GAA CCT GCA	260
701 AAA GCT GAT AAG GAT TCT AAA GAG CCT GCA GAA GIT GGT ATA ATT TAC AAC AAC ATT GGA 100 GTT GCT TAT GCC AAC GAT GGA GTU Val Gly Ile Ile Tyr Aan Aan Ile Gly 611 GTT GCT TAT GCC AAC GAT GGA GAT GTT GCT GTT GCT TAT GCC AAC GAT GTT GGA 611 GTT GCT TAT GCC AAC GAT GTT GTT GAT GTT GTT GTT GTT GTT GTT	840
841 GTT CCT THE COL	280
281 Val Ala Tyr Pro Lys Asp Pro Asn Asp Ser Lys Asp Val Lys Ala Ala Glu Asn Asp Asn 901 TTC TTC CAC TCA GGC GTC TTC TTC	
The Lys Asp Pro Asn Asp Ser Lys Asp Val Lys Ala Ala GAC AAC	900
901 TTC TTC CAC TCA GGG CTG TTC TTC GAG GCC ATA CAC ANA GGA ANA CTT ANT ATA GAG TTT 301 Phe Phe His Ser Gly Leu Phe Phe Glu Ala Ile His Lys Gly Lys Leu Are Ala GAG TTT	300
301 Phe Phe His Ser Gly Leu Phe Phe Glu Ala Ile His Lys Gly Lys Leu Asn Ile Glu Phe 961 GAC GGT GAA ACG TTT AND	0.00
961 GRC GGT Change and The Glu Phe	960 320
961 GAC GGT GAA ACG TTT ATA GAT GCC CCC TAT CTA AAG GGC AAT GAC TGG ATA GGG GTT AAT 321 Asp Gly Glu Thr Phe IIe Asp Ala Pro Tyr Leu Lys Gly Asp Asp TTO THE AGG GTT AAT	340
The Gly Glu Thr Phe Ile Asp Ala Pro Tyr Leu Lva Gly Ash LAC TGG ATA GGG GTT AAT	1020
1021 TRC TAC ACE 100 Classical Control of the Contr	340
341 TYP THE APR GIV VALUE THE CAG GAA CCA ATG TTT CCT TCA ATG	
341 Tyr Tyr Thr Arg Glu Val Val Thr Tyr Gln Glu Pro Het Phe Pro Ser Ile Pro Leu Ile	1080
1081 ACC TIT AAG GGA GIT CAA GGA TAT GGC TAT GCC TGC AGA CCT GGA ACT CTG TCA AAG GAT The Phe Lys Gly Val Gln Gly Tyr Gly Tyr Ala Cys Arg Pro Gly The Lys	360
THE PRO LYS GLY VAL GIN GLY TYE GIV TWE GCC TGC AGA CCT GGA ACT CTG TCA AAG GAT	1140
361 The Phe Lys Gly Val Gln Gly Tyr Gly Tyr Ala Cys Arg Pro Gly The Leu Ser Lys Asp 1141 GAC AGA CCC GTC ACC CAR ARE CAR ARE CYS Arg Pro Gly The Leu Ser Lys Asp	360
1141 GAC AGA CCC GTC AGC GAC ATA GGA TGG GAA CTC TAT CCA GAG GGG ATG TAC GAT TCA ATA 381 Asp Arg Pro Val Ser Asp lie Gly Trp Glu Leu Tyr Pro Glu Glu Mar TAC GAT TCA ATA	
	1200
1201 GTT CAR GCT CAC AND THE TAX ASP Ser 11e	400
1201 GTT CAA GCT CAC AAG TAC GGC GTT CCA GTT TAC GTG ACG GAG AAC GGA ATA GCG GAT TCA 401 Val Glu Ala His Lys Tyr Gly Val Pro Val Tyr Val Thr Glu Ash Gly Ile Ala Asp Ser	1260
The Gly val Pro Val Tyr Val Thr Gly Ann Gly The	1360
The state of the s	420

Figure 8a

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1321	~~	- (4)	-																		440
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501	Lys	Lys	Ile	Glu	G) u	Glu	Leu	Leu .	yrg.	Gly	End	15. 51:									

Figure 8b(Continued)

# Bankia gouldi endoglucanase (370F1)

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3' ATG AGA ATA CGT TTA CGC AGC com con con
Met Arg Ile Arg Leu Ala Thr Leu Ala Leu Cys Ala Ala Leu Ser Pro Val Thr
the beat cys and Ala Leu Ser Pro Val Thr
63 72 81 90 99
TIT GCA GAT AAT GTA ACC CTA GILLAGO TO THE GILLAGO THE GILLAGO TO THE GILLAGO THE GILLAGO TO THE GILLAGO THE GILLAGO TO THE GILLAGO TO THE GILLAGO TO THE GILLAGO TO THE GI
Phe Ale Asp Asn Val Thr Vol Gln Ile Asp Ala Asp Gly Cly Lys Lys Leu Ile
126 135 144 153
AGC CGA GCC CTT TAC GGC ATG AAT AAC TCC AAC GCA GAA AGC CTT ACC GAT ACT
Ser Arg Ala Leu Tyr Gly Met Asn Asn Ser Asn Ala Glu Ser Leu Thr Asp Thr
A = A
171 180 189 198 207 216
GAC TGG CAG CGT TTT CGC GAT GCA GGT GTG CGC ATG CTG CGG GAA AAT GGC GGC ABP TFP Gln Arg Phe Arg Asp Ala Glv Val Arg Mot I was a specific and specific accordance of the company of the com
Asp Trp Gln Arg Phe Arg Asp Ala Gly Val Arg Met Leu Arg Glu Asn Gly Gly
225
MC MC ACC ACC AND MAD NO. 243 252 261 270
AMC AMC AGC ACC AMA TAT AMC TOG CAM CTG CAC CTG AGC AGT CAT CCG GAT TOG ASH ASH Ser The Lys Tyr Ash Tyr Gle Lev Man Ash Ser Cat CCG GAT TOG
Asn Asn Ser The Lys Tyr Ash Trp Gln Leu His Leu Ser Ser His Pro Asp Trp
279 . 268
TAC AAC AAT GTC TAC GCC CCC and and 308 315 324
Tyr Asn Asn Val Tyr Ala Gly Asn Ash And TGG GAC AAC CGG GTA GCC CTG ATT
Tyr Asn Asn Val Tyr Ala Gly Asn Asn Asn Trp Asp Asn Arg Val Ala Leu Ile
333 342 25
CAG GAA AAC CTG CCC CCC CCC CCC CCC CCC CCC CCC CC
Gln Glu Asn Leu Pro Gly Ala Asp Thr Net Trp Ala Phe Gln Leu Ile Gly Lys
387 396 405 414 423
THE GOOD GOT ACT TOT CON MAD AND THE THE TABLE
Val Ala Ala Thr Ser Ala Tyr Asn Phe Asn Asp Try Glu Phe Asn Gln Ser Gln
4.44
441 450 459 468 477 486
TGG TGG ACC GGC GTC GCT CAG AAT CTC GCT GGC GGC GGT GAA CCC AAT CTG GAC TTP TTP Thr Gly Val Ala Gln Asp Leu Ala Clu Glu Glu GCC AAT CTG GAC
Trp Trp Thr Gly Val Ala Gln Asn Leu Ala Gly Gly Gly Glu Pro Asn Leu Asp
495 504
GGC GGC GGA GCC CTT CTT G13 522 531 540
GGC GGC GGA GCG CTG GTT GAA GGA GAC CCC AAT CTC TAC CTC ATG GAT TGG
Gly Gly Glu Ala Leu Val Glu Gly Asp Pro Asn Leu Tyr Leu Het Asp Trp
549 550 550
TCG CCA GCC GAC ACT CTC CCT ACT CCC ACT CTC CTC
Ser Pro Ala Asp Thr Val Giv His Lou Asp Unit To GGC GTA AAC GGG CTG
Ser Pro Ala Asp Thr Val Gly Ile Leu Asp His Trp Phe Gly Val Asn Gly Leu
603 612 621 630 639 CAR
GGC GTG CGG CGT GCC AAA GCC AAA mag mag 648
Gly Val Arg Arg Gly Lys Ala Lys Tyr Trp Ser Met Asp Asn Glu Pro Gly Ile
657 666 675 684 693 700
100 GIT GGC ACC CAC CAM COMA
Trp Val Gly Thr His Asp Asp Val Val Lys Glu Gln Thr Pro Val Glu Asp Phe
To val Glu Asp Phe

Figure %

\$

# Bankia gouldi andoglucanaso (370P1) (continuad)

711 720 729 738 747 756
CTG CAC ACC TAT TTC GAA ACC GCC AAA AAA GCC CGC GCC AAA TTT CCC GGT ATT
Leu His Thr Tyr Phe Glu Thr Alo Lys Lys Ala Arg Ala Lys Phe Pro Gly Ile

765 774 783 792 801 810

AAA ATC ACC GGT CCG GTG CCC GCT AAT GAG TGG CAG TGG TAT GCC TGG GGC GCT

Lys Ilo Thr Gly Pro Val Pro Ala Asn Glu Trp Gln Trp Tyr Ala Trp Gly Gly

HIS BIS BIS BIS BIS BIS BIS B64

TTC TCG GTA CCC CAG GAA CAA GGG TTT ATG AGC TGG ATG GAG TAT TTC ATC AAG

Phe Ser Val Pro Gln Glu Gln Gly Phe Met Ser Trp Met Glu Tyr Phe Ile Lys

873 882 891 900 909 918
CGG GTG TCT GAA GAG CAA CGC GCA AGT GGT GTT CGC CTC CTC GAT GTA CTC GAT
Arg Val Scr Glu Glu Gln Arg Ala Ser Gly Val Arg Leu Leu Asp Val Leu Asp

927 936 945 954 963 972 CTG CAC TAC TAC CCC GGC GCT TAC AAT GCG GAA GAT ATC GTG CAA TTA CAT CGC Lou His Tyr Tyr Pro Gly Ala Tyr Asn Ala Glu Asp Ile Val Gln Lou His Arg

981 990 999 1008 1017 1026 ACG TTC TTC GAC CGC GAC TTT GTT TCA CTG GAT GCC AAC GGG GTG AAA ATG GTA Thr Phe Pho Amp Arg Amp Pho Val Sor Lou Amp Ala Amn Gly Val Lie Met Val

GAA GGT GGC TGG GAT GAC AGC ATC AAC AAG GAA TAT ATT TTC GGG CGA GTG AAC GLU Gly Gly Trp Asp Asp Sor Ilo Asn Lys Glu Tyr Ila Pha Gly Arg Val Asn

1089 1098 1107 1116 1125 1134 GAT TGG CTC GAG GAA TAT ATG GGG CCA GAC CAT GGF GTA ACC CTG GGC TTA ACC Asp Trp Leu Glu Glu Tyr Met Gly Pro Asp His Gly Val Thr Leu Gly Leu Thr

GAA ATG TGC GTG CGC AAT GTG AAT CCG ATG ACT ACC GCC ATC TGG TAT GCC TCC GLU Mot Cys Val Arg Asn Val Asn Pro Mot Thr Thr Ala Ile Trp Tyr Ala Sar

ATG CTC GCC ACC TTC GCG GAT AAC GCC GTC GAA ATA TTC ACC CCA TGG TGC TGG Het Leu Gly Thr Phe Ala Asp Asn Gly Val Glu Ile Phe Thr Pro Trp Cys Trp

1251 1260 1269 1278 1287 1296
AAC ACC GGA ATG TGG GAA ACA CTC CAC CTC TTC AGC CGC TAC AAC AAA CCT TAT
Asn Thr Gly Het Trp Glu Thr Leu His Leu Pho Ser Arg Tyr Asn Lys Pro Tyr

1305 1316 1323 1332 1341 1350 CGG GTC GCC TCC AGC TCC AGT CTT GAA GAG TTT GTC AGC GCC TAC AGC TCC ATT Arg Val Ala Ser Ser Ser Ser Leu Glu Glu Phe Val Ser Ala Tyr Ser Ser Ile

ARC GAA GCA GAA GAC GCC ATG ACG GTA CTT CTG GTG AAT CGT TCC ACT AGC GAC ASN Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Met Thr Val Leu Val Asn Arg Ser Thr Ser Glu

Figure 9b(Continued)

# Bankia gouldi endoglucanase (37GP1) (continued)

1413 1422 1431 1440 1449 1458
ACC CAC ACC GCC ACT GTC GCT ATC GAC GAT TTC CCA CTG GAT GGC CCC TAC CGC
Thr His Thr Ala Thr Val Ala Ile Asp Asp Phe Pro Leu Asp Gly Pro Tyr Arg

1467 1476 1485 1494 1503 1512
ACC CTG CGC TTA CAC AAC CTG CCG GGG GAG GAA ACC TTC GTA TCT CAC CGA GAC
Thr Leu Arg Leu His Asn Leu Pro Gly Glu Glu Thr Phe Val Ser His Arg Asp

1521 1530 1539 1548 1557 1566
AAC GCC CTG GAA AAA GGT ACA GTG CGC GCC AGC GAC AAT ACG GTA ACA CTG CAG
Asn Ala Leu Glu Lys Gly Thr Val Arg Ala Ser Asp Asn Thr Val Thr Leu Glu

1575 1584 1593 1602 1611
TTG CCC CCT CTG TCC GTT ACT GCA ATA TTG CTC AAG GCC CGG CCC TAA 3'
Leu Pro Pro Leu Ser Val Thr Ala Ile Leu Leu Lys Ala Arg Pro \*\*\*

Figure 94 (Continued)

# Theresitoga maritima Alpha-qalactosidade Complete Gane Sequence ([ C f 3)

5. GTG ATC TGT GTG GAA ATTA TITC GGA ANG ACC TTC ACA GAG GGA AGA TTC GTT CT
Val Ile Cys Val Glu Ile Phe Gly Lys Thr Phe Arg Glu Gly Arg Fire Val Le
63 99
ANA GAG ANA ANC TITE ACA CIT GAG THE GCG GTG GAG ANG ATA CAC CIT GCC TGC
Lys Glu Lys Asn Pho Thr Val Glu Phe Ala Val Glu Lys Ile His Leu Gly Trp
AAG ATC TCC GGC AGG GTG AAG GGA AGT CCG GGA AGG CTT GAG GTT CTT CGA ACG
Lys Ile Ser Gly Arg Val Lys Gly Ser Pro Gly Arg Leu Glu Val Leu Arg Thr
171 100 200
ANA GCA CCC GAA AAG, GTA CTT GTG AAC AAC TGG CAG TGC TGG GGA CCG TGC AGG
Lys Ala Pro Glu Lys Val Leu Val Asn Asn Trp Gln Ser Trp Gly Pro Cys Arg
CTG GTC GAT GCC TTT TCT TTC AAA CCA CCT GAA ATA GAT CCG AAC TGG AGA TAC
Val Val Asp Ala Phe Ser Phe Lys Pro Pro Clu Ile Asp Pro Asm Trp Arg Tyr
279 288 297 206
ACC GCT TCG GTG GTC CCC GAT GTA CTT GAA AGG AAC CTC CAG AGC GAC TAT TTC
Thr Ala Ser Val Val Pro Asp Val Leu Glu Arg Asm Leu Gln Ser Asp Tyr Phe
333 342 351 360 369 378 GTG GCT GAA GAA GGA AAA GTG TAC GGT TTT CTG AAA ATC GCA CAT CCT
Val Ala Glu Glu Gly Lys Val Tyr Gly Phe Leu Ser Ser Lys Ile Ala Ris Pro
387 396 405 414
THE THE GET GIG GAA GAT GGG GAA CIT GIG GCA TAC CITC GAA TAT THE GAT GIC
Phe Phe Ala Val Glu Asp Gly Glu Leu Val Ala Tyr Leu Glu Tyr Phe Asp Val
GAG TTC GAC GAC TTT GTT CCT CTT GAA CCT CTC GTT GTA CTC GAG GAT CCC AAC
Glu Phe Amp Amp Phe Val Pro Leu Glu Pro Leu Val Val Leu Glu Amp Pro Ama
ACA CCC CITI CITI CTG GAG AAA TAC GCG GAA CTC GTC GGA ATG GAA AAC AAC GCG
The Pro Leu Leu Clu Lys Tyr Ala Clu Leu Val Cly Met Clu Asn Asn Ala
549 558 567 576 505
AGA GTT CCA ANA CAC ACA CCC ACT CGA TOG TGG AGG TGG TAG CAT TAG TTG CTT
Arg Val Pro Lys His Thr Pro The Gly Trp Cyt Ser Trp Tyr His Tyr Phe Leu

Figure 10a

## Thermotoga maritima Alpha-galactosidane Complete Gune Sequence (2 of 7)

GAT CTC ACC TOG GAA GAG ACT CTC AAG AAC CTC AAG CTC OCG AAG AAT TTC CCG
Asp Leu Thr Trp Glu Glu Thr Leu Lys Asn Leu Lys Leu Ala Lys Aon Phe Pro
657 665 cms
TTC GAG GTC TTC CAG ATA GAC GAC GCC TAC GAA AAG GAC ATA GGT GAC TGG CTC
Phe Glu Val Phe Gln Ile Asp Asp Ala Tyr Glu Lys Asp Ile Gly Asp Trp Leu
711 720 730 73
OTG ACA AGA GGA GAC TIT CCA TCG GTG GAA GAG ATG GCA AAA GTT ATA GCG GAA
Val Thr Arg Gly Asp Phe Pro Ser Val Glu Glu Met Ala Lys Val Ile Ala Glu
765 774 783 783
ANC GOT TTC ATC CCG GGC ATA TGG ACC GCC CCG TTC AGT GTT TCT GAA ACC TCC
Asn Gly Phe Ile Pro Gly Ile Trp Thr Ala Pro Phe Ser Val Ser Glu Thr Ser
819 828 837 945
CAT GIA TIC AAC GAA CAT CCO GAC TGG GTA GTG AAG GAA AAC GGA GAG CCG AAG
Asp Val Phe Asn Glu His Pro Asp Trp Val Val Lys Glu Asn Gly Glu Pro Lys
873 882 891 800 000
THE ARE ARE THE ARE AND AND AND THE OCC CTC GRIT CIT TOG ANA GAT
Met Ala Tyr Ary Asn Trp Asn Lys Lys Ile Tyr Ala Leu Asp Leu Ser Lys Asp
927 936 945 954 963 972
CAG GIT CTG AAC TGG CIT TIC GAT CTC TIC TCA TCT CTG AGA AAG ATG GGC TAC
Glu Val Leu Asn Trp Leu Phe Asp Leu Phe Ser Ser Leu Arg Lys Met Gly Tyr
981 990 999 1008 1017 1026 AGG TAC TTC AAG ATC GAC TTT CTC TTC GCG GGT GCC GTT CCA GGA GAA AGA AAA
Arg Tyr Phe Lyz Ile Asp Phe Leu Phe Ala Gly Ala Val Pro Gly Glu Arg Lys
AAG AAC ATA ACA CCA ATT CAG GCG TTC AGA AAA GGG ATT GAG ACG ATC AGA AAA
Lys Asn Ile Thr Pro Ile Gln Ala Phe Arg Lys Gly Ile Glu Thr Ile Arg Lys
. 1089
GCG GTG GGA GAA GAT TCT TTC ATC CTC GGA TGC GGC TCT CCC CTT CTT CCC GCA
Ala Val Gly Glu Asp Ser Phe Ile Leu Gly Cys Gly Ser Pro Leu Leu Pro Ala
1143 1152 1161 1170 1170 1170
CTG CCA TGC GTC GAC CCC ATG AGG ATA GGA CCT GAC ACT CCG CCG TTC TGG GGA
Val Gly Cys Val Asp Cly Met Arg Ile Gly Pro Asp Thr Ala Pro Phe Trp Gly

Figure 10 (Continued)

# Thermotoga maritima Alpha-galactusidade Complete Gone Sequence (3044)

1197 1206 1215 1224 1233 1242 GAA CAT ATA GAA GAC AAC CCA GCT CCC CCT GCA AGA 'FOG CCG CTG AGA AAC CCC
Glu His Ile Glu Asp Asn Gly Ala Pro Ala Ala Arg Trp Ala Lou Arg Asn Ala
1251 1260 1269 1278 1287 1296 ATA ACG AGG TAC TTC ATG CAC GAC ACG TTC TGC CTG AAC GAC CCC GAC TOT CTG
Ile Thr Arg Tyr Phe Mot His Asp Arg Phe Trp Leu Asm Asp Pro Asp Cys Leu
1305 1314 1323 1332 1341 1350 ATA CTG AGA GAG GAG AAA ACG GAT CTC ACA CAG AAG GAA AAG GAG CTC TAC TCG
Ile Lou Arg Glu Glu Lys Thr Asp Leu Thr Gln Lys Glu Lys Glu Leu Tyr Ser
1359 1368 1377 1386 1395 : 1404 TAC ACG TGT GGA GTG CTC GAC AAC ATG ATG ATA GAA AGG GAT GAT CTC TGC TGC
TYP Cys Cly Val Leu Asp Asn Met Ile Ile Glu Ser Asp Asp Leu Ser Leu
1613 1422 1431 1440 1449 1458 GTC AGA GAT CAT GGA AAA AAG GTT CTC AAA GAA AGG CTC GAA CTC CTC GGT GGA
val Ary Asp His Gly Lys Lys Val Leu Lys Glu Thr Leu Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly
ACA CCA CGG GTT CAA AAC ATC ATG TCG GAG GAT CTG ACA TAC GAG ATC GTC TCG
Arg Pro Arg Val Gln Asn Ile Met Ser Glu Asp Leu Arg Tyr Glu Ile Val Ser
TOT GGC ACT CTC TCA CCA AAC GTC AAG ATC GTG GTC GAT CTG AAC AGC AGA GAG
Ser Gly Thr Leu Ser Gly Asn Val Lys Ile Val Val Asp Lin Inc. Cm Ling Glu
TAC CAC CTG GAA AAA GAA GGA AAG TCC TCC CTG AAA AAA AGA GTC GTC AAA AGA
Tyr His Lou Glu Lys Glu Gly Lys Ser Ser Leu Lys Lys Arg Val Val Lys Arg
GAA GAC GCA AGA AAC TTC TAC TTC TAC GAA CAG GCT GAG AGA GAA TGA 3
Glu Asp Gly Arg Asn Phe Tyr Phe Tyr Clu Glu Gly Glu Ary Glu

Figure 10c (Continued)

# Thermotoga maritima β-mannanase (saper) (6693)

												~ ~			45			
			9			18			27		ccc	36	CT A	TCC	45	CAA	Terr	54
5,	ATG	GGG	ATT	GGT	GGC	GAC	GAC	TCC	166	AGC								
	Mer	Gly	T1e	Glv	Glv	λsp	Asp	Ser	Trp	Ser	Pro	Ser	Val	Ser	λla	Glu	Phe	Leu
		<b>U</b> -,		,	,				•									
			63			72			81			90			99			108
	TTA	TTG	ATC	CTT	GAG	CIC	TCT				TIT	GCX	ACT	CYC	GAG	TIC	CTG	XXX
			<del></del>								Dh.	11-				Dha	 V-1	
	Leu	Leu	Ile	Val	GIU	Leu	Ser	Pne	Val	Let	Pne	Λια	Ser	rep	Gru	FIIG	vaı	Lys
			117			126			135			144			153			162
	GTG	GAA	AAC	GGA	λλλ	TTC	GCT	CTG	AAC	GGλ	λλλ	GAA	TTC	λGλ	TTC	λTT	GGλ	AGC
	Val-	Glu	λs¤	Gly	Lys	Phe	Ala	Leu	λsn	Gly	Lys	Glu	Phe	Arg	Phe	Ile	Gly	Ser
						180			189			198			207			216
		AAC	171	ጥእሮ	ATG	CYC	TAC			λλC	GGA		ATA			GTT	CTG	
	λsn	Asn	Tyr	Tyr	Ket	His	Tyr	Lys	Ser	αaλ	Gly	Xet	Ile	yeb	Ser	Val	Leu	Glu
									- 43			252			261			270
		ccc	225			234	1 77 1	110	243	سكنت	AGA	252	TGG	GGT		CTC	GAC	
	AGT	GCC	AGA	GAC	ATG		AIA											
	Ser	Ala	λτσ	ASD	Met	Gly	Ile	Lys	Val	Leu	Arg	Ile.	Trp	Gly	Phe	Leu	yzb	Gly
				-														
			279			288			297	m10	3 mc	306	سب	G)G	315	CCT	بلملت	324
	GAG	AGT	TAC	TGC	AGA	GAC	AAG		<b>ACC</b>		V10							
	63.4	Ser	TV*	CVS	λrσ	Asp	Lvs	Asn	Thr	TYI	Met	His	Pro	Glu	Pro	Gly	Val	Phe
	010	361	-3-	-,-	,		•			_								
			333			342			351			360			369			378
	GGG	GTG	CCY	GΥΥ	GGA	λΤλ	TCG	YYC	GCC	CAG	AGC	GGT	TIC	GAA	AGA	CIC	GAC	TAC
		Val		C1::	Gly	T1-	Ser	Asn	Ala	Gln	Ser	Glv	Phe	Glu	Arg	Leu	Asp	Tyr
	GIY	ATT	PIO	GIU	GLY		<b>5</b> 42	,,,,,,,							•		•	•
			387			396			405			414			423			432
	AÇA	GTT	GCG	λλλ	GCG	λλλ	CYY	CLC	GGT	λTλ	λλλ	CTT	GTC	ATT	GTT	CII	GTG	AAC
		Val					~~~				LVE	T.eu	Val	710	Val	Leu	Val	Acn
	Thr	Val	Yla	Lys	YTZ	гуз	GIU	Leu	GLY	116	د وی	DEG	***				,,,	,
			441			450			459			468			477			486
	AAC	TGG	GAC	GAC	TTC	GGT	GCY	ATG	) AAC	CAG	TAC	GTG	λGG	TGG	TI	: GGA	. GGA	ACC
	λεπ	Trp	Ası	) Asp	Phe	Gly	Gly	Met	. Asn	Gln	тух	Val	Arg	TED	PD€	a cara	GIA	Thr
			499			504	ı		513	1		522			533			540
	CAT	ר באכ	GAC	GAT	TIC	TAC	, AG	CA1	r GAC	aac	AT(	: AAA	(GY)	GAG	TA	. AAA	AAC	TAC
	Ris	s His	EA E	e yai	Phe	TY	. Arg	J As	p Glu	Ly	ı Il	e Lys	3 Glu	ı Glu	TY:	r Ly:	Ly	Tyr

Figure 11a

Thomotoga	Dozitino β-n	Д <b>ал</b> дадо (з <u>е</u>	Continuo (continuo	a) (6GP2
549	***		_	•
GTC TCC TTT CTC GT	CA AAC CAT CTC A	67 57	585	594
		AT ACC THE AC	G GGA GTT CCT TA	C AGG GAA
Val Ser Phe Lau Va	A lav BiH neA la	sn The Tyr Th	r Cly Val n	
			- dry var Pro Ty	r Arg Glu
603	612 6	21 630	639	
GAG CCC ACC ATC AT	e ecc tec cyc c,	MT GCA AAC GAA	CCG CGC TGT CAC	648
			and	ACG GAC
Glu Pro Thr Ile Me	c Ala Trp Glu L	eu Ala Asn Glu	Pro Arg Cys Glu	Thr Asp
657				· ···· ASP
AAA TCG GGG AAC AC	670 CTT C30 E7	684	693	702
AAA TCG GGG AAC AC		G GTG AAG GAG	ATG AGC TCC TAC	ATA AAG
Lys Ser Gly Asn Th	Lou Val Glu Tr	D Val Im Clu	V	
		b rar bys Gru	net Ser Ser Tyr	Ile Lys
711	720 72	9 738	747	
AGT CTG GAT CCC AAC	CAC CTC GTG GC	T GTG GGG GAC	GAA GGA TOTO TOTO	756
Ser Leu Asp Pro Asr	His Leu Val Al.	a Val Gly Asp	Glu Gly Phe Phe	Ser Asp
765			•	
	774 78:	792	801	810
TAC GAA GGA TTC AAA	CUP TAC GGT GG	A CAY CCC CYC	TGG GCC TAC AAC	GGC TGG
Tyr Glu Gly Phe Lyo	Pro Tyr Gly Cl	·		
	,1	A GIR WIW GIR	Trp Ala Tyr Asn	Gly Trp
819	828 837	846	855	554
TCC GGT GTT GAC TGG	AAG AAG CTC CTT	TCG ATA GAG	ACG GTG GAC TOTA	864
Ser Gly Val Asp Trp	Lys Lys Leu Leu	Ser Ile Glu	Thr Val Asp Phe	Gly The
				···
873	882 891	900	909	918
TTC CAC CTC TAT CCG	TCC CAC TGG GGT	GIC YCL CCY	GAG AAC TAT GCC	CAG TGG
Phe His Lou Tyr Pro				
	iip diy	ANT SEL NIO	Glu Asn Tyr Ala	Gln Trp
927	936 945	954	063	
GGA GCG AAG TGG ATA	GAA GAC CAC ATA	AAG ATC GCA	963 AAA GAG ATC CCA	972
Gly Ala Lys Trp Ile	Glu Asp His Ile	Lys Ile Ala	Lys Glu Ile Clv	LATE DEC
				DJZ FIO
981	990 999	1008	1017	1026
GTT GTT CTG GAA GAA	TAT GGA ATT CCA	AAG AGT GCG	CCA GTT AAC AGA	ACG GCC
Val Val Leu Glu Glu	.ar ark tie blo	Lys Ser Ala	Pro Val Asn Arg	Thr Ala
1035 1	.066 1053	1062	3.00-	
ATC TAC AGA CTC TGG	AAC GAT CTG GTC	TAC GAT ርጉር /	1071	1080
Ile Tyr Arg Leu Trp	Asn Asp Leu Val	Tyr Asp Leu (	Gly Gly Asp Clus	Na Mar
	•		2 or 3 wah già i	TA MEL

Figure 11b(Continued)

Thermotoga mari	ima β-manna	masa (mez)	(Continue)	). G (-)
1089				`
TIC TGG ATG CTC CCC CC.		1116 CT 700	1125	1134
Phe Trp Met Leu Ala Gly		TO OUT OUT	WALL COM NO	
Phe Trp Met Leu Ala Gly	Ile Gly Glu G	ly Ser Asp Ass		
1143 1152		-3 oct wat wid	Asp Glu Arg Gly	Tyr
TAT CCG GAC TAC CAG	1161	1170	1170	
TAT CCG GAC TAC GAC GGT	INC AGA ATA G	TO AND GAD GAD	AGT CCA CAA coo	1188
Tyr Pro Asp Tyr Asp Gly I	·		cos ann aca	GAA
Tyr Pro Asp Tyr Asp Gly P	me Arg Ile Va	l Asn Asp Asp :	Ser Pro Glu Ala	C1
CTG ATA AGA GAA TAC GCG A	10 000		1233	242
CTG ATA AGA GAA TAC GCG A		C ACA GGT GAA G	AC ATA AGA GAA	CAC
Leu Ile Arg Glu Tyr Ala L	ys Leu Phe As	The Gly Glu a		
1/51 10/0				
ACC TGC TCT TTC ATC CTT CO	1269	1278	1287 1	200
	-A AAA GAC GGC	ATG GAG ATC A	A AAG ACC GTG	296 318
Thr Cym Ser Phe Ile Leu Pr	O Lys Asp Cl.		AA AAG ACC GTG (	
	3 - 1109 029	met Glu Ile L	s Lys Thr Val C	31u
1305 1314				
GIG ACC CCL CCL CLL LLC CY	C T1C 100 11-	ACG TTT GAA A	1341 13	50
Val Arg Ala Gly Val Dha				AA
Val Arg Ala Gly Val Phe As	P Tyr Ser Asn	Thr Phe Glu Ly	S Leu Ser Val D	 vc
1359 1360				
The case of the state of the st	1 11m /r/ 1m.		1395 14	04
11-1		and CAT CTC GG	A TAC GGA ATT T	<b>AC</b>
Val Glu Asp Leu Val Phe Glu	Asn Glu Ile	Glu His Leu Gl	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1413 1422			A TAL CIA IIE L	YΈ
GGC TTT GAT CTC GAC ACA ACC	1431	1440	1449 146	: 0
GGC TTT GAT CTC GAC ACA ACC	CGG ATC CCG	CAT GGA GAA CA!	GAA ATG TIC CI	T
Gly Phe Asp Leu Asp Thr Thr	Arg Ile Pro	Aca Class 51		•••
		was gra gra His	Glu Met Phe Le	N.
1467 1476	1485	1494	1503	
GAA GGC CAC TIT CAG GGA AAA	ACG GTG AAA	GAC TOTT ATTO	151	.2
Glu Gly His Phe Gla Gla face			GCG AAA GTG GT	G
Glu Gly His Phe Gln Gly Lys	Inr Val Lys	Asp Ser Ile Lys	Ala Lys Val Va	1
1571 1636				
AND WALK GOA CGG TAP CON		1548	1557 <sub>156</sub>	6
Asn Glu Ala Arg Tyr Val Leu		mer 111 466	TCT CCA GAA GA	G
Asn Glu Ala Arg Tyr Val Leu	Ala Glu Glu V	al Asp Phe Ser	Ser Dre Cl	-
1575 1504				
GTG AAA AAC TGG TGG AAC AGC	1593	1602	1611 1620	0
The second of the AGC	SUM ALC TOG (	CAG CCA GAG TTC	GGG TCA CCT GAG	- C
Val Lys Asn Trp Trp Asn Ser	Gly The Tra	11		-
_	··· ·	ALE GIU Phe	Gly Ser Pro Asi	,

Figure 110(Continued)

Thornotoga paritina β-mananapo (Continuod) (66).
ATT GAA TGG AAC GGT GAG GTG GGA AAT GGA GCA CTG CAG CTG AAC GTG AAA
Ile Glu Trp Asn Gly Glu Val Gly Asn Gly Ala Leu Gln Leu Asn Val Lys Leu
1683 1692 1701 1710 1719 1728 CCC GGA AAG AGC GAC TGG GAA GAA GTG AGA GTA GCA AGG AAG TTC GAA AGA CTC
Pro Gly Lys Ser Asp Trp Glu Glu Val Arg Val Ala Arg Lys Phe Glu Arg Lys
TCA GAA TOT GAG ATC CTC GAG TAC GAC ATC TAC ATT CCA AAC GTC GAG GGA CTC
Ser Glu Cys Glu Ile Leu Glu Tyr Asp Ile Tyr Ile Pro Asn Val Glu Gly Leu
1791 1800 1809 1818 1827 1836 AAG GGA AGG TTG AGG CCG TAC GCG GTT CTG AAC CCC GGC TGG GTG AAG ATA GGC
Lys Gly Arg Leu Arg Pro Tyr Ala Val Leu Asn Pro Gly Trp Val Lys Ile Gly
1845 1854 1863 1872 1881 1890 CTC GAC ATG AAC AAC GCG AAC GTC GAA AGT GCG GAG ATC ATC ACT TTC GGC GGA
Leu Asp Met Asn Asn Ala Asn Val Glu Ser Ala Glu Ile Ile Thr Phe Gly Gly
1899 1908 1917 1926 1935 1944 AAA GAG TAC AGA AGA TTC CAT GTA AGA ATT GAG TTC GAC AGA ACA GCG GGG GTG
Lys Glu Tyr Arg Arg Phe His Val Arg Ile Glu Pho Asp Arg Thr Ala Gly Val
1953 1962 1971 1980 1989 1998
AAA GAA CTT CAC ATA GGA GTT GTC GGT CAT CTG AGG TAC GAT GGA CCG ATT
Lys Glu Lau His Ile Gly Val Val Gly Asp His Leu Arg Tyr Asp Gly Pro Ile
2007 2015 2025
TTC ATC GAT AAT GTG AGA CTT TAT AAA AGA ACA GGA GGT ATG TGA 3
Phe Ile Asp Asn Val Arg Lau Tyr Lys Arg Thr Gly Gly Met ***

Figure 11d (Continued)

#### ARPII la β-mannosidase (63GB1)

9 18 27 36 45 54  5' ATG CTA CCA GAA GAG TTC CTA TGG GGC GTT GGG CAG TCA GGC TTT CAG TTC GAA  NOT LOU BYO CLU CL
Net Leu Pro Glu Glu Phe Leu Trp Gly Val Gly Gln Ser Gly Phe Gln Phe Glu
ATG GGC GAC AAG CTC AGG AGG CAC ATC GAT CCA AAT ACC GAC TGG TGG AAG TGG
Met Gly Asp Lys Leu Arg Arg His Ile Asp Pro Asn Thr Asp Trp Trp Lys Trp
GTT CGC GAT CCT TTC AAC ATA AAA AAG GAG CTT GTG AGT GGG GAC CTT CCC GAG
Val Arg Asp Pro Phe Asn Ile Lys Lys Glu Leu Val Ser Gly Asp Leu Pro Glu
GAC GGC ATC AAC AAC TAC GAA CTT TTT GAA AAC GAT CAC AAG CTC GCT AAA GGC
only lie Ash Ash Tyr Glu Leu Phe Glu Ash Asp Ris Lys Leu Ala Lys Gly
4.4.5
CTT GGA CTC AAC GCA TAC AGG ATT GGA ATA GAG TGG AGC AGA ATC TTT CCC TGG
Leu Gly Leu Asn Ala Tyr Arg Ile Gly Ile Glu Trp Ser Arg Ile Phe Pro Trp
279 288 297 306 315 324 CCG ACG TGG ACG GTC GAT ACC GAG GTC GAG TTC GAC ACT TAC GGT TTA GTA AAG
Pro Thr Trp Thr Val Asp The Classical
Pro Thr Trp Thr Val Asp Thr Glu Val Glu Phe Asp Thr Tyr Gly Leu Val Lys
GAC GTT AAG ATA GAC AAG TCC ACC CTT GCT GAA CTC GAC AGG CTG GCC AAC AAG
Asp Val Lys Ile Asp Lys Ser The Lou Man
Asp Val Lys Ile Asp Lys Ser Thr Leu Ala Glu Leu Asp Arg Leu Ala Asn Lys
GAG GAG GTA ATG TAC AGG CGC GTT ATT CAG CAT TTG AGG GAG CTC GGC TTC
Glu Glu Val Met Tyr Tyr Arg Arg Val Ile Gln His Leu Arg Glu Leu Gly Phe
AAG GTC TTC GTT AAC CTC AAC CAC TTC ACG CTT CCA ATA TGG CTC CAC GAC CCG
Lys Val Phe Val Asn Leu Asn His Phe Thr Leu Pro Ile Trp Leu His Asp Pro
ATA GTG GCA AGG GAG AAG GCC CTC ACA AAC GAC AGA ATC GCC TCC CTC ACA AAC GAC AGA ATC GCC TCC CTC CTC ACA AAC GAC AGA ATC GCC TCC CTC CTC CTC CTC CTC CTC CTC C
Ile Val Ala Arg Glu Lys Ala Leu Thr Asn Asp Arg Ile Gly Trp Val Ser Gln

Figure 12a

MOLI	<b>1</b> a	<b>β-</b> Εα <b>ααο</b> σ <b>ί&amp;</b> ασο	(63081)	(continued)
------	------------	---------------------------------------------	---------	-------------

		54			55	8		56	7		57	6		<b>.</b>			
λG	G AC	A CT	T GT	T GA	G TT	T GC	C AA	TA	T GC	T GC	T TA	O Caty	- 60	58 	) T CC	~ ~	594 C GGA
Ar	g Th	r Va	l Va	l Glu	ı Phe	e Ala	Lys	Ty	r Ala	a Ala	Ty	r Ile	: Ala	Hi.	s Al	a Le	u Gly
		60															
GA	CIN			C ACA	612	a Bacc	* ***	62	l -		630	)		63	9		648
																	648 CTC
Ası	Leu	. Val	LAs	Thr	Trp	Ser	Thr	Pho	Asn	Glu	Pro	Met	Val	Vel		- ~	Leu
													Val	V 44.2	Va.	GI	Leu
		657			666			675	i		684			693	ı		702
	TAC	: Crc	GCC	. ccc	TAC	TCA	CCY	TT	, ccc	CCG	GGA	GTC	ATG	AAC	ccc	GAC	702 GCC
	. *3*	. Desu	, Ala	PIO	lyr	ser	GIY	Pne	Pro	Pro	Gly	Val	Met	Asn	Pro	Glu	Ala
	•	711			720			729			738			747			
GCG	AAG	CIG	GCG	ATC	CTC	AAC	ATG	ATA	AAC	CCC	CAC	GCC	TIG	GCA	ጥልጥ	110	756
ATR	Lys	Leu	Ala	Ilo	Leu	yzn	Het	Ilo	<b>Z</b> BD	Ala	His	Ala	Leu	λla	Tyr	Lys	Met
		765			774			783									
ATA	AAG		TTC	GAC		AAG	AAG	(40	CAT	GNG	792	AGC	330	801			810
Ile	Lys	Arg	Pho	Двр	Thr	Lys	Lys	aللا	αzk	Glu	<b>Azp</b>	Ser	Lys	Ser	Pro	11a	7
													•				روسہ
للحلت	ccc	819	n ace	m1 c	828			837			846			855			864
			AII.	TAC	AAC	AAC	ATC	GGT	GTT	GCC	TAC	CCT	AAA	GAC	CCT	AAC	GAT
Val	Gly	Ilq	Ile	Tyr	Asn	Asn	Ilo	Glv	Val	Ala	~~~ ~~~	Pro	Laco				
								,			-,-	•••	wy s	ASP	rio	ASTI	ASD
		873			882			891			900			909			918
CCC	AAG	CAC	GTT	AAA	GCA	CCC	GAA	AAC	GAC	AAC	TAC	TTC	CAC	AGC	GGA	CTG	TTC
										~							
	272	ra p	741	Lys	WT 0	WTF	GTG.	ABR	ASP	Asn	TYX	Phe	His	Ser	Gly	Leu	Phe
		927			936			945			954			963			972
TTT	GAT	CCC	AŢC	CAC	AAG	CCT	AAG	CTC	AAC	ATA	GAG	TIC	GAC	GGC	GAA	110	न्यूयाः अस्य
rne	ASP	Ala	Ile	His	Lys	Gly	Lys	Leu	Asn	Ile	Glu	Phe .	Asp	Gly	Glu	Asn	Phe
		981			990			999					_				
GTA	AAA		AGA			AAA			GAC	TGG 1	800 ATA	GGC	~~~1	017	m) c	1	.026
Val	Lys	Val	Arg	His	Leu	Lys	Gly .	Asn	Asp	Trp	Ilo	Gly	Leu	Aen	Tyr	Tyr	Thr
												-		-	- 4 -	- 2 -	
CGC		.035 יישים	CTVP		044 ~~~	<b>TC</b> C	1	053		1	062		1	071		1	.080
									DAA	TTC	CCA	AGT .	ATA	ccc	CIC	ATA	TCC
Arg	Glu	Val	Val	Arg	Tyr	Ser	Glu	Pro	Lvs	 Phe	Pro	Ser	 Tlo	D			C
				-	-	_								FIG	PAR	770	26I

Figure 12b(Continued)

# APPII la $\beta$ -mannosidase (63031) (continued)

(continued)
1089 1098 1107 1116 1125 1134 TTC AAG GGC GTT CCC AAC TAC GGC TAC TCC TGC AGG CCC GGC ACG ACC TCC GCC Phe Lys Gly Val Broken
Phe Lys Gly Val Pro Asn Tyr Gly Tyr Ser Cys Arg Pro Gly Thr Thr Ser Ala
1143 1152 1161 1170 1179 1188 GAT GGC ATG CCC GTC AGC GAT ATC GGC TCC CAN TOTAL TOTA
GAT GGC ATG CCC GTC AGC GAT ATC GGC TGG GAA GTC TAT CCC CAG GGA ATC TAC Asp Gly Met Pro Val Ser Asp Ile Gly Trp Glu Val Tyr Pro Gln Gly Ile Tyr
GAC TCG ATA GTC GAG GCC ACC AAG TAC AGT GTT CCT GTT TAC GTC ACC GAG AAC
val Giu Ala Thr Lys Tyr Ser Val Pro Val Tyr Val Thr Giv
GGT GTT GCG GAT TCC GCG GAC ACG CTG AGG CCA TAC TAC ATA GTC ACG CTG
val Ala Asp Ser Ala Asp Thr Leu Arg Pro Tyr Tyr Ile Val Ser Mis West
TCA AAG ATA GAG GAA GCC ATT GAG AAT GGA TAC CCC GTA AAA GCC TAC ATT GAG AAT GGA TAC CCC GTA AAA GCC TAC ATT GAG AAT GGA TAC CCC GTA AAA GCC TAC ATT GAG ATT GAG ATT GAG TAC CCC GTA AAA GCC TAC ATT GAG ATT GAG ATT GAG TAC CCC GTA AAA GCC TAC ATT GAG ATT GAG TAC CCC GTA AAA GCC TAC ATT GAG TAC AT
Ser Lys Ile Glu Glu Ala Ile Glu Asn Gly Tyr Pro Val Lys Gly Tyr Met Tyr
1359 1368 1377 1386 1395 1404 TGG GCG CTT ACG GAT AAC TAC GAG TGG GCC CTC GGC TTC AGC ATG AGG TTT GGT
Trp Ala Leu Thr Asp Asn Tyr Glu Trp Ala Leu Gly Phe Ser Met Arg Phe Gly
1413 1422 1431 1440 1449 1458 CTC TAC AAG GTC GAC CTC ATC TCC AAG GAG AGG ATC CCG AGG GAG AGA AGC GTT
Leu Tyr Lys Val Asp Leu Ile Ser Lys Glu Arg Ile Pro Arg Glu Arg Ser Val
1467 1476 1485 1494 1503 1512 GAG ATA TAT CGC AGG ATA GTG CAG TCC AAC GGT GTT CCT AAG GAT ATC AAA GAG
Glu Ile Tyr Arg Arg Ile Val Gln Ser Asn Gly Val Pro Lys Asp Ile Lys Glu
4344 1530 3530
GAG TITC CITE ANG GGT GAG GAG ANA TGA 3'
Glu Phe Leu Lys Gly Glu Glu Lys ***

Figure 12C(Continued)

# OC1/4W Endoglacanono (33071)

5' ATG GTA GAA AGA CAC TT 127 36 45
THE AGA CAC THE AGA TAT GIT CIT ATT TGC ACC CITY TITY COM
Met Val Glu Arg His Phe Arg Tor Val Co.
Met Val Glu Arg His Phe Arg Tyr Val Leu Ile Cys Thr Leu Phe Leu Val Met
61 ma
CTC CTA ATC TCA TCC ACT CAG TGT GGA AAA AAT GAA CCA AAC AAA AGA GTG AAT
Leu Leu Ile Ser Ser Thr Gln Cys Gly Lys Asn Glu Pro Asn Lys Arg Val Asn
the cys diy Lys Asn Glu Pro Asn Lys Arg Val Asn
117 196
AGC ATG GAA CAG TCA GTT GCT GAA AGT GAT AGC AAC TCA GCA TTT GAA TAC AAC
Ser Met Glu Gln Ser Val Ala Glu Con 1
Ser Met Glu Gln Ser Val Ala Glu Ser Asp Ser Asn Ser Ala Phe Glu Tyr Asn
171 190
AAA ATG GTA GGT AAA GGA GTA AAT ATT GGA AAT GCT TTA GAA GCT CCT TTC GAA
Lys Met Val Gly Lys Gly Val Age The Gl
Lys Met Val Gly Lys Gly Val Asn Ile Gly Asn Ala Leu Glu Ala Pro Phe Glu
225 234 263 252 261 263
GGA GCT TGG GGA GTA AGA ATT GAG GAT GAA TAT TTT GAG ATA ATA
Gly Ala Trp Gly Val Arg Ile Glu Asp Clu Tyr Pho Glu Ile Ile Lys Lys Arg
279 288 297 306 315
GGA TTT GAT TCT GTT AGG ATT CCC ATA AGA TGG TCA GCA CAT ATA TCC GAA AAG
Gly Phe Asp Ser Val Arg Ile Pro Ile Arg Trp Ser Ala His Ile Ser Glu Lys
333 342 351 360 369 330
CCA CCA TAT GAT ATT GAC AGG AAT TTC CTC GAA AGA GTT AAC CAT GTT GTC GAT
Pro Pro Tyr Asp Ile Asp Arg Asn Phe Leu Glu Arg Val Asn His Val Val Asp
and the did Arg val Asn His Val Val Asp
387 396 405 414 623 432
AGG GCT CTT GAG AAT AAT TTA ACA GTA ATC ATC AAT ACG CAC CAT TTT GAA GAA
Arg Ala Leu Glu Asn Asn Leu Thr Val Ile Ile Asn Thr His His Phe Glu Glu
G61 450 459 468 477 486
CTC TAT CAA GAA CCG GAT AAA TAC GGC GAT GTT TTG GTG GAA ATT TGG AGA CAG
Leu Tyr Gln Glu Pro Asp Lys Tyr Gly Asp Val Leu Val Glu Ile Trp Arg Gln
495 504 513 522 531 540
ATT GCA ANA TTC TTT ANA GAT TAC CCG GAN ANT CTG TTC TTT GAN ATC TAC ANC
Ile Ala Lys Phe Phe Lys Asp Tyr Pro Glu Asn Leu Phe Phe Glu Ile Tyr Asn
The Phe Glu Ile Tyr Ash

Figure 130

OC1/4V Endoglucanase (33GP1) (continued)
549 558 567 576 585 585
GAG CCT GCT CAG AAC TTG ACA GCT GAA AAA TGG AAC GCA CTT TAT CCA AAA GTA
Glu Pro Ala Gln Asn Leu Thr Ala Glu Lyn Tra
603
CTC AAA CTT ATC ACC CAS 621 630 639 645
CTC AAA GTT ATC AGG GAG AGC AAT CCA ACC CGG ATT GTC ATT ATC GAT GCT CCA
Leu Lys Val Ile Arg Glu Ser Asn Pro Thr Arg Ile Val Ile Ile Asp Ala Pro
AAC TOG GCA CAC TAT ACC COL TO 684 693 702
AAC TGG GCA CAC TAT AGC GCA GTG AGA AGT CTA AAA TTA GTC AAC GAC AAA CGC
Asn Trp Ala His Tyr Ser Ala Val Arg Ser Leu Lys Leu Val Asn Asp Lys Arg
711 720 729 738 747 756
ATC ATT GTT TCC TTC CAT TAC TAC GAA CCT TTC AAA TTC ACA CAT CAG GGT GCC
Ile Ile Val Ser Phe His Tyr Tyr Glu Pro Phe Lys Phe Thr His Gln Gly Ala
765 774 783 792 801 810
GAN TGG GTT ANT CCC ATC CCA CCT GTT AGG GTT ANG TGG ANT GGC GAG GAN TGG
Glu Trp Val Asp Pro Ile Pro Pro Val
Glu Trp Val Asn Pro Ile Pro Pro Val Arg Val Lys Trp Asn Gly Glu Glu Trp
819 828 837 846 855 864
GAA ATT AAC CAA ATC AGA AGT CAT TIC AAA TAC CITC ACT CAG
Glu Tle Arn Cla Via Ann Cla Vi
Glu Ile Asn Gln Ile Arg Ser His Phe Lys Tyr Val Ser Asp Trp Ala Lys Gln
873 882 891 900 909
AAT AAC GTA CCA ATC TTT CTT GGT GAA TTC CCT CCT TAT TO 918
Asn Asn Val Pro I) a Pho Low Clared
Asn Asn Val Pro Ile Phe Leu Gly Glu Phe Gly Ala Tyr Ser Lys Ala Asp Met
927 936 945 054
GAC TCA AGG GTT AAG TGG ACC GAA AGT GTG AGA AGT GTG AGA
Asp Ser Ard Val Lys Tro The Gly Ser Miles
Asp Ser Arg Val Lys Trp Thr Glu Ser Val Arg Lys Met Ala Glu Glu Phe Gly
981 990 000
TTT TCA TAC GCG TAT TCG GAA TTTT TCG TAA TTTT TCG TAA TTTT TCA TAC TCG TAT TCG TAA TTTT TCG TAA TCG TAG TCG TAT TCG TCG TAT TCG TCG TCG TCG TCG TCG TCG TCG TCG TC
Phe Ser Tyr Ala Tyr Trp Glu Phe Cor Ala Tyr GGC ATA TAC GAT AGA TGG
Phe Ser Tyr Ala Tyr Trp Glu Phe Cys Ala Gly Phe Gly Ile Tyr Asp Arg Trp
1035 1044 1052
TCT CAA AAC TOG ATC GAA CCA TOG CC1 101 1062 1071 1080
Ser Gln Asn Trp Ile Glu Pro Leu Ala Than Ala Tha
Ser Gln Asn Trp Ile Glu Pro Leu Ala Thr Ala Val Val Gly Thr Gly Lys Glu
TAA 3
TAR J'
***

Figure 136(Continued)

## Thornotogo nositino Pullulandoo (6073)

9 18 27 36 45 5.  5' ATG GAT CTT ACA AAG GTG GGG ATC ATA GTG AGG CTG AAC GAG TGG CAG GCA AA.
Het Asp Leu Thr Lys Val Gly Ile Ile Val Arg Leu Ann Glu Trp Gln Ala Lys
GAC GTG GCA AAA GAC AGG TTC ATA GAG ATA AAA GAC GGA AAG GCT CAA
The Lys Asp Arg Phe Ile Clu Ile Lys Asp Cly Lys Ala Glu Val Tro
ATA CTC CAG GGA GTG GAA GAG ATT TTC TAC GAA AAA CCA GAC ACA TCT CCC AGA
Ile Leu Glm Gly Val Glu Glu Ilo Phe Tyr Glu Lys Pro Asp Thr Ser Pro Arg
1/! 100
ATC TTC TTC GCA CAG GCA AGG TCG AAC AAG GTG ATC GAG GCT TTT CTG ACC AAT
Ile Phe Phe Ala Gln Ala Arg Ser Asn Lys Val Ile Glu Ala Pho Leu Thr Asn
225 234 255
270 GAT ACG AAA AAG AAA GAA CTC TTC AAG GTT ACT GTT GAC GGA AAA CAC
Pro Val Asp Thr Lys Lys Lys Glu Leu Pha Lys Val Thr Val Asp Gly Lys Glu
279 200
THE TEN AGA GTG GAA AAG GCC GAT CCC ACG GAC ATA GAC GTG ACG AAG
Ile Pro Val Ser Arg Val Glu Lys Ala Asp Pro Thr Asp Ile Asp Val Thr Asn
333 342
TAC GTG AGA ATC GTC CTT TCT GAA TCC CTG AAA GAA GAA GAC CTC AGA AAA GAC
Tyr Val Arg Ile Val Lou Ser Glu Ser Leu Lys Glu Glu Asp Leu Arg Lys Asp
387 306
GTG GAA CTG ATC ATA GAA GGT TAC AAA CCG GCA AGA GTC ATC ATG ATG GAG ATC
Val Glu Leu Ile Ile Glu Gly Tyr Lys Pro Ala Arg Val Ile Met Met Glu Ile
961 460
CTG GAC GAC TAC TAT TAC GAT GGA GAG CTC GGA GCC GTA TAT TCT CCA GAG AAG
Leu Asp Asp Tyr Tyr Asp Gly Glu Leu Gly Ala Val Tyr Ser Pro Glu Lys
695 EA -
THE COLUMN TOT AND TOG GTA ANG GTG CITY CITY TO
Thr Ile Phe Arg Val Trp Ser Pro Val Ser Lys Trp Val Lys Val Leu Leu Phe

Figure 14a

	Thermotoga	maritima	Pullulanase	(6GP3) (CODE	-inuad)
	549				
XXX	AAC GGA GAA G	NC YCY GYY	567	576 5:	95 594
 				GTG AAC ATG G	AA TAC AAG GGA
Lys .	wan Gly Glu Y	sp Thr Glu I	Pro Tyr Glm Val	Val Asn Met Gl	u Tyr Lys Gly
	603	612			
	SC GTC TGG G	ery ece estat e	TT CAA GGC GAT	630 63 CTC GAC GGA GT	G TTC TAC CTC
Asn (	Sly Val Trp G	lu Ala Val v	al Clu clu		
	657		ar ord Gry Vab	Leu Asp Gly Va	l Phe Tyr Leu
TAT C	AG CTG GAA AA	666 C TAC CCA N	675	684 693	3 702
			ATC AGA ACA	ACC GTC GAT CCT	TAT TCG AAA
TyrG	ln Leu Glu As	n Tyr Gly Ly	/S Ile Arg Thr	Thr Val Asp Pro	
	711	720			
ece e	TT TAC GCA AA	ב אוכ כאו מי	729 G AGC GCC GTT	738 747 GTG AAT CTT GCC	756
Ala V	 1 Mar 11 - 1			ore war call ecc	YES YCY YYC
	TAL VIS VE	Asn Gln Gl	u Ser Ala Val	Val Asn Leu Ala	Arg Thr Asn
	765	774	222		
	la cga tgg gaj	ANC GAC AG	G GGA CCG AAA I	792 801 ATC GAA GGA TAC	810 GAA GAC GGG
Pro GI	u Gly Tro Glu	Asn Asn Ass			
			a ora are rad	ile Glu Gly Tyr	Glu Asp Ala
ATA AT	819 °C TAT GAN 272	828	837	846 855	864
			GAC ATC ACA C	HA6 855 FGA CTC GAA AAC	TCC GGG GTA
Ile Il	• Tyr Glu Ile	His Ile Ale	Asp Ile Thr G	ly Leu Glu Asn	Ser Cl. 11-3
	873	222			
AAA AA	C AAA GGC CTC	TAT CTC GG	91 9 STC ACC GAA G	00 909 AA AAC ACG AAA	918
LVS Ass					GCA CCG GGC
-,	. Dys Gly Leu	TAL Ten Cla	Leu Thr Glu G	lu Asn Thr Lys	Gly Pro Gly
	927	936	0.45		
GGT GT	ACA ACA GGC	CIT TOG CAC	CTT GTG GAA C	54 963 TC GGT GTT ACA	972 CAC GTT CAT
Gly Val	Thr Thr Gly	Leu Ser Hie	Ten Val Cl. :	eu Gly Val Thr	
			sed var Gid I'	au Gly Val Thr	His Val His
ATA CTT	981	990	999 100	08 1017	1026
		OAT TIC TAC	ACA GGC GAC G	08 1017 NA CTC GAT AAA	GAT TTC GAG
Ile Leu	Pro Phe Phe	Asp Phe Tyr	Thr Gly Asp G	lu Leu Asp Lys	 lan nt
	1035 1	044	1000		
AAG TAC	TAC AAC TGG	GGT TAC GAT	1053 10 <i>t</i>	1071 TC ATG GTT CCG (	1080
				C AIG CIT CCG (	GAG GGC AGA
ra lar	Tyr Asn Trp	Gly Tyr Asp	Pro Tyr Leu Pi	ne Met Val Pro	Glu Gly Ara

Figure 14b(Continued)

Thornotogo pariting Fellelaness (6673) (continued)

1089 1098 TAC TCA ACC GAT CCC AAA AAC CCA CAC ACG AGA ATC AGA GAA GTC AAA GAA ATG --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---Tyr Ser Thr Asp Pro Lys Asn Pro His Thr Arg Ile Arg Glu Val Lys Glu Met 1143 1152 GTC ANA GCC CTT CAC ANA CAC GGT ATA GGT GTG ATT ATG GAC ATG GTG TTC CCT Val Lys Ala Leu His Lys His Gly Ile Gly Val Ile Met Asp Met Val Phe Pro 1197 1206 CAC ACC TAC GGT ATA GGC GAA CTC TCT GCG TTC GAT CAG ACG GTG CCG TAC TAC --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---His Thr Tyr Gly Ile Gly Glu Leu Sor Ala Phe Aup Gln Thr Val Pro Tyr Tyr 1251 1260 TTC TAC AGA ATC GAC AAG ACA GGT GCC TAT TTG AAC GAA AGC GGA TGT GGT AAC Phe Tyr Arg Ile Asp Lys Thr Gly Ala Tyr Leu Asn Glu Ser Gly Cys Gly Asn 1305 1314 GTC ATC GCA AGC GAA AGA CCC ATG ATG AGA AAA TTC ATA GTC GAT ACC GTC ACC --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---Val Ile Ala Ser Glu Arg Pro Met Met Arg Lys Phe Ile Val Asp Thr Val Thr 1359 1368 TAC TGG GTA AAG GAG TAT CAC ATA GAC GGA TTC AGG TTC GAT CAG ATG GGT CTC --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---Tyr Trp Val Lyo Glu Tyr His Ilo Asp Gly Phe Arg Phe Asp Gln Het Gly Lou 1613 1422 ATC GAC AAA AAG ACA ATG CTC GAA GTC GAA AGA GCT CTT CAT AAA ATC GAT CCA Ile Asp Lys Lys Thr Mot Leu Glu Val Glu Arg Ala Leu His Lys Ile Asp Pro 1467 1476 ACT ATC ATT CTC TAC GGC GAA CCG TGG GGT GGA TGG GGA GCA CCG ATC AGG TTT 1485 --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---Thr Ile Ile Lau Tyr Gly Glu Pro Trp Gly Gly Trp Gly Ala Pro Ile Arg Phe 1521 1530 GGA AAG AGC GAT GTC GCC GGC ACA CAC GTG GCA GCT TTC AAC GAT GAG TTC AGA 1539 Gly Lys Ser Asp Val Ala Gly Thr His Val Ala Ala Phe Asn Asp Glu Phe Arg 1584 1575 GAC GCA ATA AGG GGT TCC GTG TTC AAC CCG AGC GTC AAG GGA TTC GTC ATG GGA 1593 Asp Ala Ile Arg Gly Ser Val Phe Asn Pro Ser Val Lys Gly Phe Val Met Gly

Figure 14C(Continued)

# Thermotoga maritima Pullulanase (6GP3) (continued)

- distinued (6GP3) (continued)
1629 1638 1647 1656 1665 1674
THE ARC AND ATC ANA AGG GGT GTT GTT GGA AGC ATA AND
Gly Tyr Gly Lys Glu Thr Lys Ile Lys Arg Gly Val Val Gly Ser Ile Asn Tyr
1683 1602
THE AND AND AGE THE GCC CIT GAT CCA GAA GAA ACT ATA ABC THE
Asp Gly Lys Leu Ile Lys Ser Phe Ala Leu Asp Pro Glu Glu Thr Ile Asn Tyr
1737 1746
GCA GCG TGT CAC GAC AAC CAC ACA CTG TGG GAC AAG AAC TAC CTT GCC GCC AAA
Ala Ala Cys His Asp Asn His Thr Leu Trp Asp Lys Asn Tyr Leu Ala Ala Lys
1701
GCT GAT AAG AAA AAG GAA TGG ACC GAA GAA GAA CTG AAA AAG GAA CTG
Ala Asp Lys Lys Glu Trp Thr Glu Glu Leu Lys Asn Ala Gln Lys Leu
1845
1845 1854 1863 1872 1881 1890 GOT GGT GCG ATA CTT CTC ACT TCT CAA GCT GTT CCT TTC CTC CAC GGA GGG CAG
Ala Gly Ma Tie Lou Lou
Ala Gly Ala Ile Leu Leu Thr Ser Gln Gly Val Pro Phe Leu His Gly Gly Gln
1899 1908 1917 1926 1935 1944
GAC TTC TGC AGG ACG AAT TTC AAC GAC AAC TCC TAC AAC GCC CCT ATC TCG
Asp Phe Cys Arg Thr Thr Asn Phe Asn Asp Asn Ser Tyr Asn Ala Pro Ile Ser
1953 1962 40
ATA AAC GGC TTC GAT TAC GAA AGA AAA CTT CAG TTC ATA CAT
Ile Asn Gly Phe Asp Tyr Gly Ass Tyr
Ile Asn Gly Phe Asp Tyr Glu Arg Lys Leu Gln Phe Ile Asp Val Phe Asn Tyr
2007 2016 2025 2034 2043 2052
CAC AAG GGT CTC ATA AAA CTC AGA AAA GAA CAC CCT GCT TTC AGG CTG AAA AAC
His Lys Gly Leu Ile Lys Leu Arg Lys Clu His Pro Ala Phe Arg Leu Lys Asn
2061 2070
GCT GAA GAG ATC AAA AAA CAC CTG GAA TTT CTC CCG GGC GGG AGA AGA ATA GTT
Ala Glu Glu Ile Lys Lys His Leu Glu Phe Leu Pro Gly Gly Arg Arg Ile Val
2115 2124 2133 2142 2151 2160
GCG TTC ATG CTT AAA GAC CAC GCA GGT GGT GAT CCC TGG AAA GAC ATC GTG GTG
Ala Phe Met Leu Lys Asp His Ala Gly Gly Asp Pro Trp Lys Asp Ile Val Val

Figure 14d(Continued)

# Thermotoga maritime Fullulanase (6GP3) (continued)

2169 2178 2187 2196 2205 2214
ATT TAC AAT GGA AAC TTA GAG AAG ACA ACA TAC AAA CTG CCA GAA GGA AAA TGG
TILE Tyr Asn Gly Asn Leu Glu Lys Thr Thr Tyr Lys Leu Pro Glu Gly Lys Trp

2223 2232 2241 2250 2259 2268

AAT GTG GTT GTG AAC AGC CAG AAA GCC GGA ACA GAA GTG ATA GAA ACC GTC GAA

Asn Val Val Val Asn Ser Gln Lys Ala Gly Thr Glu Val Ile Glu Thr Val Glu

GGA ACA ATA GAA CTC GAT CCG CTT TCC GCG TAC GTT CTG TAC AGA GAG TGA 3'
Cly Thr Ile Glu Leu Asp Pro Leu Ser Ala Tyr Val Leu Tyr Arg Glu \*\*\*

Figure 140(Continued)

Figure 15a Thermotoga maritima MSB8 (Clone # 6GP2) Glycosidase

CTT TTA TTG ATC GTT GAG CTC TCT TTC GTT CTC TTT GCA AGT GAC GAG TTC Leu Leu Leu Ile Val Glu Leu Ser Phe Val Leu Phe Ala Ser Asp Glu Phe

GTG AAA GTG GAA AAC GGA AAA TTC GCT CTG AAC GGA AAA GAA TTC AGA TTC Val Lys Val Glu Asn Gly Lys Phe Ala Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Phe Arg Phe

ATT GGA AGC AAC AAC TAC TAC ATG CAC TAC AAG AGC AAC GGA ATG ATA GAC Ile Gly Ser Asn Asn Tyr Tyr Met His Tyr Lys Ser Asn Gly Met Ile Asp

AGT GTT CTG GAG AGT GCC AGA GAC ATG GGT ATA AAG GTC CTC AGA ATC TGG Ser Val Leu Glu Ser Ala Arg Asp Met Gly Ile Lys Val Leu Arg Ile Trp

GGT TTC CTC GAC GGG GAG AGT TAC TGC AGA GAC AAG AAC ACC TAC ATG CAT Gly Phe Leu Asp Gly Glu Ser Tyr Cys Arg Asp Lys Asn Thr Tyr Met His

CCT GAG CCC GGT GTT TTC GGG GTG CCA GAA GGA ATA TCG AAC GCC CAG AGC Pro Glu Pro Gly Val Pro Gly Val Pro Gly Gly Ile Ser Asn Ala Gln Ser

GGT TTC GAA AGA CTC GAC TAC ACA GTT GCG AAA GCG AAA GAA CTC GGT ATA Gly Phe Glu Arg Leu Asp Tyr Thr Val Ala Lys Ala Lys Glu Leu Gly Ile

AAA CTT GTC ATT GTT CTT GTG AAC AGC TGG GAC GAC TTC GGT GGA ATG AAC Lys Leu Val lle Val Leu Val Asn Asn Trp Asp Asp Phe Gly Gly Met Asn

CAG TAC GTG AGG TGG TTT GGA GGA ACC CAT CAC GAC GAT TTC TAC AGA GAT Gln Tyr Val Arg Trp Phe Gly Gly Thr His His Asp Asp Phe Tyr Arg Asp

GAG AAG ATC AAA GAA GAG TAC AAA AAG TAC GTC TCC TTT CTC GTA AAC CAT Glu Lys Ile Lys Glu Glu Tyr Lys Lys Tyr Val Ser Phe Leu Val Asn His

GTC AAT ACC TAC ACG GGA GTT CCT TAC AGG GAA GAG CCC ACC ATC ATG GCC Val Asn Thr Tyr Thr Gly Val Pro Tyr Arg Glu Glu Pro Thr Ile Met Ala

TGG GAG CTT GCA AAC GAA CCG CGC TGT GAG ACG GAC AAA TCG GGG AAC ACG Trp Glu Leu Ala Asn Glu Pro Arg Cys Glu Thr Asp Lys Ser Gly Asn Thr

CTC GTT GAG TGG GTG AAG GAG ATG AGC TCC TAC ATA AAG AGT CTG GAT CCC Leu Val Glu Trp Val Lys Glu Met Ser Ser Tyr Ile Lys Ser Leu Asp Pro

AAC CAC CTC GTG GCT GTG GGG GAC GAA GGA TTC TTC AGC AAC TAC GAA GGA Asn His Leu Val Ala Val Gly Asp Glu Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Tyr Glu Gly

TTC AAA CCT TAC GGT GGA GAA GCC GAG TGG GCC TAC AAC GGC TGG TCC GGT Phe Lys Pro Tyr Gly Glu Ala Glu Trp Ala Tyr Asn Gly Trp ser Gly

GIT GAC TGG AAG AAG CTC CTT TCG ATA GAG ACG GTG GAC TTC GGC ACG TTC Val Asp Trp Lys Lys Leu Leu Ser Ile Glu Thr Val Asp Phe Gly Thr Phe

CAC CTC TAT CCG TCC CAC TGG GGT GTC AGT CCA GAG AAC TAT GCC CAG TGG His Leu Tyr Pro Ser His Trp Gly Val Ser Pro Glu Asn Tyr Ala Gln Trp

GGA GCG AAG TGG ATA GAA GAC CAC ATA AAG ATC GCA AAA GAG ATC GGA AAA Gly Ala Lys Trp Ile Glu Asp His Ile Lys Ile Ala Lys Glu Ile Gly Lys

CCC GTT GTT CTG GAA GAA TAT GGA ATT CCA AAG AGT GCG CCA GTT AAC AGA Pro Val Val Leu Glu Glu Tyr Gly Ile Pro Lys Ser Ala Pro Val Asn Arg

ACG GCC ATC TAC AGA CTC TGG AAC GAT CTG GTC TAC GAT CTC GGT GGA GAT Thr Ala Ile Tyr Arg Leu Trp Asn Asp Leu Val Tyr Asp Leu Gly Gly Asp

GGA GCG ATG TTC TGG ATG CTC GCG GGA ATC GGG GAA GGT TCG GAC AGA GAC Gly Ala Met Phe Trp Met Leu Ala Gly Ile Gly Glu Gly Ser Asp Arg Asp

GAG AGA GGG TAC TAT CCG GAC TAC GAC GGT TTC AGA ATA GTG AAC GAC GAC Glu Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Pro Asp Tyr Asp Gly Phe Arg Ile Val Asn Asp Asp

AGT CCA GAA GCG GAA CTG ATA AGA GAA TAC GCG AAG CTG TTC AAC ACA GGT Ser Pro Glu Ala Glu Leu Ile Arg Glu Tyr Ala Lys Leu Phe Asn Thr Gly

GAA GAC ATA AGA GAA GAC ACC TGC TCT TTC ATC CTT CCA AAA GAC GGC ATG Glu Asp Ile Arg Glu Asp Thr Cys Ser Phe Ile Leu Pro Lys Asp Gly Met

GAG ATC AAA AAG ACC GTG GAA GTG AGG GCT GGT GTT TTC GAC TAC AGC AAC

Figure 15b (continued)

Glu Ile Lys Lys Thr Val Glu Val Arg Ala Gly Val Phe Asp Tyr Ser Asn

ACG TTT GAA AAG TTG TCT GTC AAA GTC GAA GAT CTG GTT TTT GAA AAT GAG Thr Phe Glu Lys Leu Ser Val Lys Val Glu Asp Leu Val Phe Glu Asn Glu

ATA GAG CAT CTC GGA TAC GGA ATT TAC GGC TTT GAT CTC GAC ACA ACC CGG Ile Glu His Leu Gly Tyr Gly Ile Tyr Gly Phe Asp Leu Asp Thr Thr Arg

ATC CCG GAT GGA GAA CAT GAA ATG TTC CTT GAA GGC CAC TTT CAG GGA AAA Ile Pro Asp Gly Glu His Glu Met Phe Leu Glu Gly His Phe Gln Gly Lys

ACG GTG AAA GAC TCT ATC AAA GCG AAA GTG GTG AAC GAA GCA CGG TAC GTG Thr Val Lys Asp Ser Ile Lys Ala Lys Val Val Asn Glu Ala Arg Tyr Val

CTC GCA GAG GAA GTT GAT TTT TCC TCT CCA GAA GAG GTG AAA AAC TGG TGG Leu Ala Glu Glu Val Asp Phe Ser Ser Pro Glu Glu Val Lys Asn Trp Trp

AAC AGC GGA ACC TGG CAG GCA GAG TTC GGG TCA CCT GAC ATT GAA TGG AAC Asn Ser Gly Thr Trp Gln Ala Glu Phe Gly Ser Pro Asp Ile Glu Trp Asn

GGT GAG GTG GGA AAT GGA GCA CTG CAG CTG AAC GTG AAA CTG CCC GGA AAG Gly Glu Val Gly Asn Gly Ala Leu Gln Leu Asn Val Lys Leu Pro Gly Lys

AGC GAC TGG GAA GAA GTG AGA GTA GCA AGG AAG TTC GAA AGA CTC TCA GAA Ser Asp Trp Glu Glu Val Arg Val Ala Arg Lys Phe Glu Arg Leu Ser Glu

TGT GAG ATC CTC GAG TAC GAC ATC TAC ATT CCA AAC GTC GAG GGA CTC AAG Cys Glu Ile Leu Glu Tyr Asp Ile Tyr Ile Pro Asn Val Glu Gly Leu Lys

GGA AGG TTG AGG CCG TAC GCG GTT CTG AAC CCC GGC TGG GTG AAG ATA GGC Gly Arg Leu Arg Pro Tyr Ala Val Leu Asn Pro Gly Trp Val Lys Ile Gly

CTC GAC ATG AAC AAC GCG AAC GTG GAA AGT GCG GAG ATC ACT TTC GGC Leu Asp Met Asn Asn Ala Asn Val Glu Ser Ala Glu Ile Ile Thr Phe Gly

GGA AAA GAG TAC AGA AGA TTC CAT GTA AGA ATT GAG TTC GAC AGA ACA GCG Gly Lys Glu Tyr Arg Arg Phe His Val Arg Ile Glu Phe Asp Arg Thr Ala

Figure 15C(continued)

GGG GTG AAA GAA CTT CAC ATA GGA GTT GTC GGT GAT CAT CTG AGG TAC GAT Gly Val Lys Glu Leu His Ile Gly Val Val Gly Asp His Leu Arg Tyr Asp

GGA CCG ATT TTC ATC GAT AAT GTG AGA CTT TAT AAA AGA ACA GGA GGT ATG Gly Pro Ile Phe Ile Asp Asn Val Arg Leu Tyr Lys Arg Thr Gly Gly Met

TGA 1991

END

Figure 15d(continued)

WO 98/24799

## Figure No. 16/1 Thermotoga maritima MSB8 (6gb4)

	1 ATG	AA	A A	GA A	TC G	AC C	TG A	AT G	GT 7	· .	TCC 1									TTT TCG	
	1 Met	Ly	s Az	rg I	le A	sp L	eu A	sn G	lv	he n		4GC (	STT 1	AGG (	GAT ,	AAC (	SAA C	igg a	GA 1	TTT TCG he Ser	60
						-		0	-, .	116	irp s	er \	/al /	irg ;	sp /	Asn C	lu G	ly A	rg P	he Ser	20
6	1 TTT	GAZ	A GO	G Ar	~T G3	ra co	·														
2	l Phe	Glu	. G1	v Th	r Va	ים ני	-A GC		TT G	TC C	'AG G	CA G	AT C	TG G	TC A	GA A	AA G	GT C	TT C	TT CCA	120
				,			.0 61	y va	II V	al G	ln A	la A	sp L	eu V	al A	rg L	ys G	ly L	eu Le	TT CCA eu Pro	40
121																					
41	Hie	250	TA	- 1/-	T GG	G AT	G AA	C GA	A G	AT C	TC T	TC A	AG G	AA A	TA G	AA GJ	AC AC	A GA	G TO	G ATC	100
		710	Ly.	r va	I GI	у ме	t As	n Gl	u As	sp Le	eu Pl	ie L	/8 G	lu II	la G	lu As	p Ar	g Gl	u Tr	G ATC	180 60
701																					80
181 61	TAC	GAG	AGO	G GA	G TT	C GA	G TT	C AA	A GA	A GA	T GI	G AA	LA GA	G GG	G GA	VA CG	TGT	C GA	T ~	C GTT	
01	Tyr	GIU	Arg	g Gl	u Pho	e Glu	ı Phe	Ly:	s Gl	u As	p Va	1 Ly	s Gl	u Gl	y G1	u Ar	q Va	l As	n Tar	C GIT	240
																					80
241	TTT	GAG	GGC	GT	GAC	ACC	CTC	TCC	GA	T GT	T TA	T CT	g aa	C GG	T GT	ጥ ጥል	C CT+	r ca.		C ACC	
81	Phe (	Glu	Gly	Va]	Asp	Thr	Leu	Ser	As	p Va	1 Ty	r Le	u As	n Gl	v Va	l Tv	r ta		A AGO	ACC	300
																					100
301	GAA (	SAC	ATG	TTC	ATC	GAG	TAT	CGC	TTO	GA:	r Gr	C AC	מב ב	- GT(	3 July	c					
101	Glu ;	Asp	Met	Phe	Ile	Glu	Tyr	Arg	Phe	a Ası	o Val	L Th:	. Ası	ı Val	7.e	G AA	GA	AAG	TAA	CAC	350
																					120
361	CTG A	AG	GTG	TAC	ATA	AAA	TCT	CCC	ATO	AGA	GTT	ccc	: 222	, h (~1							•
121	Leu I	ys '	Val	Tyr	Ile	Lys	Ser	Pro	Ile	Arc	. Val	Pro	Lvs	The	La	GAG	CAG	AAC	TAC	GGG	420
										-			, -		Let.	ı GIU	Gin	Asn	Tyr	Gly	140
421	GTC C	TC (	GGC	GGT	CCT	GAA	GAT	CCC	ATC	aca	CCN	The contract of									
141	Val L	eu (	Gly	Gly	Pro	Glu	Asp	Pro	Ile	Ara	Glv	The	TIA	AGA	AAA	GCC	CAG	TAT	TCG	TAC	480
							-			5	,	-7-	116	Arg	Lys	Ala	Gln	Tyr	Ser	Tyr	160
481	GGA T	GG (	JAC	TGG	GGT	GCC	AGA	a TC	CTT	202											
161	GGA TO	rp #	\sp	Trp	Gly	Ala	Ara	Tle	Val	The	AGC	GGT	ATT	TGG -	AAA	CCC	GTC	TAC	CTC	GAG	540
				-	•		5		***	1111	261	GIŞ	ile	Trp	Lys	Pro	Val	Tyr	Leu	Glu	180
541	GTG T	AC A	AGG	GCA	CCT	ملمك	CNC	C3.m													
181	GTG T	yr A	irq	Ala	Ara	Leu	Cla	GAI	rca co-	ACG	GCT	TAT	CTG	TTG	GAA	CTT	GAG	GGG	AAA	GAT	600
	Val T		-			200	GIII	wsb	ser	rnr	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Glu	Leu	Glu	Gly	Lys	Asp	200
601	GCC CT	ריי ה	בירים	700	CTC																
201	GCC CT	eu V	al.	720	010	AAC	GGT	TTC	GTA	CAC	GGG	GAA	GGA	AAT	CTC	ATT	GTG	GAA	GTT	TAT	660
	Ala Le	,		719	Val	ASI	GIA	Phe	Val	His	Gly	Glu	Gly	Asn	Leu	Ile	Val	Glu	Val	Tyr	220
	GTA AZ Val As	.c G	1	GAA	AAG	ATA	GGG	GAG	TTT	CCT	GTT	CTT	GAA	AAG	AAC	GGA	GAA	AAG	стс	TTC	720
-	Val As	•11 6	тÀ	GT (I	ràs	Ile	Gly	Glu	Phe	Pro	Val	Leu	Glu	Lys	Asn	Gly	Glu	Lys	Leu	Phe	240
	GAT GO Asp Gl	A G	TG	TTC	CAC	CTG	AAA (	GAT	GTG	AAA	CTA	TGG	TAT	CCG	TGG	AAC	GTC	GGG	מממ	ccc	780
~7.	Asp Gl	y V	al	Phe	His	Leu	Lys .	Asp	Val	Lys	Leu	Trp	Tyr	Pro	Trp	Asn	Val	Glv	Lve	D*0	
															•			y	-,3	-10	260

840 280

781 TAC CTG TAC GAT TTG	
781 TAC CTG TAC GAT TTC GTT TTC GTG TTG AAA GAC TTA AAC GGA GAG ATC TAC AGA GAA (261 Tyr Leu Tyr Asp Phe Val Phe Val Leu Lys Aer Lou Asy Ct	300 040
261 Tyr Leu Tyr Asp Phe Val Phe Val Leu Lys Asp Leu Asn Gly Glu Ile Tyr Arg Glu C	3AA 840 Slu 280
841 AAG AAA ATC GGT TTG AGA AGA GTC AGA ATC GTT CAG GAG CCC GAT GAA GAA GGA AAA A 281 Lys Lys Ile Gly Leu Arg Arg Val Arg Ile Val Cla Cl	CT 900
281 Lys Lys Ile Gly Leu Arg Arg Val Arg Ile Val Gln Glu Pro Asp Glu Glu Gly Lys T	hr 300
901 TTC ATA TTC GAA ATC AAC GGT GAG AAA GTC TTC GCT AAG GGT GCT AAC TGG ATT CCC TC	ZA 960
301 Phe Ile Phe Glu Ile Asn Gly Glu Lys Val Phe Ala Lys Gly Ala Asn Trp Ile Pro Se	r 320
961 GAA AAC ATC CTC ACG TGG TTG ANG CAG CAA	
961 GAA AAC ATC CTC ACG TGG TTG AAG GAG GAA GAT TAC GAA AAG CTC GTC AAA ATG GCA AG 321 Glu Asn Ile Leu Thr Trp Leu Lys Glu Glu Asp Tyr Glu Lys Leu Val Lys Met Ala Arg	G 1020
Ala Arguer and Arguer	340
1021 AGT GCC AAT ATG AAC ATG CTC AGG GTC TGG GGA GGA GGA ATC TAC GAG AGA GAG ATC TTC	
341 Ser Ala Asn Met Asn Met Leu Arg Val Trp Gly Gly Gly Ile Tyr Glu Arg Glu Ile Phe	1080
1081 TAC AGA CTC TGT GAT GAA CTC GGT ATC ATG GTG TGG CAG GAT TTC ATG TAC GCG TGT CTT  361 Tyr Arg Leu Cys Asp Glu Leu Gly Ile Mer Val Typ Glass	
361 Tyr Arg Leu Cys Asp Glu Leu Gly Ile Met Val Trp Gln Asp Phe Met Tyr Ala Cys Leu	1140
	380
1141 GAA TAT CCG GAT CAT CTT CCG TGG TTC AGA AAA CTC GCG AAC GAA GAG GCA AGA AAG ATT	
381 Glu Tyr Pro Asp His Leu Pro Trp Phe Arg Lys Leu Ala Asn Glu Glu Ala Arg Lys Ile	1200
	400
THE MAN CIC AGA TAC CAT COO MEG TO THE TOTAL THE TAIL THE	1000
401 Val Arg Lys Leu Arg Tyr His Pro Ser Ile Val Leu Trp Cys Gly Asn Asn Glu Asn Asn	1260 420
1261 TGG GGA TTC GAT GAA TGG GGA AAT ATG GCC AGA AAA GTG GAT GGT ATC AAC CTC GGA AAC	1320
421 Trp Gly Phe Asp Glu Trp Gly Asn Met Ala Arg Lys Val Asp Gly Ile Asn Leu Gly Asn	440
1321 AGG CTC TAC CTC TTC GAT TTT CCT GAG ATT TCT CALL	
1321 AGG CTC TAC CTC TTC GAT TTT CCT GAG ATT TGT GCC GAA GAA GAC CCG TCC ACT CCC TAT 441 Arg Leu Tyr Leu Phe Asp Phe Pro Glu Ile Cys Ala Glu Glu Asp Pro Ser Thr Pro Tyr	1380
The Cya Ala Giu Asp Pro Ser Thr Pro Tyr	460
1381 TGG CCA TCC AGT CCA TAC GGC GGT GAA AAA GCG AAC AGC GAA AAG GAA GGA GAC AGG CAC 461 Trp Pro Ser Ser Pro Tyr Gly Gly Cly Lyr 13	
461 Trp Pro Ser Ser Pro Tyr Gly Gly Glu Lys Ala Asn Ser Glu Lys Glu Gly Asp Arg His	1440
	480
1441 GTC TGG TAC GTG TGG AGT GGC TGG ATG AAC TAC GAA AAC TAC GAA AAA GAC ACC GGA AGG 481 Val Trp Tyr Val Trp Ser Gly Trp Met Acc Tyr Cly T	
481 Val Trp Tyr Val Trp Ser Gly Trp Met Asn Tyr Glu Asn Tyr Glu Lys Asp Thr Gly Arg	1500
	500
1501 TTC ATC AGC GAG TTT GGA TTT CAG GGT GCT CCC CAT CCA GAG ACG ATA GAG TTC TTT TCA 501 Phe Ile Ser Glu Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Ala Pro Nic Day 21	
501 Phe Ile Ser Glu Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Ala Pro His Pro Glu Thr Ile Glu Phe Phe Ser	1560
	520
CCC GAG GAA AGA GAG ATA TTO CO-	1.620
521 Lys Pro Glu Glu Arg Glu Ile Phe His Pro Val Met Leu Lys His Asn Lys Gln Val Glu	1620 540
Figure 16b(continued)	340
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102	ني د	ŒΑ	CA	G	W,	IGA	TTC	AT:	CAG	C Trans	~													
54	1 G	ly	Glr	1 G1	u A	rq	Leu	714	e Ar	- Dh	- 71	A 11	C GG	A AA	TI	T GO	A A	AG T	GT A	AA (	<b>GAT</b>	TT	GAC	168
						•			- 111	9 F11	e 11	e Pn	e G1	y As	n Ph	e Gl	y Ly	s C	ys L	ys A	(sp	Phe	GAC Asp	56
168																								-
561			Db.		6 T	ΑT	CTG	TCC	CAC	CTO	C AA	CA	GCC	GA	GC	G AT	C AA	G TI	C G	er c	TT (	22.2	CAC	
			-116	Va	1 T	yr	Leu	Ser	Gln	Leu	ı Ası	ı Glr	Ala	Glu	ı Ala	G AT	e Lv	s Ph	e G1	· ·	-1 0		CAC	1740
																								580
1741	TG	G	GA	AG	a Ac	G .	AAG	TAC	AAA	ACG	GCC	. eec	CCT			TGG								
581	Tr	p A	ırg	Sei	Az	g I	Lys	Tvr	Lvs	Thr	A1.	. 00C	22-		TTC	TGG	CAC	TT	CAA	C G	AC A	GC	TGG	1800
						_		-1-	-, -	• • • • •	ALA	GIY	Ala	Leu	Phe	Trp	Glr	Ph	e As	n As	p S	er	Trp	600
1801	cco	3 6	TC	THE		~ =																		
601	Pro	יטנ	 al	Dha	. AG		GG	TCC	GCA	GTC	GAT	TAC	TTC	AAA	AGG	ccc	AAA	GCT	CT	C TA	C TI	٠ م	тат	1000
		•		FIIG	56	r 1	rp .	Ser	Ala	Val	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Lys	Arg	Pro	Lys	Ala	Let	ı Tv	r 175	,	****	1860
																		•						620
1861	GCG	A	GA .	AGA	TT	T	TC (	CT	GAA	GTT	CTA	CCC	GTT	TTG	DAG	AAG	B C B	~1~						
621	Ala	Aı	·g	Arg	Ph	P	he /	Ala	Glu	Val	Leu	Pro	Val	Leu	Laco	7	AGA	GAC	AAC	: AA	A AT	A C	3AA	1920
												-			<b>-</b>	Tys	Arg	Asp	Asn	Lys	; Il	e G	lu	640
1921	CTG	CI	'G (	TG	GGT		ac c	י מיםי	*~															
641	Leu	Le	u t	/al	Glv	. 61				JAG 1	GGA	GAC	AAA .	AGA .	AGT	CTC	TCT	CAG	GCT	TGC	AG	- c	TA	1980
*					,	0.		rg :	ser (	ilu (	Gly .	Asp	Lys .	Arg :	Ser :	Leu	Ser	Gln	Ala	Cys	Ser	- L	eu	660
1981																								
	CGA	GA	A G	AA	GGG	AC	АА	AA C	GT A	ATT (	GA A	AAA (	SAC 7	TA (	AG	AAC (	GT	АСТ	CCC	200				
00T	Arg	G1	u G	lu	Gly	Ar	g L	ys C	ly I	le A	lrg I	Lys 1	sp I	Leu (	iln j	Asn (	ilv	Thr	D=0	AGC	AGA	. C	3G	2040
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2041	TGT	GA	3 T	TT (	GGT	TG	A	205	5															
	Сув							685																•
					•																			

Figure 16 c(continued)

### Figure No. 12 Bankia gouldi (37gp4)

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	1	Met	Ly	s L	ys /	lsn :	Leu	Leu	Met	Phe	Ly	в А	rg 1	Leu	Thr	Tvr	L	P11 D	200 1		Db.		. A. A	IIG	CTG	
																•	_	•			FIIE	re	u M	et	Leu	2
6	1 (	CTC	TC	A C	TA A	GT 1	CA (	GTA	GCT	CAA	<b>∓</b> ~	r ~	יים יים	Th /	~ ~ ~			_								
2	1 1	eu	Se:	r L	eu S	er S	er v	Val.	Ala	Gln	Sar	. C.	1	11A (	JAA	AAA -	CA	T G	GC C	GT :	TTA	CA	A G	TT (	GAC	12
											561		. U V	aı (	JU.	Lys	Hi	s G	ly A	rg I	ren	Gli	n Va	al ,	4sp	4
12	1 0	459	אמ			~~ ~																				
4:	1 6	1 v	200		C A	TT C	TT A	LAT (	CG '	TCT	GGA	GA	A A	IT A	.CG /	AGC	TT.	A GO	T G	GT A	AC 2	AGC	: cī	C T	TT	180
	- `	+1	V21	I AL	9 1.	le L	eu A	sn /	la s	Ser	Gly	Gl	u I	le T	hr s	Ser	Le	u Al	a G	ly A	sn s	Ser	·Le	u P	he	60
181	LT	GG .	AGT	AA	T G	T G	GA G	AC A	.cc 1	cc (	GAT	TT	T TA	T A	AT G	CA	GAZ	A AC	T GT	ים ד	እጥ <b>ግ</b>					
61	. T	: ط	Ser	As	n Al	a G	ly A	sp T	hr s	er i	Asp	Phe	е Ту	r Ai	sn A	la	Glu	. Th	r Va	ו אור			117	A G	CA.	240
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241	G#	LA.	AAC	TG	ЗАА	TAC	C T	CA C	TT A	TT 2	an.	מדב	. cc	ጥ አባ											•	
81	G1	.u #	lsn	Tr	As C	n Se	r Se	er L	eu I	1 - 1	ra	710	י א	. M.			STA	. AA	A GA	A AA	T T	GG	GA?	GG	C	300
								_			<b></b> 9	110	. 1971	a me	E G.	ıy ı	/al	Lys	Gl:	u As	n T	rp	Asp	Gl	Y	100
301	GC	ם ב	ът	ccc																						
101	G1	 		C1.	. TA	T AT	T GA	AT AC	T C	CG C	AG	GAG	CAJ	GA	A GC	TA	LAA	ATT	' AG	AA A	A G	ΓT	ATT	GA	т	360
	-	7 ^	.511	GIY	ıy.	r Il	e As	p Se	r Pi	co G	ln (	Glu	Glr	2 G1	u Al	a L	ys	Ile	Arg	Ly	s Va	al	Ile	As	p	120
361	GC.	A G	CT	ATT	GC	T AA	C GG	C AT	A TA	T G	TA 2	ATA	ATA	GA	C TG	G C	AC	ACT	CAC	GA	A GC	. בי	G D G	املحك		
121	Al	A A	la	Ile	Ala	l Ası	a Gl	y Il	е ту	r Va	al:	lle	Ile	: Ası	Tr	ъΗ	is	Thr	His	رای د	. GC	~^ `	0AG	1 1 2 T ==		420
																•						.a. \	GIU	ret	1	140
421	TAC	CA	CA	GAT	GAG	GCT	GT	T GA	C TT	ייינ ידי	ביים		B.C.R	እ ጥረ												•
141	Туз	T	hr.	Asp	Glu	Ala	Va:	l As	n Ph			'h~	720	Man		A G	AC	CTA	TAC	GG.	A GA	T	CT	CCC	:	480
				_							•• •	***	Λīģ	Met	AI	a A	вр	Leu	Тут	Gly	' As	p 3	Chr	Pro	•	160
481	AAT	· G1	ר בי	יייני	ጥአጥ						•															
161	Asr	Vs	1 8	400	TAL	GAA	AT	TA:	r aa	C GA	G C	CI	ATA	TAC	CA	A AC	T	TGG	CCT	GTT	AT	T A	LAG	AAT	•	540
				16.5	ıyr	Glu	116	з Ту	As	n Gl	u P	ro	Ile	Tyr	Gli	ı Se	er '	Trp	Pro	Val	. Il	e L	ys	Asn		180
541	TAT	GC	A	AG	CAA	GTA	ATI	GC	GG	r at	A C	GT	TCT	AAA	GAC	cc	CA (	GAT	AAT	TTA	AT	A A	ጥተ	CTA		600
181	Tyr	Al	.a. (	ilu	Gln	Val	Ile	: Ala	Gly	/ Il	e A	rg	Ser	Lys	Asp	Pr	· 0	Asp	Asn	Leu	Th	 P T	1	V=1		200
																		•						141		200
01	GGT	AC	TA	GC	AAT	TAT	TCT	CAC	CAZ	GT	T G.	AT (	GTA	GCA	מיים											
01	Gly	Th	r s	er	naA	Tyr	Ser	Glr	Glr	. Va	1 A	RD 1	Val	Ala	104		.A. (	JAC	CCA	ATA	TC	r G	AT	ACT		660
						-								VIG	261	AL	.a /	<b>ksp</b>	Pro	Ile	Se	C A	sp	Thr		220
61	AAT	GT	G G	CA	ጥልጥ	س د	Tree -	<u></u>	-																	
21	Asn	۷a	- 0 1 A	l a	Tur	ACT	Tan	CAT	TTT	TA'	T G	CA (	GCA	TTT	AAC	CC	G	CAT	GAT	AAC	TT	A A	GA .	AAT		720
		-			* Y L	Thr	rea	Hls	Phe	Ту	r A	la i	Ala	Phe	Asn	Pr	o i	lis	Asp	Asn	Let	. A	rg .	Asn		240
21									•																	
21	GTA	GC.	A C	AG	ACA	GCA	TTA	GAT	AAT	AA:	r G	TT (	CT	TTG	TTT	GT	T A	CA	GAA	TGG	GC1	מי	<b>~</b> >	ስ ጉጥ		780
41	val	Al	a G	ln	Thr	Ala	Leu	Asp	Asn	Ası	n Va	11 /	Ala	Leu	Phe	Va	1 1	hr	Glu	Tro	G1.	, A	un i	T14		260
																					~~ }			* * 4		200

781 TTA AAT ACC GGA CAA GGA GAA CCA GAC AAA GAA AGC ACT AAT ACT TGG ATG GCC TTT TTG 84	^
261 Leu Asn Thr Gly Gln Gly Glu Pro Asp Lys Glu Ser Thr Asn Thr Trp Met Ala Phe Leu 28	
	•
841 AAA GAA AAA GGT ATA AGT CAC GCT AAT TGG TCT TTG AGT GAC AAA GCT TTT CCT GAA ACA 900	
The Det Led Ser Asp Lys Ala Phe Dro Clu my	
901 GGG TCT GTA GTT CAA GCA GGA CAA GGT GTA TCT GGT TTA ATT AGC AAT AAA CTT ACA GCC 960	
301 Gly Ser Val Val Gln Ala Gly Gln Gly Val Ser Gly Leu Ile Ser Asn Lys Leu Thr Ala 320	
961 TCT GGT GAA ATT GTA AAA AAC ATC ATC CAA AAC TGG GAT ACA GAG ACC TCT ACA GGA CCT 1020	
321 Ser Gly Glu Ile Val Lys Asn Ile Ile Gla Res GAT ACA GAG ACC TCT ACA GGA CCT 1020	
321 Ser Gly Glu Ile Val Lys Asn Ile Ile Gln Asn Trp Asp Thr Glu Thr Ser Thr Gly Pro 340	
1021 AAA ACA ACA CAA TGT AGT ACT ATA GAA TGT ATT AGA GCT GCA ATG GAA ACA GCA CAA GCA 1080	
341 Lys Thr Thr Gln Cys Ser Thr Ile Glu Cys Ile Arg Ala Ala Met Glu Thr Ala Gln Ala 360	
1081 GGA GAT GAA ATT ATA ATT GCC CCT GGA AAC TAC AAT TTT CAA GAC AAG ATA CAA GGT GCC 1140	
ASA PAG GIR ASD LVS TIA CIR ON THE	
1341 Trom and	
1141 TTT AAC CGT AGT GTT TAC CTT TAT GGT AGT GCT AAC GGA AAC AGT ACA AAC CCT ATT ATA 1200	
381 Phe Asn Arg Ser Val Tyr Leu Tyr Gly Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Thr Asn Pro Ile Ile 400	
·	
1201 TTA AGA GGC GAA AGC GCT ACA AAC CCT CCT GTT TTC TCA GGA TTA GAT TAT AAC AAT GGC 1260	
401 Leu Arg Gly Glu Ser Ala Thr Asn Pro Pro Val Phe Ser Gly Leu Asp Tyr Asn Asn Gly 420	
1261 TAC CTA TTA AGT ATT GAA GGT GAT TAT TGG AAT ATT AAA GAT ATA GAG TTT AAA ACT GGG 1320	
421 Tyr Leu Leu Ser Ile Glu Gly Asp Tyr Trp Asn Ile Lys Asp Ile Glu Phe Lys Thr Gly 440	
12 Lys Asp Ile Glu Phe Lys Thr Gly 440	
1321 TCT AAA GGT ATT GTT CTT GAC AAT TCT AND GGG	
1321 TCT AAA GGT ATT GTT CTT GAC AAT TCT AAT GGT AGT AAA TTA AAA AAC CTT GTT GTT CAT 1380	
441 Ser Lys Gly Ile Val Leu Asp Asn Ser Asn Gly Ser Lys Leu Lys Asn Leu Val Val His 460	
1381 GAT ATT GGA GAA GAA GCT ATT CAC TTG CGT GAT GGA TCT AGC AAT AAT AGT ATA GAT GGT 1440	
461 Amp Ile Gly Glu Glu Ala Ile His Leu Arg Amp Gly Ser Ser Am Am Ser Ile Amp Gly 480	
1441 TGC ACT ATA TAC AAT ACA GGT AGA ACT AAA CCT GGT TTT GGT GAA GGT TTA TAT GTA GGC 1500	
- 70 flo dly phe Gly Gly for more trans-	
THE GAL AAA GGA CAA CAT GAC ACT TAT CAA ACT	
And Cys Ash Ash Ash The The The The The The The The The Th	
1561 TGT ACC GTT GGA CCC AAT GTA ACA GCA GAA GGC GTA GAT GTT AAG GAA GGT ACA ATG AAC 1620  521 Cys Thr Val Gly Pro Asn Val Thr Ala Gly Gly Val Acc Val	
521 Cys Thr Val Gly Pro Asn Val Thr Ala Glu Gly Val Asp Val Lys Glu Gly Thr Met Asn 540	
The GIU GIV Val Ash Wal Time	

Figure 17b(continued)

1621 ACT ATT ATA AGA ART TOG CTG	
1621 ACT ATT ATA AGA AAT TGC GTG TTT TCT GCA GAA GGA ATT TCA GGA GAA AAT AGC TCA GAT 541 Thr lie lie Arg Asn Cys Val Phe Ser Ala Clu Gla at	1680
541 Thr Ile Ile Arg Asn Cys Val Phe Ser Ala Glu Gly Ile Ser Gly Glu Asn Ser Ser Asp	560
·	
1681 GCT TTT ATT GAT TTA AAA GGA GCC TAT GGT TTT GTA TAC AGA AAC ACG TTT AAT GTT GAT	1740
561 Ala Phe Ile Asp Leu Lys Gly Ala Tyr Gly Phe Val Tyr Arg Asn Thr Phe Asn Val Asp	580
1741 GGT TCT GAA GTA ATA AAT ACT GGA GTA GAC TTT TTA GAT AGA GGT ACA GGA TTT AAT ACA	1800
581 Gly Ser Glu Val Ile Asn Thr Gly Val Asp Phe Leu Asp Arg Gly Thr Gly Phe Asn Thr	600
1801 GGT TTT AGA AAT GCA ATA TTT GAA AAT ACA TAT AAC CTT GGC AGT AGA GCT TCA GAA ATT	1860
601 Gly Phe Arg Asn Ala Ile Phe Glu Asn Thr Tyr Asn Leu Gly Ser Arg Ala Ser Glu Ile	620
·	
1861 TCA ACT GCT CGT AAA AAA CAA GGT TCT CCT GAA CAA ACT CAC GTT TGG GAT AAT ATT AGA 621 Ser Thr Ala Arg Lys Lys Gln Gly Ser Pro Glu Gln Thr His Val Trp Asp Asn Ile Arg	1920
of Sel Plo Gid Gin Thr His Val Trp Asp Asn Ile Arg	640
1921 AAC CCT AAT TCT GTT GAT TTT CCA ATA ACT CAT	
1921 AAC CCT AAT TCT GTT GAT TTT CCA ATA AGT GAT GGT ACA GAA AAT CTA GTA AAT AAA TTC 641 Asn Pro Asn Ser Val Asp Phe Pro Ile Ser Asp Gly Thr Glu Asn Leu Val Asn Lys Phe	1980
Ash Leu Val Ash Lys Phe	660
1981 TGC CCA GAT TGG AAT ATA GAA CCA TGT AAT CCT GTA GAC GAA ACC AAC CAA GCA CCT ACA	
661 Cys Pro Asp Trp Asn Ile Glu Pro Cys Asn Pro Val Asp Glu Thr Asn Gln Ala Pro Thr	2040
	680
2041 ATA AGC TTC CTA TCT CCT GTT AAC AAT ATT ACT TTA GTT GAA GGT TAT AAT TTA CAA GTT	
681 Ile Ser Phe Leu Ser Pro Val Asn Asn Ile Thr Leu Val Glu Gly Tyr Asn Leu Gln Val	2100
	700
2101 GAA GTT AAT GCT ACT GAT GCA GAT GGA ACT ATT GAT AAT GTA AAA CTT TAT ATA GAT AAC	
and Asp Gly Thr Ile Asp Asn Val Lys Lou Ton	2160
•	720
2161 AAT TTA GTT AGG CAA ATA AAT TCT ACT TCA TAT AAA TGG GGC CAT TCT GAT TCT CCA AAT 2	
and the Ser Tyr Lys Tro Gly His Cor has a	220
	740
2221 ACA GAT GAA CTT AAT GGT CTT ACA GAA GGA ACT TAT ACC TTA AAA GCA ATT GCA ACT GAT 2	200
bed int Giu Gly Thr Tyr Thr Leu Live Ala Tia	280 760
·	
2281 AAC GAC GGG GCT TCT ACA GAA ACG CAA TTT ACG TTA ACT GTA ATA ACA GAA CAA AGT CCG 2	340
The The Cl. at	780
2341 TCT GAG AAT TGT GAC TTT AAT ACA CCT TCT TCA ACT GGT TTA GAA GAT TTT GAC ATT AAA 24	400
The Fig Ser Ser Thr Gly Leu Gly her by	800
2401 AAG TTT TCT AAC GTT TTT GAG TTA GGA TCT GGC GGA CCA TCT TTA AGT AAT TTA AAA ACA 24	160
Figure 174(continued)	
S Tracconcinued)	

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246	l T	T A	CT ,	ATT	AAT	TGG	AA:	r TC	G CJ	LA T	AC :	מ מ מ	ccc	~		_								A AAG	
82	L Pł	e T	12 1	le.	Asn	Trp	Ası	1 Se:	r Gl	n Ti	/r 2	ven vvi	Glar	TTA	TA.	TC	AA :	TTT	TC	K A	A A	AC	AC/	A AAG	2520
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2521	AA	C GO	T G	TA (	CT	GAT	TAT	TAT	` AT	ממ ב	т т	- T													
841	As	n Gl	y V	al I	Pro	Asp	Tyr	Tyr	111	e As	n 1.	4M .	AAA Lug	CCA	AA2	A AI	TA	CC	TTT	CA	G T	rr 1	<b>LAA</b>	AAT Asn	2580
							-	•					Lys	PEO	Lys	; Il	e T	hr.	Phe	Glı	1 P)	le I	уys	Asn	860
2581	CC	A AA	T C	⊇A. G	AA .	ATA	TCT	ATT	AGC	• 44 •	T 80														•
861	Ala	As	a Pr	:0 G	lu :	Ile	Ser	Ile	Ser	Ası	 1 Se	er I	en 1	ATT	CCT	AA	T T	rr c	AT	GGI	' GA	TT	AÇ	TGG	2640
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2641	GTA	AC	ŢC	A G	AT A	VAC .	GGT	AAT Asn	TTT	GTG	: ar	· ·	<b>73 ~</b>												
881	Val	Thr	Se	r A	sp A	lsn (	Gly	Asn	Phe	Val	Me	t V	al c	er i	AAA	ACI	' AA	TA	AT	TTT	ACC	G A	ΓA	TAC	2700
																									900
2701	TTT	AGT	AA:	T GA	C G	CT 3	ACT (	GCT	CCT	ATT	TG	r az	ים יוי	ת ידייד		~~~		_							
901	Phe	Ser	Asr	ı As	рA	la T	hr i	Ala :	Pro	Ile	Cys	As	n V	יו דופ	hr.	CCT CCT	AG:	r aj	AC (	CAA	ATA	AG	T ?	LAA	2760
																									920
2761	ATT Ile	ACT	GAT	GA	T T	CT A	GT :	TT A	LAT	TTT	AAG	- CT	T TE	ر		` ` `									
921	Ile	Thr	Asp	As	p Se	er s	er I	le A	sn	Phe	Lys	Le	u Ty	r P	ro z	7 d b	CCI	GC	TI	TA ·	GAC	GA.	A A	CT	2820
																						Glu	T	nr	940
2821	ATT Ile	TTT	GTG	AG	GC	TG	AA G	AT G	AA A	AAA	CTA	GC:	T TT	G G1	rg c	ماسي	CT ×								
941	Ile	Phe	Val	Sez	. Al	a G	lu A	sp G	lu 1	ys :	Leu	Ala	a Le	u Va	il L	eu	Va)	D74	A G						
																			-	3	56				

Figure 17d(continued)

### Figure No. 180 Pyrococcus furiosus VC1(7EG1)

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lead	er	seç	nend	e: .	amino	aci	.ds 1	-24									
5' A	.TG	AG Se:	C AA	9 G Al S Ly	A AA 's Ly	G TT	8 C GT e Va	C AT	יר פידי	?7 "A To l Se	T AT	3 CC TT e Le	A AT	C CI e Le	15 T T7 u Le	[A G] ≘u Va	54 TA CAG
G(	CA .a	ATA Ile	6: TAT	r TT	T GT# e Val	7: A GAA Glu	. AAG	TAT	e: CAT	- AC	C TC	90 GAG r Glu	AAC	9: F TC! Ser	9 \ AC' Th:	T TC	108 A AAT r Asn
AC	c :	TCA	117 . TCT	ACA	CCA	126 CCC	CAA	ACA	135	Corpor	maa	144		153			162 GATT
AG	\ T	'AC	171 CCT	GAT	GAC Asp	180 GGT	GAG	TGG	189 CCA	GGA	CCT	198		207			216
		;	225			234			243			252		261			

GGG AAC CCA GAA TTC TAC ATT GAA ATA AAC CTA TGG AAC ATT CTT AAT GCT ACT Gly Asn Pro Glu Phe Tyr Ile Glu Ile Asn Leu Trp Asn Ile Leu Asn Ala Thr

GGA TTT GCT GAG ATG ACG TAC AAT TTA ACC AGC GGC GTC CTT CAC TAC GTC CAA Gly Phe Ala Glu Met Thr Tyr Asn Leu Thr Ser Gly Val Leu His Tyr Val Gln

333 342 351 360 369 378
CAA CTT GAC AAC ATT GTC TTG AGG GAT AGA AGT AAT TGG GTG CAT GGA TAC CCC
Gln Leu Asp Asn Ile Val Leu Arg Asp Arg Ser Asn Trp Val His Gly Tyr Pro

387 396 405 414 423 433 GAA ATA TTC TAT GGA AAC CCA TGG AAT GCA AAC TAC GCA ACT GAT GGC CCA Glu Ile Phe Tyr Gly Asn Lys Pro Trp Asn Ala Asn Tyr Ala Thr Asp Gly Pro

ATA CCA TTA CCC AGT AAA GTT TCA AAC CTA ACA GAC TTC TAT CTA ACA ATC TCC Ile Pro Leu Pro Ser Lys Val Ser Asn Leu Thr Asp Phe Tyr Leu Thr Ile Ser

TAT AAA CTT GAG CCC AAG AAC GGC CTG CCA ATT AAC TTC GCA ATA GAA TCC TGG
Tyr Lys Leu Glu Pro Lys Asn Gly Leu Pro Ile Asn Phe Ala Ile Glu Ser Trp

549 558 567 576 585 594

TTA ACG AGA GAA GCT TGG AGA ACA ACA GGA ATT AAC AGC GAT GAG CAA GAA GTA

Leu Thr Arg Glu Ala Trp Arg Thr Thr Gly Ile Asn Ser Asp Glu Gln Glu Val

603 612 621 630 639 648

ATG ATA TGG ATT TAC TAT GAC GGA TTA CAA CCG GCT GGC TCC AAA GTT AAG GAG

Met Ile Trp Ile Tyr Tyr Asp Gly Leu Gln Pro Ala Gly Ser Lys Val Lys Glu

ATT GTA GTC CCA ATA ATA GTT AAC GGA ACA CCA GTA AAT GCT ACA TTT GAA GTA Ile Val Val Pro Ile Ile Val Asn Gly Thr Pro Val Asn Ala Thr Phe Glu Val

TIL 720 729 738 747 756

TGG AAG GCA AAC ATT GGT TGG GAG TAT GTT GCA TTT AGA ATA AAG ACC CCA ATC

Trp Lys Ala Asn Ile Gly Trp Glu Tyr Val Ala Phe Arg Ile Lys Thr Pro Ile

765 774 783 792 801 810AAA GAG GGA ACA GTG ACA ATT CCA TAC GGA GCA TTT ATA AGT GTT GCA GCC AAC

Lys Glu Gly Thr Val Thr lle Pro Tyr Gly Ala Phe Ile Ser Val Ala Ala Asn

819 828 837 846 855 864
ATT TCA AGC TTA CCA AAT TAC ACA GAA CTT TAC TTA GAG GAC GTG GAG ATT GGA
Ile Ser Ser Leu Pro Asn Tyr Thr Glu Leu Tyr Leu Glu Asp Val Glu Ile Gly

873 882 891 900 909 918

ACT GAG TIT GGA ACG CCA AGC ACT ACC TCC GCC CAC CTA GAG TGG TGG ATC ACA

Thr Glu Phe Gly Thr Pro Ser Thr Thr Ser Ala His Leu Glu Trp Trp Ile Thr

927 936 945 954

AAC ATA ACA CTA ACT CCT CTA GAT AGA CCT CTT ATT TCC TAA 3'

Asn Ile Thr Leu Thr Pro Leu Asp Arg Pro Leu Ile Ser \*

Figure 18b(continued)

### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US97/22623

A. CL	ASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER		
IPC(6)	:C07H 21/04; C12N 1/20, 1/14, 5/00, 9/38, 9/42	2: C08B 30/04	
US CL	:435/207, 209, 252.3, 254.11, 274, 275, 320.1,	325; 536/23.2	· /·
According	g to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to be	oth national classification and IPC	`
B. FIE	ELDS SEARCHED		
Minimum	documentation searched (classification system followed)	wed by classification symbols)	
ł	435/207, 209, 252.3, 254.11, 274, 275, 320.1, 33		
		L, JJ0/23.2	•
Documenta	ation searched other than minimum documentation to t	he extent that such documents are include	d in the fields seconded
		the state story documents are menuge	o in the neigs scarened
Electronic	data base consulted during the international search (	name of data base and subsequential	1
	ee Extra Sheet.	name of data base and, where practical	ie, search terms used)
Ficale Se	ee extra sheet.		
			•
C. DOC	CUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	T	
			Y
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where a	appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	GRABNITZ et al. Structure of the	R-Glucosidasa Gana hal A of	1-3, 5
	Clostridium thermocellum: Sequence A	nalysis Payants a Sunarfamily	species II
A	of Cellulases and β-Glycosidases Include	ding Human I actors/Dhlariain	species ii
	Hydrolase. Eur. J. Biochem. Septem		4 6 11
	pages 301-309, see entire document.	der 1991, voi. 200, No. 2,	4, 6-11
	pages 301-309, see entire document.		
x	VOODIIODOT et al Chamatanianiani		
Λ	VOORHORST et al. Characterization	of the cell Gene Coding for	1-3, 5
	β-Glucosidase from the Hyperthermo		species I and III
<b>A</b> .	furiosus and Its Expression and Site-Dia		
	coli. J. Bacteriol. December 1995, Vo	ol. 177, No. 24, pages 7105-	4, 6-11
ŀ	7111, see entire document.		
	•		
l			
f			
Furth	er documents are listed in the continuation of Box (	See patent family annex.	
• Sp∞	ocial categories of cited documents:	*T* later document published after the into	enational filing date or priority
A" doc	rumont defining the general state of the art which is not considered	date and not in conflict with the appli the principle or theory underlying the	cation but cited to understand
	bo of particular relevance	"X" document of particular relevance; the	1
	lier document published on or after the international filing date	considered novel or cannot be consider	
orte	at to establish the publication date of another citation or other cital reason (as specified)		
•	• • • •	considered to involve an inventive	step when the document is
med	nument referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other	combined with one or more other such being obvious to a person skilled in the	
P doc	nument published prior to the international filing date but later than priority date claimed	*&* document member of the same patent	family
	actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international sea	arch report
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	nailing address of the ISA/US ner of Patents and Trademarks	Authorized officer	uh
Box PCT	L. D.C. 20231	LISA J. HOBBS, PH.D.	104/
Facsimile No		Telephone No. (703) 308-0196	Gir 1
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### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US97/22623

1 11 (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
This international report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
Claims Nos.:  because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
Claims Nos.:  because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:
Claims Nos.:  because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
Please See Extra Sheet.
J
1
1. As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. X As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:  1-11, species I-III
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:
Remark on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
Remark on Protest  The additional search lees were accompanied by the approximation of additional search fees.  No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

Form PCT/ISA/210 (continuation of first sheet(1))(July 1992)\*

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### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US97/22623

### **B. FIELDS SEARCHED**

Electronic data bases consulted (Name of data base and where practicable terms used):

APS and STN (Bioscience and Patent Indexes): Desulfurococc##, Staphylotherm##, Thermatoga, galactosidase#, glucosidase#, beta glucosidase#, Genbank, EMBL, ESTs1-4, STS, N-Geneseq: Seq. ID Nos.: 1-3 and A-Geneseq, PIR, Swissprot: Seq ID Nos.: 15-17.

BOX II. OBSERVATIONS WHERE UNITY OF INVENTION WAS LACKING This ISA found multiple inventions as follows:

This application contains claims directed to more than one species of the generic invention. These species are deemed to lack Unity of Invention because they are not so linked as to form a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1. The species are as follows: there are 18 distinct enzymes disclosed in the description, as enumerated in Figs. 1-18 and Table 1.

The claims are deemed to correspond to the species listed above in the following manner: while all the claims form one Group for examination, each of the claims is generic to the 18 enzyme species disclosed.

The species listed above do not relate to a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, the species lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: each enzyme is a different product, thus has the special technical feature of the recited enzyme, which the other species lack.

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